

### SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

# 2022

BIOGAS



### INALCA Group Sustainability Report 2022

Prepared in accordance with the GRI-STANDARDS

#### **INALCA GROUP**

Sustainability Report 2022

#### Index

#### Letter from the Founder

Methodological note

#### 1. GROUP'S IDENTITY

- 1.1 The values and roots of the Group
- 1.2 Our history
- 1.3 Corporate structure
- 1.4 INALCA Group's business model
- 1.5 The Group in Italy
- 1.6 The Group in the world 1.7 INALCA's Model in Poland, Russia and Africa

#### 2. SUSTAINABILITY FOR INALCA

- 2.1 The 4 sustainability pillars of INALCA
- 2.2 Listening to stakeholders
- 2.3 Materiality analysis
- 2.4 Material topics for INALCA and areas of deve
- 2.5 Sustainability goals and objectives

#### 3. GOVERNANCE

- 3.1 Corporate governance and organisational mo
- 3.2 Company policies and Codes of conduct
- 3.3 Risk management activities
- 3.4 Fiscal transparency

#### 4. ENVIRONMENT

- 4.1 INALCA's commitment
- 4.2 Cogeneration, photovoltaic and self-generation
- 4.3 Regeneration of waste and food by-products
- 4.4 Reducing the carbon footprint
- 4.5 Water recovery and reuse
- 4.6 Packaging and subsidiary material: reduction
- 4.7 Reduction, recovery and recycling of waste

#### 5. SOCIAL

- 5.1 Group's people
- 5.2 Fair work and economic development
- 5.3 INALCA and trade Associations and organisat
- 5.4 INALCA and local communities
- 5.5 Health and well-being "One health"
- 5.6 Focus on breeding farms
- 5.7 Restocking of southern Italy's bovine heritage

#### 6. BRANDS AND PRODUCTS

- 6.1 The Brands of the Group
- 6.2 Responsible communication to consumers a
- 6.3 Quality, food safety and responsible commun
- 6.4 Integrated bovine supply chain
- 6.5 Integrated pork supply chain
- 6.6 Fiorani, a virtuous path from the supply chair
- 6.7 Consumption models: INALCA's commitment
- 6.8 Partnerships for research and innovation

#### 7. VALUE DISTRIBUTION AND SUSTAINABLE

- 7.1 Economic performance
- 7.2 Sustainable supply chain

#### ATTACHMENTS

- Certifications
- Human Resources Health & Safety Environmental aspects Supply Chain GRI Content Index

	1
	2
	4
	6
	8 10
	12 14
	16
	18 <b>22</b>
	24
	26
elopment	28 30
	36
	38
nodel	40 42
	44 50
	50
	54
tion of energy s	56 60
2	62
n, recovery and recycling	66 68
	70
	<b>72</b> 74
	76
ations	78 80
	86
ge	90 92
	94
and customers	96 98
unication	106
	108 109
in to the consumer	110
nt towards responsible communic	112 autori 112
SUPPLY CHAIN	116
	118 120
	120 127
	128
	130 139
	140
	151 154



### Letter from the Founder

Dear members, collaborators and partners,

In 2022, with the pandemic having ended, a return to normality and an economic recovery was expected, but no one could predict the breaking out of new global crisis due to the war in Ukraine, with all that is still entailing. Raw material and energy costs, already increasing because of the world economy's post-Covid recovery, have spiralled out of control, with inevitably strong negative business impacts, especially on margins. Despite these exogenous difficulties, INALCA has fully confirmed the validity and resilience of its business model, achieving robust growth, both in terms of value and volumes.

The business model is fully sustainable: INALCA has developed a systemic approach to the world of meat which has permitted it to create an innovative and intelligent network of production plants capable of generating maximum value and the highest hierarchy of use, systematically privileging usage for food and human health. This productive ecosystem, capable through innovative transformation processes of modifying any scrap of waste or by-product, is the basis of the company's sustainable development: it contributes to the global demand for food safety and represents, at the same time, an effective response to vital questions raised by climate change

I would like to remind you that along this path INALCA has progressively integrated its processes, both vertically - from breeding to the finished product - and horizontally, integrating itself into the surrounding area with other stakeholders and developing forms of industrial symbiosis with them in the various product use sectors. Far beyond the traditional meat product, which in any case represents INALCA's historical roots, today the circular bioeconomy model adopted by the company allows it to range in all related sectors, such as biomedical, animal feed, fertilisers, pet food as well as bioenergy.

The 2022 Sustainability Report, which we present here, offers an effective summary of the results of this commitment. Among the significant innovations related to the previous edition, I would like to underline the full operationality of the Biorg plant, the JV created with Hera Ambiente to produce biomethane from organic waste and agri-food waste also deriving from meat processing waste.

Another significant step forward, a project disclosed in 2021, was the creation and commercialisation to large-scale distribution of the Fiorani-branded line of certified pork products from the Animal Welfare Chain, comprising also of information to the consumer to help them make more informed and responsible choices.

Finally, among the various research initiatives developed in collaboration with institutions and academic entities, the important challenge of the NP Sustainable Fertiliser Project was concluded in the context of Smart Agrifood and the European Green Deal, which involved companies and universities with support from the community body EIT FOOD. The goal achieved is to transform end beef processing waste into new organic fertilisers, in an exemplary circular economy cycle.

2023, is the 60th anniversary of INALCA's foundation. All anniversaries must serve to look forward: the food sector faces major challenges, first of all that of feeding globally ever more people in a sustainable manner, offering quality products that are environmentally respectful.

Luigi Cremonini Founder

### //

# Methodological note

This Sustainability Report, the INALCA Group's ninth, refers to the period 1st January – 31st December 2022 and was prepared in compliance with the "Global Reporting Initiative Sustainability Reporting Standards" defined by the GRI - Global Reporting Initiative, according to the option "In accordance".

The Group's Sustainability Report is subjected to a limited examination ("limited assurance engagement" according to the criteria indicated by the ISAE 3000 Revised principle) by Deloitte & Touche S.p.A. The Report is published annually.

The selection of the aspects and indicators useful for defining the reported contents was carried out through the materiality analysis, considering the impacts and the related relevant issues for the INALCA Group and its stakeholders; for details on the materiality analysis conducted by the Group, see chapter 2 - "Sustainability for INALCA".

In drafting the Sustainability Report, INALCA has adopted the following territorial geographical classification in which the Group is present with production plants, logistic infrastructures and commercial offices: Italy, Europe, Africa, Asia, Australia and America. The geographical aggregation identifies the macro-regions in which the historical progression of INALCA has developed most according to its business model. The reporting perimeter of the economic-financial data and information corresponds to that of the Consolidated Financial Statements as at 31st December 2022, of the INALCA Group. The perimeter of the data and information relating to human resources is made up of the consolidated companies using the line-by-line method within the Consolidated Financial Statements, while the perimeter of the data and information relating to health and safety includes all the companies in the Consolidated Financial Statements excluding 12 companies.\*

The environmental data and information include 35 companies of which: 11 production, 4 breeding farms, 18 distribution platforms, 1 agricultural waste recovery plant and 1 fat-to-energy power plant. The perimeter of environmental data and information does not include 15 Group companies<sup>\*</sup> made up mostly of distribution platforms and commercial offices (4 service companies, 3 distribution centres, 4 production companies, 3 livestock trading companies and 1 of animal feedstuffs) as they are not considered significant with respect to the environmental impacts.

The comparative data relating to the 2021 financial year are shown in this document where available. During the 2022 financial year, with reference to significant changes that occurred in the reporting period considered, the changes that occurred in the scope of consolidation are reported below.

Companies that have left the scope of consolidation:

- IF&B Thailand Ltd.
- Fratelli d'Italia SA de CV
- Inalca F&B Holding
- IF&B North America
- Inalca F&B Hong Kong Holding LTD
- Inalca F&B Beijing

The following legal entities are also excluded from the scope of consolidation, the activities of which are in any case transferred to other companies included in the scope of consolidation following a merger or sale of a business unit: Itaus PTY., IF&B Queensland Ltd., Parma Capel and Mille Flavors Gdansk SP Zoo. New fully consolidated subsidiaries:

- Company Agr. La Torre a r.l.
- Tecnovit s.r.l.

From the end of October 2022, INALCA S.p.A. is wholly controlled by Cremonini S.p.A. following the repurchase of the minority stake, corresponding to 28.4%, which had been owned since 2014 by IQ Made in Italy Investment Company S.p.A. (IQMIIIC), a vehicle company held equally by Cassa Depositi e Prestiti and by the Qatar sovereign wealth fund. It should also be noted that no significant changes have occurred in the supply chain. To ensure data reliability, the use of estimates has been limited as much as possible, which, if present, are appropriately reported and based on the best methodologies available.



\*For specific details concerning excluded societies, please consult the chart at pages 10-11.

SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

# 1. Group's identity

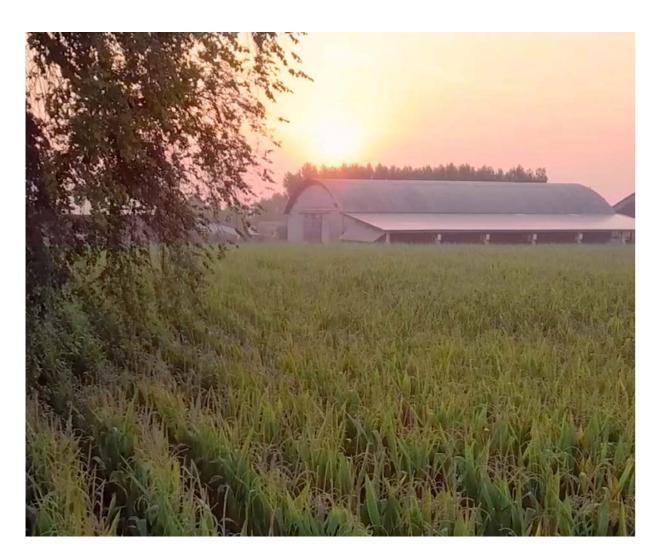


### 1.1 The values and roots of the Group

The founding principle of the INALCA Group is identified in the millenary Italian agricultural tradition that inspires and supports its development model. In fact, the company recognises itself in the heritage of values linked to an agricultural civilisation and the social and cultural value that the land and food have always constituted for the Italian nation. In this scenario, INALCA is focused on creating an increasingly integrated and sustainable beef supply chain, particularly attentive to the social context, environmental protection and the demands of the agricultural world.

These issues have entered directly into the value chain of the company and represent its competitive and identity levers.

The success of the company derives from the ability to combine efficiency and economic results, which guarantee growth and employment, along the entire supply chain, with a close link to the territory in which the company operates, also contributing to the global challenge of producing food, accessible and safe for all.



6



This is my land. From here everything originated. We are all children of the

Corticella - Spilamberto Farm (MO)

### 1.2 Our history Continuous growth since 1963

1963	YEAR OF FOUNDATION of IN.AL.CA (Industria Alimentare Carni - Food Meat Industry), Castelvetro di Modena (MO)	<b>2009</b> Agreement with McD for the production at
1969	— Expansion of the Castelvetro plant: 1,000 head per week	• Acquisition of the plant in Capo d'Orla • Inauguration of a modern hamburger
1971	— Acquisition of the Corticella Farm - Spilamberto (MO)	<b>2012</b> Inalca Food & Beverage (IF&B) is born: spe Made in Italy products
1976 1981	Acquisition of the Montorsi cured meat factory in Mirandola (MO)	2013 The Cremonini Group celebrates 50 years
1982	Beginning of commercial activities with Russia	<b>2014</b> Inauguration of the integrated slaughter a
1982	Expansion of the Castelvetro plant: 3,000 head per week	2015
	Burghy is born, the first Italian fast-food chain	INALCA is the protagonist at Expo 2015, wi
1986	— Acquisition of the Icar plant in Rieti	• Acquisition of the historic Manzotin br • Acquisition of Unipeg, the second larg
1990	Acquisition of the historic Montana brand	<b>2017</b> INALCA and CDP announce a letter of inter
1999	INALCA is the first company in Italy to have a meat traceability system	of the food industry in Angola (CNA)
2001	<ul> <li>Inauguration of the Ospedaletto Lodigiano plant: the largest in Europe</li> </ul>	<b>2018</b> Evaluated the environmental impact of Mo
	Construction of a distribution platform in Russia	<b>2019</b> Agreement with the Russian sovereign fun
2002	Acquisition of the Ibis cured meat plant in Busseto (PR) and the plant in Postalesio (SO) for bresaola	bovine breeding farms in Russia
2004	<ul> <li>Inauguration of the plant in Avellino (AV)</li> </ul>	Acquisition of Calstelfrigo in Castelnuovo F INALCA becomes 5th player in the Italian p
2006	— Opening of the first plant in Africa in Luanda (Angola)	<b>2021</b> Opening of a new cured meat slicing plant
		<b>2022</b> Meat production activity has started in Ina



slaughterhouse in Sochocin, Poland



- n and supply of hamburgers in Russia
- Orlando (ME) rger production plant in Moscow
- specialised in the international distribution of
- ars since INALCA's foundation
- er and deboning plant in Russia Orenburg
- 5, with a large stand in the "Cibus è Italia" pavilion
- n brand largest Italian group in the beef sector
- intent for the development
- f Montana Frozen Hamburgers (EPD): 1° in Italy
- fund RDIF for the construction of
- vo Rangone (MO): an pork sector
- lant in New Jersey USA
- Meat production activity has started in Inalca's brand new and ultra-modern

### <sup>1.3</sup> Corporate structure

SARA S.r.lVia Spilamberto, SOC - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)FIORANI&C.Via Federico Coppalati, 52, 29122 PiacenzaTREERRE FOOD S.R.L.Via 1 Maggio, 21B - Gerenzago (PV)TECNO-STAR DUE S.r.l.Via dei Marmorari, 88 - Spilamberto MOSOCIETÀ AGRICOLA CORTICELLA S.r.l.Via Corticella, 15 - Spilamberto (MO)GUARDAMIGLIO S.r.IVia Coppalati , 52 - Piacenza (PC)INALCA FOOD & BEVERAGEVia Modena, 53 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)CREMOVIT S.R.L.Castelvetro di Modena (MOCASTELFRIGO LV S.R.L.Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)REALBEEF S.r.ILocalità Tierzi, Zona Asi - Flumeri (AV)PARMA SERV S.r.I.Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)	LIST OF GROUP COMPANIES INCLUDED	IN THE SUSTAINABILITY REPORT
INALCA (INDUSTRIA ALIMENTARI CARNI S.p.A.       Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         ITALIA ALIMENTARI S.p.A       Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         SARA S.r.I       Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         FIORANISC,       Via Encopa, 14 - Bussetio (PR)         GES CAR S.r.I       Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         FIORANISC,       Via I Maggio, 218 - Gerenzago (PV)         TREERRE FOOD S.R.L.       Via 1 Maggio, 218 - Gerenzago (PV)         SOCIETÀ AGRICOLA CORTICELLA S.r.I.       Via dei Marmoran; 88 - Spilamberto (MO)         GUARDAMIGLIO S.r.I       Via dordena S.S Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         CREMOVIT S.R.L.       Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         CREMOVIT S.R.L.       Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         CASTELPRICO LV S.R.L.       Via Savador Allende, 6 - Castelnuova Rangone (MO)         RALBEER S.r.J.       Località Tierzi, Zona Asi - Flumeri (AY)         PARMA SERV S.r.I.       Vi. I Mari - Pometaro, 6 - Noceto (PR)         INA TEN S.r.I.       Via Zarotto, 86 - Parma         MCELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.       Str. dei Taglio, 6 - Parma         MCELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.       Strada Boccalina, 1 - 46048 Roverbella (MN)         EUROPEAN UNION       Ma Talercio, 3 - Martova (MN)         MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMEH       Kirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - Germania </th <th>Company</th> <th>Legal head office</th>	Company	Legal head office
ITALIA ALIMENTARI S.p.AVia Europa, 14 - Busseto (PR)GES.CAR S.r.IVia Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)SARA S.r.IVia Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)FIORANISC.Via Federico Coppalati, 52, 29122 PiacenzaTREERRE FOOD S.R.L.Via 1 Maggio, 218 - Gerenzago (PV)TECNO-STAR DUE S.r.I.Via dei Marmorari, 88 - Spilamberto MOGOLETA AGRICOLA CORTICELLA S.r.I.Via Coppalati, 52, Piacenza (PC)GUARDAMIGLIO S.r.I.Via Coppalati, 52 - Piacenza (PC)GUARDAMIGLIO S.r.I.Via Coppalati, 52 - Piacenza (PC)GUARDAMIGLIO S.r.I.Via Coppalati, 52 - Piacenza (PC)GUARDAMIGLIO S.r.I.Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)CREMOVIT S.R.L.Castelvetro di Modena (MOCASTELFRICO LV S.R.L.Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)REALBEEF S.r.I.Località Tierzi, Zona AsI - Fiumeri (AV)PARMA SERV S.r.I.V. I. Mari - Pontearo, 6 - Noceto (PR)DOLFEN S.r.I.Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)DOLFEN S.r.I.Via Jarotto, 86 - ParmaUNITEA S.r.I.Sir del Taglio, 6 - ParmaUNITEA S.r.I.Sir del Taglio, 6 - ParmaUNITEA S.r.I.Sir del Taglio, 6 - ParmaUNITEA S.r.I.Strada Boccalina, 1 - 46048 Roverbella (MN)EUROPEAN UNIONEUROPEAN UNIONCOMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACIONCamino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal - La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerfie - SpagnaMONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBHKirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - GermaniaCAMLOY MIESNE SOCH Sp.Z.o.o.Jana Pavala	ITALY	
GES.CAR S.r.I.Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)SARA S.r.I.Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)FIORANI&C.Via Federico Coppalati, 52, 29122 PiacenzaTREERRE FOOD S.R.L.Via 1 Maggio, 218 - Gerenzago (PV)TECNO-STAR DUE S.r.I.Via dei Marmorari, 88 - Spilamberto (MO)SOCIETÀ AGRICOLA CORTICELLA S.r.I.Via Corpialati, 52 - Piacenza (PC)INALCA FOOD & BEVERAGEVia Corpialati, 52 - Piacenza (PC)INALCA FOOD & BEVERAGEVia Modena, 53 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)CASTELFRIGO US S.R.L.Castelvetro di Modena (MOCASTELFRIGO US S.R.L.Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)REALBEEF S.r.ILocalità Tierzi, Zona Asi - Flumeri (AV)PARMA SERV S.r.I.V. I. Mari - Pontetaro, 6 - Noceto (PR)INA TEN S.r.I.Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)IA TEN S.r.I.Via Salvadorio, 6 - ParmaUNITEA S.r.I.Via Torotto, 86 - ParmaUNITEA S.r.I.Via Tadiercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)LA TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.L.Via Crosonton 04, - 37063 stola Della Scala, (VR)TECNOVIT S.r.I.Strada Boccalina, 1 - 46048 Roverbella (MN)EUROVIT S.r.I.Strada Boccalina, 1 - 46048 Roverbella (MN)EUROVIT S.R.L.Castel ParmaUNITEA S.O.Jana Pavla IIn. 80, Varsavia, PoloniaCOMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACIONCamine Real de la Oratava, 215, El Hortigal -La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - SpagnaMONTANA ALIMENTA ELLI S.L.Calle Herraje Sr/N Neve 29, Sector P3 Notre Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119 Alguirres Las Palmas Spagna </td <td>INALCA INDUSTRIA ALIMENTARI CARNI S.p.A.</td> <td>Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)</td>	INALCA INDUSTRIA ALIMENTARI CARNI S.p.A.	Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)
SARA S.r.I.       Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         FIORANI&C.       Via Federico Coppalati, 52, 29122 Piacenza         TREERE FOOD S.R.L.       Via 1 Maggio, 21B - Gerenzago (PV)         ECNO-STAR DUE S.r.I.       Via do Marmorari, 88 - Spilamberto MO         SOCIETÀ AGRICOLA CORTICELLA S.r.I.       Via Corpalati, 52 - Piacenza (PC)         INALCA FOOD & BEVERAGE       Via Modena, 53 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         CREMOVIT S.R.L.       Castelvetro di Modena (MO         CASTELFRIGO LV S.R.L.       Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         REALBEEF S.r.I       Località Tierzi, Zona Asi - Flumeri (AV)         PARMA SERV S.r.I.       V. L. Mari - Hornetaro, 6 - Noceto (PR)         INA TEN S.r.I.       Via Zarotto, 86 - Parma         MACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.       Str. del Taglio, 6 - Parma         MACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.       Str. del Taglio, 6 - Parma         MACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.       Str. del Taglio, 6 - Parma         MACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.       Str. del Taglio, 6 - Parma         MACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.       Str. del Taglio, 6 - Parma         MACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.       Str. del Taglio, 6 - Parma         MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBH       Kirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - Germania         ZAKLADY MIESNE SOCH Sp.Z.o.o.       Jana Pawla II n. 80, Varsavia, Polonia         COMIT COM.	ITALIA ALIMENTARI S.p.A	Via Europa, 14 - Busseto (PR)
FIORANISC.       Via Federico Coppalati, 52, 29122 Piacenza         TREERRE FOOD S.R.L.       Via 1 Maggio, 21B - Gerenzago (PV)         TECON-STAR DUE S.r.I.       Via dei Marmorari, 88 - Spilamberto MO         SOCIETÀ AGRICOLA CORTICELLA S.r.I.       Via Corticella, 15 - Spilamberto (MO)         GUARDAMIGLIO S.r.I       Via Corticella, 15 - Spilamberto (MO)         INALCA FOOD & BEVERAGE       Via Modena, 53 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         CREMOVIT S.R.L.       Castelvetro di Modena (MO         CASTELFRIGO IV S.R.L.       Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         REALBEEF S.r.I       Località Tierzi, Zona Asi - Flumerí (AV)         PARMA SERV S.r.I.       V. I. Mari - Pontetaro, 6 - Noceto (PR)         INA TEN S.r.I.       Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         DUFEN S.r.I.       Via Caronoti, 66 - Parma         UNITEA S.r.I.       Via Talercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)         LA TORE SOC, AGR. CONSORTILE A R.L.       Via Crosoncino 4, -37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)         EUROPEAN UNION       EUROPEAN UNION         MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBH       Kirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - Germania         ZAKLADY MIESNE SOCH Sp.Z.o.o.       Jana Pawla II n. 80, Varsavia, Polonia         COMIT COM, ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACION       Camino Real de la Oratava, 215, El Hortigal-La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - Spagna         MCIELE SAPORI PLU	•	Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)
TREERRE FOOD S.R.L.       Via 1 Maggio, 218 - Gerenzago (PV)         TECNO-STAR DUE S.r.I.       Via dei Marmorari, 88 - Spilamberto MO         SOCIETÀ AGRICOLA CORTICELLA S.r.I.       Via Corticella, 15 - Spilamberto (MO)         GUARDAMIGLIO S.r.I       Via Corpatel, 52 - Piacenza (PC)         INALCA FOOD & BEVERAGE       Via Modena, 53 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         CASTELFRIGO LV S.R.L.       Castelvetro di Modena (MO         CASTELFRIGO LV S.R.L.       Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         REALBEET S.r.I       Località Tierzi, Zona Ad-I - Flumeri (AV)         PARMA SERV S.r.I.       Vi. Mari - Pontetaro, 6 - Noceto (PR)         INA TEN S.r.I.       Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         DOLFEN S.r.I.       Via Zarotto, 86 - Parma         UNITEA S.r.I.       Via Taliercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)         LA TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.L.       Via Crosoncino 4, - 37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)         EUROPEAN UNION       EUROPEAN UNION         MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBH       Kirschstrasse 20 8099 - Monaco - Germania         COMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACION       Camino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal-La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - Spagna         MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBH       Kirschstrasse 20 8099 - Monaco - Germania         COMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACION       Camino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal-La Laguna Snata Cruz de Te	SARA S.r.I	Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)
TECNO-STAR DUE S.r.l.       Via del Marmorari, 88 - Spilamberto MO         SOCIETÀ AGRICOLA CORTICELLA S.r.l.       Via Corticella, 15 - Spilamberto (MO)         GUARDAMIGLIO S.r.l       Via Coppalati, 52 - Piacenza (PC)         INALCA FOOD & BEVERAGE       Via Modena, 53 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         CREMOVIT S.R.L.       Castelvetro di Modena (MO         CASTELFRIGO LV S.R.L.       Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         REALBEEF S.r.l       Località Tierzi, Zona ASI - Flumeri (AV)         PARMA SERV S.r.l.       V. I. Mari - Pontetaro, 6 - Noceto (PR)         INA TEN S.r.l.       Via Zarotto, 86 - Parma         UNITEA S.r.l.       Via Taliercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)         DL TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.L       Via Taliercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)         LA TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.L       Via Crosoncino 4, - 37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR) <b>EUROPEAN UNION</b> MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBH         Kirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - Germania       Image and the aning aning anice anice aning anice aning anice aning anice aning ani	FIORANI&C.	Via Federico Coppalati, 52, 29122 Piacenza
SOCIETÀ AGRICOLA CORTICELLA S.r.I.       Via Corticella, 15. spilamberto (MO)         GUARDAMIGLIO S.r.I       Via Coppalati, 52. Piacenza (PC)         INALCA FOOD & BEVERAGE       Via Modena, 53. Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         CREMOVIT S.R.L.       Castelvetro di Modena (MO         CASTELFRIGO LV S.R.L.       Via Salvador Allende, 6. Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         REALBEEF S.r.I.       Località Tierzi, Zona Asi - Flumeri (AV)         PARMA SERV S.r.I.       V. I. Mari - Pontetaro, 6 - Noceto (PR)         INA TEN S.r.I.       Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         OLFEN S.r.I.       Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         MACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.       Str. del Taglio, 6 - Parma         UNITEA S.r.I.       Via Corsoncino 4, -37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)         TECNOVIT S.r.I.       Str.adel Taglio, 6 - Parma         UNITEA S.r.I.       Via Crosoncino 4, -37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)         EUROPEAN UNION       E         MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBH       Kirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - Germania         ZAKLADY MIESNE SOCH Sp.Z.o.o.       Jana Pawla II n. 80, Varsavia, Polonia         COMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACION       Camino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal -La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerfe - Spagna         MSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.       Kazimierza ej/n Neve 29, Sector P3 Norte Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119 <tr< td=""><td>TREERRE FOOD S.R.L.</td><td>Via 1 Maggio, 21B - Gerenzago (PV)</td></tr<>	TREERRE FOOD S.R.L.	Via 1 Maggio, 21B - Gerenzago (PV)
GUARDAMIGLIO S.r.I.       Via Coppalati, 52 - Piacenza (PC)         INALCA FOOD & BEVERAGE       Via Modena, 53 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         CREMOVIT S.R.L.       Castelvetro di Modena (MO         CASTEL/RIGO LV S.R.L.       Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         REALBEEF S.r.J       Località Tierzi, Zona Asi - Flumeri (AV)         PARMA SERV S.r.I.       V. I. Mari - Pontetaro, 6 - Noceto (PR)         INA TEN S.r.I.       Via Zarotto, 86 - Parma         UNITEA S.r.I.       Via Taliercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)         MACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.       Str. del Taglio, 6 - Parma         UNITEA S.r.I.       Via Taliercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)         LA TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.L       Via Crosoncino 4, -37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR) <b>EUROPEAN UNION</b> E         MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBH       Kirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - Germania         COMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACION       Camino Real de la Oratava, 215, El Hortigal - La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - Spagna         HOSTERIA BUTTARELLI S.L.       Calle Herraje s/n Neve 29, Sector P3 Norte Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119         Aiguirnes Las Palmas Spagna       Mont Mont D'Or         MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.       u.Gierdziejewskiego 7         MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.       u.Gierdziejewskiego 7         MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.       u.Gierdziejews	TECNO-STAR DUE S.r.l.	Via dei Marmorari, 88 - Spilamberto MO
INALCA FOOD & BEVERAGE       Via Modena, 53 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         CREMOVIT S.R.L.       Castelvetro di Modena (MO         CASTELLRIGO LV S.R.L.       Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         REALBEEF S.r.I       Località Tierzi, Zona Asi - Flumeri (AV)         PARMA SERV S.r.I.       V. I. Mari - Pontetaro, 6 - Noceto (PR)         INA TEN S.r.I.       Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         DOLFEN S.r.I.       Via Zarotto, 86 - Parma         UNITEA S.r.I.       Via Zarotto, 86 - Parma         UNITEA S.r.I.       Via Taliercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)         LA TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.L       Str. del Taglio, 6 - Parma         UNITEA S.r.I.       Via Crosoncino 4, -37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)         EUROPEAN UNION       EUROPEAN UNION         MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBH       Kirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - Germania         COMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACION       Camino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal -La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - Spagna         MOSTERIA BUTTARELLI S.L.       Calle Herraje s/n Neve 29, Sector P3 Norte Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119 Aiguimes Las Palmas Spagna         MSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.       Kazimierza Gierdziejewskiego 7         MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.       u.Gierdziejewskiego 7, 02-495 Warszawa POLAND         PARMA FRANCE Sas       13, Rue Claude Chappe-Le Parc de Crecy - 69370 - St Didier	SOCIETÀ AGRICOLA CORTICELLA S.r.l.	Via Corticella, 15 - Spilamberto (MO)
CREMOVIT S.R.L.       Castelvetro di Modena (MO         CASTELLRRIGO LV S.R.L.       Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         REALBEEF S.r.I       Località Tierzi, Zona Asi - Flumeri (AV)         PARMA SERV S.r.I.       V. I. Mari - Pontetaro, 6 - Noceto (PR)         INA TEN S.r.I.       Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         DOLFEN S.r.I.       Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         DOLFEN S.r.I.       Via Zarotto, 86 - Parma         MACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.       Str. del Taglio, 6 - Parma         UNITEA S.r.I.       Via Taliercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)         LA TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.L       Via Crosoncino 4, - 37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)         ECNOPEAN UNION       EUROPEAN UNION         MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBH       Kirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - Germania         ZAKLADY MIESNE SOCH Sp.Z.o.o.       Jana Pawla II n. 80, Varsavia, Polonia         COMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACION       Camino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal - La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - Spagna         HOSTERIA BUTTARELLI S.L.       Calle Herraje s/n Neve 29, Sector P3 Norte Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119 Aiguimes Las Palmas Spagna         MSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.       u. Gierdziejewskiego 7         MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.       u. Gierdziejewskiego 7. St Didier Au Mont D'Or         TECALI S.L.       Camino Real de la Oratava 2	GUARDAMIGLIO S.r.l	Via Coppalati , 52 - Piacenza (PC)
CASTELFRIGO LV S.R.L.       Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)         REALBEEF S.r.I       Località Tierzi, Zona Asi - Flumeri (AV)         PARMA SERV S.r.I.       V. I. Mari - Pontetaro, 6 - Noceto (PR)         INA TEN S.r.I.       Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)         DOLFEN S.r.I.       Via Zarotto, 86 - Parma         MACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.       Str. del Taglio, 6 - Parma         UNITEA S.r.I.       Via Taliercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)         LA TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.L       Via Crosoncino 4, - 37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)         TECNOVIT S.r.I.       Strada Boccalina, 1 - 46048 Roverbella (MN)         EUROPEAN UNION       MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBH         Kirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - Germania       Image: Comparison of Compa	INALCA FOOD & BEVERAGE	Via Modena, 53 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)
REALBEEF S.r.ILocalità Tierzi, Zona Asi - Flumeri (AV)PARMA SERV S.r.I.V. I. Mari - Pontetaro, 6 - Noceto (PR)INA TEN S.r.I.Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)DOLFEN S.r.I.Via Zarotto, 86 - ParmaMACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.Str. del Taglio, 6 - ParmaUNITEA S.r.I.Via Zarotto, 86 - ParmaMACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.Str. del Taglio, 6 - ParmaUNITEA S.r.I.Via Torsoncino 4, - 37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)ELOOPEAN UNIONEUROPEAN UNIONEUROPEAN UNIONEUROPEAN UNIONMONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBHKirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - GermaniaZAKLADY MIESNE SOCH Sp.Z.o.o.Jana Pawła II n. 80, Varsavia, PoloniaCOMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACIONCamino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal -La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - SpagnaMOSTERIA BUTTARELLI S.L.Calle Herraje s/n Neve 29, Sector P3 Norte Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119 Alguimes Las Palmas SpagnaMSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.ul. Gierdziejewskiego 7MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o	CREMOVIT S.R.L.	Castelvetro di Modena (MO
PARMA SERV S.r.l.V. I. Mari - Pontetaro, 6 - Noceto (PR)INA TEN S.r.l.Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)DOLFEN S.r.l.Via Zarotto, 86 - ParmaMACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.Str. del Taglio, 6 - ParmaUNITEA S.r.l.Via Taliercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)LA TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.L.Via Crosoncino 4, - 37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)ECNOVIT S.r.l.Strada Boccalina, 1 - 46048 Roverbella (MN)EUROPEAN UNIONEUROPEAN UNIONMONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBHKirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - GermaniaZAKLADY MIESNE SOCH Sp.Z.o.o.Jana Pawla II n. 80, Varsavia, PoloniaCOMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACIONCamino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal -La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - SpagnaMOSTERIA BUTTARELLI S.L.Calle Herraje s/n Neve 29, Sector P3 Norte Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119 Aiguimes Las Palmas SpagnaMSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.ul. Gierdziejewskiego, 7, 02-495 Warszawa POLANDPARMA FRANCE Sas13, Rue Claude Chappe-Le Parc de Crecy - 69370 - St Didier Au Mont D'OrTECALI S.L.Cidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos Cabo VerdeAFRICAINALCA F&B Cabo Verde LdaCidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos Cabo VerdeINALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, LuandaINALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 Algeri	CASTELFRIGO LV S.R.L.	Via Salvador Allende, 6 - Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)
INA TEN S.r.I.Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)DOLFEN S.r.I.Via Zarotto, 86 - ParmaMACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.Str. del Taglio, 6 - ParmaUNITEA S.r.I.Via Taliercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)LA TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.LVia Crosoncino 4, - 37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)TECNOVIT S.r.I.Strada Boccalina, 1 - 46048 Roverbella (MN)EUROPEAN UNIONMONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBHKirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - GermaniaZAKLADY MIESNE SOCH Sp.Z.o.o.Jana Pawła II n. 80, Varsavia, PoloniaCOMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACIONCamino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal -La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - SpagnaHOSTERIA BUTTARELLI S.L.Calle Herraje s/n Neve 29, Sector P3 Norte Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119 Aiguimes Las Palmas SpagnaMSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.ul. Gierdziejewskiego 7MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.ul. Gierdziejewskiego 7MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.ul. Gierdziejewskiego 7MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.ul. Gierdziejewskiego 7PARMA FRANCE Sas13, Rue Claude Chappe-Le Parc de Crecy - 69370 - St Didier Au Mont D'OrTECALI S.L.Caliade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos Cabo VerdeINALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, LuandaINALCA ARGOLA L.t.d.a.Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, LuandaINALCA ARGOLA L.t.d.a.Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, LuandaINALCA ARAZZAVILLE S.a r.l. <td< td=""><td>REALBEEF S.r.l</td><td>Località Tierzi, Zona Asi - Flumeri (AV)</td></td<>	REALBEEF S.r.l	Località Tierzi, Zona Asi - Flumeri (AV)
DOLFEN S.r.I.Via Zarotto, 86 - ParmaMACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.Str. del Taglio, 6 - ParmaUNITEA S.r.I.Via Taliercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)LA TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.LVia Crossoncino 4, - 37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)TECNOVIT S.r.I.Strada Boccalina, 1 - 46048 Roverbella (MN)EUROPEAN UNIONMONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBHKirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - GermaniaZAKLADY MIESNE SOCH Sp.Z.o.o.Jana Pawła II n. 80, Varsavia, PoloniaCOMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACIONCarmino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal -La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - SpagnaHOSTERIA BUTTARELLI S.L.Calle Herraje s/n Neve 29, Sector P3 Norte Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119 Aiguimes Las Palmas SpagnaMSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.UILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.UILL SALCarmino Real de la Orotava 215, El Ortiga - La Laguna TenerifeAFRICAINALCA F&B Cabo Verde LdaCidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos Cabo VerdeINALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, LuandaINALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.O8, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 AlgeriINALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	PARMA SERV S.r.l.	V. I. Mari - Pontetaro, 6 - Noceto (PR)
MACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.       Str. del Taglio, 6 - Parma         UNITEA S.r.I.       Via Taliercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)         LA TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.L       Via Crosoncino 4, - 37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)         TECNOVIT S.r.I.       Strada Boccalina, 1 - 46048 Roverbella (MN)         EUROPEAN UNION       MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBH         Kirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - Germania       Image: Comparison of the c	INA TEN S.r.l.	Via Spilamberto, 30/C - Castelvetro di Modena (MO)
UNITEA S.r.I.       Via Taliercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)         LA TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.L       Via Crosoncino 4, - 37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)         TECNOVIT S.r.I.       Strada Boccalina, 1 - 46048 Roverbella (MN) <b>EUROPEAN UNION</b> MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBH         Kirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - Germania       Image: Comparison of the compariso	DOLFEN S.r.l.	Via Zarotto, 86 - Parma
LA TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.L       Via Crosoncino 4, - 37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)         TECNOVIT S.r.l.       Strada Boccalina, 1 - 46048 Roverbella (MN) <b>EUROPEAN UNION</b> MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBH         Xirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - Germania       Image: Comparison of the comparison of	MACELLO DI PARMA S.R.L.	Str. del Taglio, 6 - Parma
TECNOVIT S.r.l.Strada Boccalina, 1 - 46048 Roverbella (MN)EUROPEAN UNIONMONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBHKirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - GermaniaZAKLADY MIESNE SOCH Sp.Z.o.o.Jana Pawła II n. 80, Varsavia, PoloniaCOMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACIONCamino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal -La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - SpagnaHOSTERIA BUTTARELLI S.L.Calle Herraje s/n Neve 29, Sector P3 Norte Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119 Aiguimes Las Palmas SpagnaMSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.ul. Gierdziejewskiego 7MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.ul. Gierdziejewskiego 7, 02-495 Warszawa POLANDPARMA FRANCE Sas13, Rue Claude Chappe-Le Parc de Crecy - 69370 - St Didier Au Mont D'OrTECALI S.L.Camino Real de la Oratava 215, El Ortiga - La Laguna TenerifeAFRICACidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos Cabo VerdeINALCA F&B Cabo Verde LdaCidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos Cabo VerdeINALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, LuandaINALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 AlgeriINALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	UNITEA S.r.l.	Via Taliercio, 3 - Mantova (MN)
EUROPEAN UNIONMONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBHKirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - GermaniaZAKLADY MIESNE SOCH Sp.Z.o.o.Jana Pawła II n. 80, Varsavia, PoloniaCOMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACIONCamino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal -La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - SpagnaHOSTERIA BUTTARELLI S.L.Calle Herraje s/n Neve 29, Sector P3 Norte Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119 Aiguimes Las Palmas SpagnaMSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.Kazimierza Gierdziejewskiego 7MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.ul. Gierdziejewskiego, 7, 02-495 Warszawa POLANDPARMA FRANCE Sas13, Rue Claude Chappe-Le Parc de Crecy - 69370 - St Didier Au Mont D'OrTECALI S.L.Camino Real de la Oratava 215, El Ortiga - La Laguna TenerifeAFRICAINALCA F&B Cabo Verde LdaINALCA F&B Cabo Verde LdaCidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos Cabo VerdeINALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, LuandaINALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 AlgeriINALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	LA TORRE SOC. AGR. CONSORTILE A R.L	Via Crosoncino 4, - 37063 Isola Della Scala, (VR)
MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBHKirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - GermaniaZAKLADY MIESNE SOCH Sp.Z.o.o.Jana Pawła II n. 80, Varsavia, PoloniaCOMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACIONCamino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal -La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - SpagnaHOSTERIA BUTTARELLI S.L.Calle Herraje s/n Neve 29, Sector P3 Norte Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119 Aiguimes Las Palmas SpagnaMSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.Kazimierza Gierdziejewskiego 7MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.ul. Gierdziejewskiego 7, 02-495 Warszawa POLANDPARMA FRANCE Sas13, Rue Claude Chappe-Le Parc de Crecy - 69370 - St Didier Au Mont D'OrTECALI S.L.Camino Real de la Oratava 215, El Ortiga - La Laguna TenerifeAFRICAINALCA F&B Cabo Verde LdaINALCA F&B Cabo Verde LdaCidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos Cabo VerdeINALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, LuandaINALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 AlgeriINALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	TECNOVIT S.r.l.	Strada Boccalina, 1 - 46048 Roverbella (MN)
ZAKLADY MIESNE SOCH Sp.Z.o.o.Jana Pawła II n. 80, Varsavia, PoloniaCOMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACIONCamino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal -La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - SpagnaHOSTERIA BUTTARELLI S.L.Calle Herraje s/n Neve 29, Sector P3 Norte Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119 Aiguimes Las Palmas SpagnaMSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.Kazimierza Gierdziejewskiego 7MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.ul. Gierdziejewskiego, 7, 02-495 Warszawa POLANDPARMA FRANCE Sas13, Rue Claude Chappe-Le Parc de Crecy - 69370 - St Didier Au Mont D'OrTECALI S.L.Camino Real de la Oratava 215, El Ortiga - La Laguna TenerifeAFRICAINALCA F&B Cabo Verde LdaINALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.Cidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos Cabo VerdeINALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 AlgeriINALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	EUROPEAN UNION	
COMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACIONCamino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal -La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - SpagnaHOSTERIA BUTTARELLI S.L.Calle Herraje s/n Neve 29, Sector P3 Norte Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119 Aiguimes Las Palmas SpagnaMSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.Kazimierza Gierdziejewskiego 7MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.ul. Gierdziejewskiego, 7, 02-495 Warszawa POLANDPARMA FRANCE Sas13, Rue Claude Chappe-Le Parc de Crecy - 69370 - St Didier Au Mont D'OrTECALI S.L.Camino Real de la Oratava 215, El Ortiga - La Laguna TenerifeAFRICAINALCA F&B Cabo Verde LdaINALCA F&B Cabo Verde LdaCidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos Cabo VerdeINALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, LuandaINALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 AlgeriINALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	MONTANA ALIMENTARI GMBH	Kirschstrasse 20 80999 - Monaco - Germania
HOSTERIA BUTTARELLI S.L.Calle Herraje s/n Neve 29, Sector P3 Norte Poligono industrial de Arinaga 31119 Aiguimes Las Palmas SpagnaMSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.Kazimierza Gierdziejewskiego 7MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.ul. Gierdziejewskiego, 7, 02-495 Warszawa POLANDPARMA FRANCE Sas13, Rue Claude Chappe-Le Parc de Crecy - 69370 - St Didier Au Mont D'OrTECALI S.L.Camino Real de la Oratava 215, El Ortiga - La Laguna TenerifeAFRICAINALCA F&B Cabo Verde LdaCidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos Cabo VerdeINALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, LuandaINALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 AlgeriINALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	ZAKLADY MIESNE SOCH Sp.Z.o.o.	Jana Pawła II n. 80, Varsavia, Polonia
HOSTERIA BOTTARELLI S.L.       Aiguimes Las Palmas Spagna         MSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.       Kazimierza Gierdziejewskiego 7         MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.       ul. Gierdziejewskiego, 7, 02-495 Warszawa POLAND         PARMA FRANCE Sas       13, Rue Claude Chappe-Le Parc de Crecy - 69370 - St Didier Au Mont D'Or         TECALI S.L.       Camino Real de la Oratava 215, El Ortiga - La Laguna Tenerife         AFRICA       INALCA F&B Cabo Verde Lda         INALCA F&B Cabo Verde Lda       Cidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1º Andar do Predio Argos Cabo Verde         INALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.       Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/nº, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, Luanda         INALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.       08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 Algeri         INALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.       Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	COMIT COM. ITALIANA DE ALIMENTACION	Camino Real de la Orotava, 215, El Hortigal -La Laguna Snata Cruz de Tenerife - Spagna
MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.       ul. Gierdziejewskiego, 7, 02-495 Warszawa POLAND         PARMA FRANCE Sas       13, Rue Claude Chappe-Le Parc de Crecy - 69370 - St Didier Au Mont D'Or         TECALI S.L.       Camino Real de la Oratava 215, El Ortiga - La Laguna Tenerife         AFRICA       INALCA F&B Cabo Verde Lda         INALCA F&B Cabo Verde Lda       Cidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos Cabo Verde         INALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.       Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, Luanda         INALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.       08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 Algeri         INALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.       Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	HOSTERIA BUTTARELLI S.L.	
PARMA FRANCE Sas       13, Rue Claude Chappe-Le Parc de Crecy - 69370 - St Didier Au Mont D'Or         TECALI S.L.       Camino Real de la Oratava 215, El Ortiga - La Laguna Tenerife         AFRICA       INALCA F&B Cabo Verde Lda         INALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.       Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, Luanda         INALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.       08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 Algeri         INALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.       Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	MSP TRANSPORT Sp. Z.o.o.	Kazimierza Gierdziejewskiego 7
TECALI S.L.       Camino Real de la Oratava 215, El Ortiga - La Laguna Tenerife         AFRICA       INALCA F&B Cabo Verde Lda       Cidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos Cabo Verde         INALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.       Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, Luanda         INALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.       08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 Algeri         INALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.       Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	MILLE SAPORI PLUS Sp. Z.o.o.	ul. Gierdziejewskiego, 7, 02-495 Warszawa POLAND
AFRICA         INALCA F&B Cabo Verde Lda       Cidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos         INALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.       Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, Luanda         INALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.       08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 Algeri         INALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.       Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	PARMA FRANCE Sas	13, Rue Claude Chappe-Le Parc de Crecy - 69370 - St Didier Au Mont D'Or
INALCA F&B Cabo Verde LdaCidade de Santa Maria Ilha do Sal, Rua Amilcar Cabral 1° Andar do Predio Argos Cabo VerdeINALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, LuandaINALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 AlgeriINALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	TECALI S.L.	Camino Real de la Oratava 215, El Ortiga - La Laguna Tenerife
INALCA P&B Cabo Verde Lda       Cabo Verde         INALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.       Rua Dom Manuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba Kiaxi, Luanda         INALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.       08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 Algeri         INALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.       Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	AFRICA	
INALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.     Luanda       INALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.     08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 Algeri       INALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.     Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	INALCA F&B Cabo Verde Lda	
INALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.     Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire	INALCA ANGOLA L.t.d.a.	
	INALCA ALGERIE S.a r.l.	08, Rue Chérif Hamani 16000 Algeri
INALCA KINSHASA S.p.r.l. Avenue Poids Lourds n. 935 Ndolo-Commune Gombe Kinshasa	INALCA BRAZZAVILLE S.a r.l.	Avenue Cote Mondaine BP8410 Pointe Noire
	INALCA KINSHASA S.p.r.l.	Avenue Poids Lourds n. 935 Ndolo-Commune Gombe Kinshasa

INTER INALCA ANGOLA Ltda.	Lda Rua Dom Manı Kiaxi, Luanda
IN.AL.CAR. MOCAMBIQUE	Av. De Mocambiqu
CI SARL – COTE D'IVOIRE	Bld Carde - 3ème é
AMERICA	
ITALIA ALIMENTARI CANADA LTD	Brampton, Ontario
ASIA	
AGROSAKMARA LLC	Dorozhnaya str.50,
AGROSAKMARA Bashkiria LLC	Via Admiral Makaro
ORENBEEF LLC	Ul.Pionerskaya, 2 C
KASKAD TPF LLC	Vostochnaia,5 1430
MARR RUSSIA LLC	Ul.Vostochnaia, 5 1
INALCA F&B MALAYSIA SDN BHD	151B, Jalan Batu Ti
ZHONGSHAN INALCA F&B CO. LTD	No. 16-1 A, Tong Xi
TOP BEST INTERNATIONAL HOLDING	Room 701, Blok 2, Kwai Fong, N.T., Ho
TOO INALCA FOOD SERVICE KAZ	Bekmakhanova str
INALCA F&B SHANGAI	Room 2807, No 12
BRIGHT VIEW TRADING HK Ltd	Chai Wan, Wah Shi
ROYI FINE WINE (SHANGAI) LTD	4fl,N158 Xuxiang R
AUSTRALIA	
FRESCO GOURMET PTY LTD	in Unit E1A, 35-39 E

Companies not included in the health and safety data perimeter. Companies not included in the scope of environmental data.

nuel Nunes Gabriel s/n°, Bairro Palanca, Município do Xilamaba

ue n. 9400 km 9,5 Bairro do Zimpeto Maputo

étage Immeuble Les Harmonies 04 B.P. 225 Abidjan 04

rio – Canada 116, Nuggett Court ), Chernyi Otrog – Orenburg – Russia rov,26 (b. 2, office 16) Ufa, Republic of Bashkortostan Campagna Cherniy Otrog, Saraktashskiy Reg. 462100 3000 Odintzovo, Mosca 143000 Odintzovo, Mosca Figa Lama, Taman Rashna, 41300 Klang, Selangor Malaysia, Xing Rd., Dongsheng Town, Zhongshan, Guangdong, P.R.C. , 7/F Golden Industrial Building, 16-26 Kwai Tak Street, Hong Kong reet, 96/2 - Almaty - Republic of Kazakhstan 277 Dingxi Road, Changning District, Shanghai, P.R.C. ning Centre, 5 Fung Yip Street, Hong Kong Road Qingpu District, Shanghai Bourke Road Alexandria NSW 2015, AUSTRALIA

### 1.4 INALCA Group's business model

The business model developed by INALCA is based on the historical development process that the company has in Italy and which consists in the realisation of an integrated and sustainable meat supply chain according to a "Downstream" model (defined as "From Farm to Fork") which starts from the breeding farms (upstream), extends to the slaughtering and processing of the meat, down to the distribution (downstream), thus controlling all the phases of the supply chain, with full and profitable integration of the local territories and of all the operators in the system. The abroad develoment of INALCA, on the other hand, was initially based on penetration into emerging economic regions, in particular the Russian Federation, the Euro-Asian republics and Africa. This "Upstream" model ("From Fork to Farm") initially envisages the barn and continuous sale of food products to local operators, in a B2B context and mainly in Catering and Ho.Re.Ca. segments with the support of local sales offices. This first phase is followed by the creation of logistic and distribution infrastructures, in particular cold storage, warehouses and transport vehicles.

Having developed a deep knowledge of the reference markets, the company proceeds with the construction of industrial plants dedicated to the on-site production of processed products designed for the typical consumption styles of the local communities. After this phase, the company progressively carries out the "Upstream" industrial activities, up to the transformation and primary production, understood as slaughtering and breeding of cattle. The development model therefore has as its unifying element the progressive integration of the supply chain. At the end of the process, the company is completely integrated from a production point of view and definitively inserted in the local social context. A business model based on a long-term vision and strong territorial integration that has proved effective in fighting the Covid-19 pandemic, thanks to the high flexibility shown by the Group's plants that have been able to adapt production to the sudden demands of the supply chain ensuring continuity in production during every phase of the crisis.



#### **GROUP'S IDENTITY**







40.000 🦡 **TONS/YEAR PORK MEAT** 

INALCA - Deboning room, Castelvetro di Modena (MO)

**GROUP'S IDENTITY** 

## <sup>1.5</sup> The Group in Italy

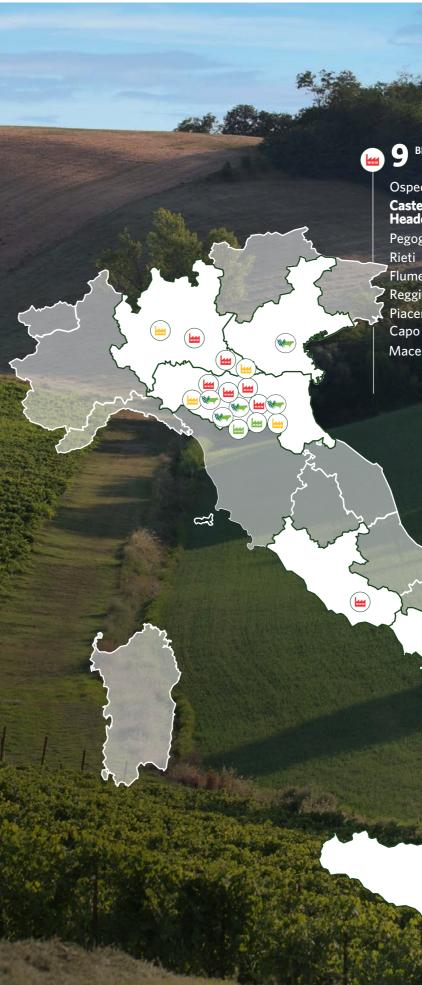
INALCA, with over 6,000 employees, is the absolute leader in Italy and one of the major European players in the beef sector, and ranks among the top Italian operators in the pork, bacon, cured meats & snacks sector. Furthermore, the company operates in a leadership position in the business of distributing food products abroad with its own distribution platforms in various emerging countries.

In Italy, the company's industrial structure is made up of 16 plants specialised by type of processing, 11 of which dedicated to meat processing (slaughter, deboning, processing, packaging and distribution) and 5 dedicated to the production of cured meats, snacks and bacon. With reference to farms, the Group has further consolidated its territorial presence by means of directly controlled farms, thanks to Società Agricola Corticella S.r.l., with offices located in the province of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Società Agricola Cremovit S.r.l., owner of the head present at the Recovato head office, and to the newly consolidated La Torre Soc. Agricola a.r.l.

Furthermore, thanks also to livestock farms, the Group is able to satisfy an annual capacity of 180,000 reared head.

Our facilities are located in areas where 65.6% of Italian bovine herd assets are concentrated





### 9 BEEF PLANTS

#### Ospedaletto Lodigiano (LO) Castelvetro di Modena (MO) Headquarters

Pegognaga (MN) Rieti Flumeri (AV) Reggio Emilia Piacenza Capo d'Orlando (ME)

Macello di Parma (PR)



### **5** CURED MEATS AND SNACKS PLANTS

Postalesio (SO) Gazoldo degli Ippoliti (MN) Castelnuovo Rangone (MO) Busseto (PR) Mandatoriccio (CS)

### 2 PORK PLANTS

Castelnuovo Rangone (MO) Solignano - Castelvetro (MO)



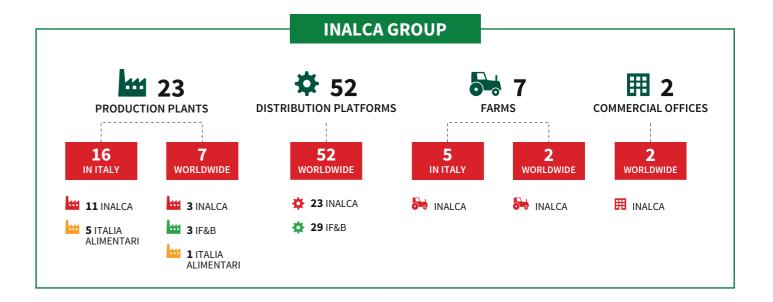
### 5 FARMS

Corticella farm Spilamberto di Modena (MO) Corticella farm Gualtieri (RE) Corticella farm Recovato - Castelfranco Emilia (MO) Corticella farm Galvana - Castelfranco Emilia (MO) La Torre farm

Isola della Scala (VR)

# <sup>1.6</sup> The Group in the World

INALCA is present abroad with 7 production plants in 6 countries: Russia (2), Poland, Canada, United States, Canary Islands (2) and Hong Kong. Through its own network of 54 distribution platforms, INAL-CA directly manages 23 distribution centres located in Russia (Moscow, St. Petersburg, Ekaterinburg, Novosibirsk, Rostov, Samara and Sochi), in Kazakhstan (Astana, Almaty) and in Africa (Algeria, Angola, Congo, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Mozambique and the lvory Coast). The other 29 platforms of the Group are managed by the subsidiary Inalca Food&Beverage (IF&B), specialised in the sale and distribution of Made in Italy food products around the world. In 2022 the construction work of the IN-ALCA Sochocin plant in Poland was completed.





#### **GROUP'S IDENTITY**

## 1.7 Europe: Poland

focus

Poland is a country with a strong tradition and productive vocation in bovine husbandry, characterised by identity values linked to the agricultural world. Precisely for these characteristics it has been identified by INALCA as an ideal and strategic place for the location of a production plant currently under construction. The plant is located in the middle eastern region of the country, in the municipality of Sochocin. The plant will carry out the slaughtering of local animals and related processing, including the production of hamburgers for the local market in this new production centre, centralising orders and activities previously managed by the Group's

Italian plants. In parallel with the development of the new production plant, INALCA is building its own local livestock supply chain, stipulating long-term supply chain agreements with local farmers, allowing the local agricultural fabric to overcome a traditional model based on commercial intermediaries, with direct transfer from breeding to industry and with the guarantee of a certain yield thanks to the optimal positioning of each part of the animal in the local or Community market, including Italy itself, a strong consumer of Polish meat, especially in the catering sector



## 1.7 Russia and Euro-Asian republics

focus

In the Russian Federation, the Group has been operating for over 40 years in the sectors of food distribution and industrial production of meat. Recently, with the development of the livestock sector, it has actually completed the integration of the "Upstream" supply chain. The distribution activity is carried out through an articulated system of platforms and logistic infrastructures, that covers most of the country, whose main operating base is located in Odintsovo, in the Moscow metropolitan area. Industrial production is organised according to an integrated supply chain that includes the production plant in Orenburg, in the homonymous region with a strong agricultural vocation, responsible for the primary activities of slaughtering and separation, production of anatomical cuts for local distribution and industrial processing. The second plant of Odintsovo (Moscow) produces anatomical cuts for local distribution and industrial processing. In this production site, in addition to the aforementioned food storage and distribution activity, the production of hamburgers and bacon is carried



out mainly for the catering sector (pork for the processing of bacon is fully procured from local suppliers). The productive and commercial integration between the two plants has allowed an increase in the share of locally produced meat, reducing dependency on international imports, made difficult by the strong geo-political instability and complexity. It is an important result that contributes to the development of the territory and to the rationalisation of the local agricultural supply chain. During the development of the local beef supply chain through the Agrosakmara company, the livestock sector in the area has been expanded. Through this company, the production of Hereford cattle was started in the Chelyabinsk region, and then replicated in other areas of the Orenburg region and in the Tatarstan region (provinces of Sollesk, Saraktash, Piervamaika, Sharlik, Novoorsk, Buinsk and Kukmor). The construction of one of the most important feedlots in the Republic of Bashkortostan (or Bashkiria) is also planned.

## 1.7 Africa

#### focus

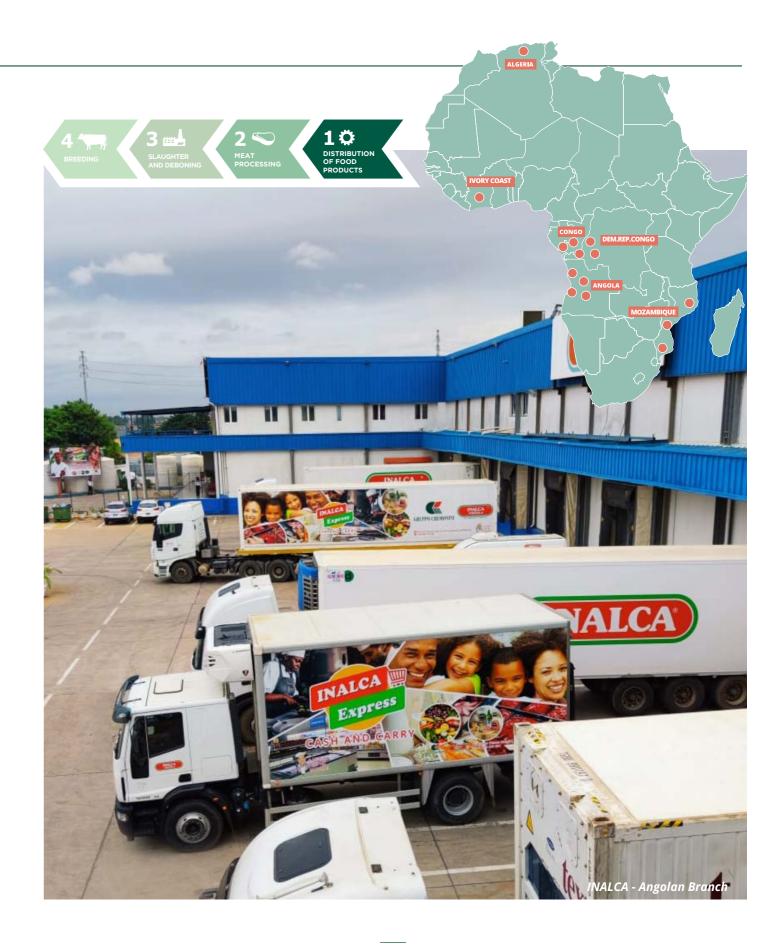
INALCA started over 30 years its business in Africa and today operates in several countries: Algeria, Angola, Ivory Coast, Mozambique, Republic of Congo and Democratic Republic of Congo. Equipped with 14 distribution platforms, modern refrigerated warehouses and food product deposits, the company has started a process of diversifying its business by investing in industrial infrastructure for the processing, transformation and packaging of meat-based products; in particular in Algeria, where a modern cutting and boning room for bovine and sheep has been implemented, as well as in Angola, where the construction of an advanced processing and packaging room for beef and pork is underway. During the year 2022, INALCA placed around 60,000 tons of food products on the African market, including beef, pork, poultry, fish and canned food products, guaranteeing product quality at affordable prices to the broadest segment of the population.

In all the countries in which it operates, INALCA undertakes to respect the sustainable development goals (OSS/SDGs, Sustainable Development Goals) aiming in particular to put an end to poverty, defeat hunger, fight against inequality and develop the social and economic fabric. Inalca undertakes to protect workers' rights, adopting the necessary measures to prevent forms of child labour and forced labour, promoting a safe work environment for all its employees and collaborators at all levels of the supply chain, from production to transformation and distribution of products, in particular at Group offices and suppliers in countries at greater risk, or with legislation that is not equivalent to the Italian one.

First of all, INALCA ensures a decent and lasting salary for its employees. The business model developed in Africa by INALCA allows over 325 employees to have regular employment contracts, as well as to hold a bank account or something similar, thus helping to improve the working conditions of the population as well as contributing to social-economic stability. INALCA offers to all of its employees complete access to medical insurance, private treatment and dedicated services in terms of health and prevention.

INALCA also places particular importance on the development of local communities through direct support to social entities and for emergencies in the form of donations, among which are the Cuerama association in Angola, the Kimbondo paediatric hospital in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, the National Agency for Emergency Management (NEMA) in Nigeria. From the point of view of economic sustainability, the investments that INALCA is making in the Continent represent an innovative model, potentially replicable in other countries. INALCA's future commitment, through its own investment projects aimed at improving the local economic fabric and creating wealth for all the operators involved, is to encourage internal self-sufficiency, developing an integrated and sustainable supply chain and concentrating its efforts in the phases of industrial production, local transformation, as well as the development of the distribution network, infrastructure and refrigeration systems, thus increasing employment and the resulting training and transfer of know-how.

INALCA therefore proposes itself as a promoter of sustainable development models, models that are even more fundamental in areas of the world where many economic, social and environmental parameters require major efforts to reach acceptable levels.



SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

# 2. Sustainability for INALCA

\_\_\_\_\_22



## 2.1 The 4 Sustainability pillars of INALCA

For the INALCA Group, sustainable development is represented by all company activities and processes put into practice with the aim of constantly improving management and the economic, environmental and social impacts that develop along the entire supply chain. IN-ALCA's commitment is based on the identification of operational interventions aimed at reducing these impacts and their progressive alignment with stakeholder expectations and the sustainable development objectives (**SDGs**) adopted by the United Nations. The Sustainability Report, developed by the Sustainable Development Department on the basis of the strategic guidelines and values identified by the BoD and with the active and systematic involvement of the senior Managers responsible for the main corporate processes, such as Chief Executive Officers, Administration and Finance, Communication and Marketing, Human Resources, Production and Legal Affairs, Compliance, therefore represents the tool of synthesis and shared communication, in a transparent and inclusive way, with the various Stakeholders of the company. INALCA's sustainable development is based on the following 4 pillars, in line with **SDGs** 2,3,7,8,9,12,13.

### INTEGRATED AND SUSTAINABLE SUPPLY CHAIN

The company's goal has always been the creation of an integrated meat supply chain where each link is managed and monitored in terms of productivity, efficiency, economies, impacts and economic value generated and distributed among all operators in the supply chain. This is whether the "downstream" model (from farm to fork) is developed in Italy and Europe or the "upstream" model (from fork to farm) in non-European countries, which has allowed the stable development of the company in the countries in which it operates, fully integrated with the territory and local communities (**SDGs 8,12**).

### SHARING VALUE WITH THE AGRICULTURAL WORLD

Based on an integrated supply chain approach, INALCA believes that the knowledge and sharing of the key factors of sustainability with agricultural production represents the first factor of success and long-term growth. Therefore, for the company the foundation of sustainable development is embodied in a progressive functional and economic integration with agricultural activities, based on the exchange and transfer of the best available techniques (**SDGs 2, 3, 8, 12, 13**).

### CONTROL OF CONSUMPTIONS AND IMPACTS

The control of consumption and impacts, the use of clean and renewable energy, the commitment to fight climate change represent challenges that involve citizens, businesses and institutions. INALCA has placed these commitments at the centre of its business activity, promoting best practices for optimising the environmental performance of processes and products throughout the supply chain (**SDGs 7, 12,13**).

#### MANAGEMENT AND TRANSPARENCY IN COMPANY PROCESSES

Through the extensive adoption of international technical standards in the fields of quality, safety and social responsibility, INALCA ensures competence, transparency and accessibility to stakeholders and consumers, to enable increasingly informed and aware food consumption (**SDGs 9,12**).





#### SHARING VALUE WITH THE AGRICULTURAL WORLD





#### MANAGEMENT AND TRANSPARENCY IN COMPANY PROCESSES



## <sup>2.2</sup> Listening to stakeholders

Aware of the complexity of the beef supply chain, the media debate and the evolution of stakeholder sensitivity on issues relative to the meat sector, INALCA carried out a new priority analysis (so-called "materiality analysis") intervention priorities, the issues to be explored and the stakeholder engagement activities to be strengthened. The analysis of priorities is based on the international standard AA1000 Stakeholder Engagement Standard; INALCA has completed the new materiality analysis in the first half of 2022. Organised listening to stakeholders on issues of priority interest is the main tool through which the company defines and directs its own trajectories of sustainable development. During 2022, the team of stakeholders with whom INALCA had a dialogue was re-evaluated and is listed below. INAL-CA has started the identification of further stakeholders and the enlargement of the geographical areas involved in the new dialogue and listening process. During 2023, INALCA plans to launch an internal communication campaign to inform and involve its community on the activities carried out in relation to the Global Goals (4). In 2022, INALCA developed specific comparisons with breeders' Associations and organisations active in the field of animal welfare. A substantial contribution derives from INALCA's active participation in debates and working groups in the trade and sectoral Associations of which it is a member at national and international level. Among these, a particular importance was placed in the participation in technological platforms that deal specifically with the sustainability of the bovine sector on a regional and global scale, as well as in agricultural producer organisations and institutional tables for the analysis and evaluation of new regulations. Among these, GRSB, ERBS, SAI Platform and Coldiretti, with which INALCA dialogues and actively participates, are the most authoritative and

qualified. Technology platforms are entities that, by aggregating industry leaders, the scientific world and stakeholders, identify guiding values and sustainable production techniques in the beef sector, promoting their adoption at all levels of the supply chain. For the analysis of priorities, INALCA identified the topics to be submitted to its external and internal stakeholders and collected them in a checklist. The identification of topics for comparison and discussion with stakeholders was carried out taking into consideration the GRI standard and the knowledge deriving from INALCA's participation in sectoral Associations and technological platforms as the technical basis of reference. The stakeholders involved were identified taking into account the following principles:

- Influence: stakeholders who have direct influence on INALCA's decision-making processes;
- Proximity: stakeholders with whom INALCA interacts most and directly;
- Collaboration: stakeholders who collaborate effectively with INALCA in economic or financial terms;
- Representativeness: stakeholders who, through the regulation of representation, or by custom, can legitimately submit a request.

Further references in the dialogue and listening process are the codes of conduct and sustainable development policies signed by INALCA in the context of its supply chain. After identifying the topics to be addressed with the stakeholders, dedicated questionnaires were prepared and sent out to them, grouping and weighing the results of the discussion on a scale of 5 classes of importance, attributed by the stakeholder to each topic. The details of the stakeholders identified during the process described are provided below.



(1) https://www.globalgoals.org/

### 2.3 Materiality analysis

According to the GRI Standard methodology, a sustainability thematic is relevant if it is related to significant impacts of the organisation (impact materiality) - negative or positive, current or potential - relative to the economy, the environment and/or people, including their human rights, caused by the organisation's activities and investments, its products and/or services or its value chain, in the short, medium and long term. The significance of impacts is measured by considering their severity as well as the probability of their occurrence.

The updating of the Group's materiality analysis was carried out in 2022, in line with the provisions of GRI 3 Material topics 2021. The process was developed in the following phases:

1. Understanding and assessment of the context (business, environment, social/political) in which the Group operates, as well as updating relevant stakeholders;

2. Based on this context, identification of the current and potential positive and negative impacts that the Group, with its activities, generates or could generate on the economy, the environment and people, including their human rights, in the scope of the Group's activities and business relationships;

3. Evaluation of impacts through the involvement of top management and a sample of nine categories of stakeholders, both internal and external (Employees, Consumers, Scientific community, Suppliers, Customers, Economic community and sector organisations, Local communities and civil society, Breeders, Media);

4. Prioritisation of impacts and aggregation into material topics;

In order to carry out the assessment and prioritisation of the identified impacts, a workshop was held involving the Group's top management, during which the impacts were submitted to a vote. Subsequently, a sample of stakeholders was engaged who were asked to evaluate, by completing a questionnaire, the seriousness and probability of occurrence of the previously identified positive and negative impacts that the Group's business could generate. Following the assessments collected, the impacts were prioritised and those found to be relevant, i.e., above a significance threshold, were aggregated into material topics. The final results were then discussed and carefully evaluated by the top management and by the entire working group involved in the process.

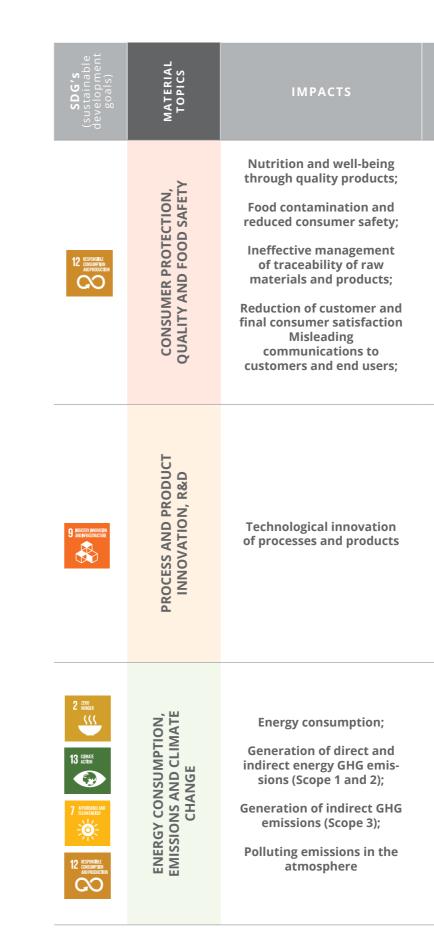
The material topics reported in this Sustainability Report and the related impacts are shown below. From the comparison with the material issues of the 2021 Sustainability Report, the 2022 materiality analysis revealed that "Biodiversity and soil health" was the only additional issue. The "Corporate Governance" thematic was not included in the materiality analysis as it is considered an essential element for the correct management of sustainability issues and more generally of the Group's activities, and for this reason it is, in any case, subject to disclosure. The topic "Protection of human rights" has been incorporated into the topic "Sustainable management of the supply chain", as the impacts relating to this aspect are included inside it. Furthermore, the "Marketing & communication" subject was also found to be non-material at the end of the update of the materiality analysis and therefore no longer present in the 2022 Sustainability Report.

ΙΜΡΑCTS	MATERIAL ISSUES 2022 INALCA GROUP		
Recycling and reuse of production by-products and waste generated			
Vaste generation	Waste management and circular economy		
raining and development of workers	Training and development of workers		
Generation and distribution of economic value	Economic performance		
echnological innovation of processes and products	Process and product innovation, R&D		
Reduction of animal welfare			
excessive use of antibiotics in breeding	Animal welfare		
Nutrition and well-being through quality products			
ood contamination and reduced consumer safety			
neffective management of traceability of raw materials and products	Consumer protection, quality and food safety		
Reduction of customer and final consumer satisfaction			
Visleading communications to customers and end users			
nergy consumption			
Generation of direct and indirect energy GHG emissions (Scope 1 and 2)	From consumption orginations and elimete shares		
Generation of indirect GHG emissions (Scope 3)	Energy consumption, emissions and climate change		
Polluting emissions in the atmosphere			
Reduction in the availability and quality of water	Water resource management		
air remuneration for employees			
Reduced employee satisfaction and well-being	Protection and well-being of workers		
Vorkplace injuries			
ocal development and relations with the community	Integration in the territory where Inalca operates		
mpacts of crops and livestock on ecosystems and soil health	Biodiversity and soil health		
Consumption of food raw materials for production	Management of raw materials		
Negative social and environmental impacts related to suppliers	Sustainable management of the supply chain		
Jnethical Business Conduct	Ethics, business integrity and anti-corruption		



## 2.4 Material topics for INALCA and areas of development

<b>SDG's</b> (sustainable development goals)	MATERIAL TOPICS	IMPACTS	DESCRIPTION
8 BEENT WORK AND ECONOMIC COMPILE	ETHICS, BUSINESS INTEGRITY AND ANTI-CORRUPTION	Unethical business conduct	Ethics, integrity and transparency in business activity which includes the adoption of policies and procedures to support compliance with current regulations and any oth- er specific rules and in the fight against active and passive corruption (e.g., Code of Ethics, Model 231). Presence of policies and mechanisms for reporting critical issues relating to unethical or illegal conduct at the level of the Parent Company and subsidiaries. Adherence to national and international principles and guidelines that include areas of social and environmen- tal responsibility, where the Group operates or related to business activities. Identification, assessment and man- agement of the economic, social and environmental risks, present and potential, to which INALCA is exposed.
9 ROHPE NEWMENT MARRIERCHICHTER EEEE	ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE	Generation and distribution of economic value	Effective and efficient allocation of resources, in order to pursue positive economic and financial results in the short term and ensure an economic balance in the medi- um to long term. Redistribution of the value created to stakeholders with a view to generating value throughout the supply chain. Approach to taxation that includes a strategy that com- plies with regulatory compliance, linked to the business strategy and that is integrated into risk management. Policies and mechanisms for reporting critical issues relat- ing to unethical or illegal behaviour in fiscal matters.



#### DESCRIPTION

Commitment to the assumption of responsible and ethical behaviour for the protection of consumers, based also on compliance with national and international standards and codes. Production of products with high quality characteristics and safe in terms of health for the final consumer.

Management systems to guarantee the quality and traceability of products and implementation of control practices and processes on raw materials and supplies in order to guarantee the highest quality and product safety.

Implementation of a non-compliance reporting system dedicated to customers and consumers.

Development of eventual analyses on corporate reputation with a specific focus on sustainability issues. Development of policies for information transmission and responsible commercial communication.

Process innovation for the minimisation of environmental impacts. Research and development activities aimed at developing new, more sustainable products.

Efficient energy management through actions, programs and management systems that favour the reduction of energy consumption deriving from fossil sources and the promotion of self-production and the purchase of energy from renewable sources.

Implementation of technologies and systems capable of making production energy efficient. Monitoring, prevention and reduction of greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) and other polluting emissions such as: ODS substances (Ozone Depleting Substances), NOx, SOx and VOC. The topic includes the management of any risks, opportunities and financial implications related to climate change.

<b>SDG'S</b> (sustainable development goals)	MATERIAL TOPICS	IMPACTS	DESCRIPTION	<b>SDG'S</b> (sustainable development goals)	MATERIAL TOPICS	IMPACTS	
9 BACKTER INNOVATION BACKTER INNOVATION BACK	WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	Reduction in the availability and quality of water	Conscious and efficient management of water resources and definition of efficiency strategies for the use of water. Practices for monitoring the quality of water discharges and implementation of actions that favour the improvement of the chemical, physical and biological quality of discharges.	8 International South	L-BEING OF WORKERS	Workplace injuries	       
<b>19</b> RESPONENCE	WASTE MANAGEMENT AND CIRCULAR ECONOMY	Recycling and reuse of production by- products and waste generated; Waste generation	Responsible management of hazardous and non-busi- ness-related waste, dissemination of a corporate culture aimed at the correct and responsible management of waste, promoting methods and practices such as reuse, differenti- ation and recycling of waste. Promotion of circular economy and waste recovery activ- ities. Development of knowledge, tools and solutions to make normal production practices more efficient in order to optimise the use of raw materials in terms of yield and reduce the amount of waste.	5 CONTR E 10 REQUIRES E	PROTECTION AND WELL-BEING OF WORKERS	Fair remuneration for employees; Reduced employee satisfaction and well-being;	
	MANAGEMENT OF RAW MATERIALS	Consumption of food raw materials for production	Attention to the sustainability of product packaging, with a view to minimising non-recyclable materials and promoting the recovery of materials. Use of innovative materials that guarantee a lower environmental impact. Development of an "intelligent" packaging in order to educate the final con- sumer to optimise its disposal.	8 ECCATINGER AND ECONOMIC CONTRI	TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT OF WORKERS	Training and development of workers	

#### DESCRIPTION

Policies, practices and programs that promote the protection of health and safety in the workplace that include periodic monitoring of the main indices. Adoption of certified voluntary technical standards and promotion of specific training on employee health and safety.

Development of inclusion policies, enhancement of diversity for minorities (e.g., disability, gender, age, ethnicity, sex, religion) and promotion of equal opportunities, including equal pay for equal roles.

Reduced employee satisfaction and well-being due to the failure to adopt corporate welfare practices, conciliate work-life balance and well-being.

Paths of professional growth, training and retention of talents aimed at enhancing the technical, managerial and organisational skills of employees and at consolidating the professionalism required by the role covered. Policies, benefits (economic and otherwise) and actions aimed at improving the well-being of employees, capable of creating a comfortable working environment and promoting a reconciliation between private and professional life.





SUSTAINABILITY FOR INALCA

# 2.5 Sustainability goals and objectives

Of all the impacts deemed significant, identified as those that received a rating of more than 3.25 among the interviewees (see table "Significant impacts and material issues 2022 INALCA Group"), INALCA selected 14 issues to which it has assigned priority intervention and which is discussed in the following chapters of this Report. Among these, INALCA has planned specific activities for the time horizon 2022-2026, expressly aimed at the realisation of its commitment in certain and planned objectives, on which the company intends to concentrate its work and investments in the coming years. These objectives were selected following a careful analysis of possible areas for improvement, such as the protection of resources - energy and climate change and its supply chain, taking as reference the Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) as reported by specific GRI indices, as well as being in line with the requirements of the Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP).

With regards to the protection of resources - energy and climate change, the first objective that INALCA set itself was to carry out a screening and effective calculation of the indirect emissions of its supply chain, also known as "Scope 3", completed and reported for the first time in the 2021 Budget.

Subsequently, always in the same context and in line with the requirements of current regulations and the Paris Agreement of 2015, INALCA set itself the objective of further efficiency from the point of view of energy resources from renewable sources, as evidenced by the desire to extend its share of self-produced energy from photovoltaic panels, as well as from the conversion from biogas to biomethane of its anaerobic digestion plants, and finally the transformation from cogeneration to trigeneration of some existing plants, as well as the further installation from scratch of other units.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSIBILITY**

- Sustainable packaging
- Waste management and circular economy
- Climate change emissions

#### **PRODUCT LIABILITY**

- Product safety, traceability and quality
- Responsible use of antibiotics

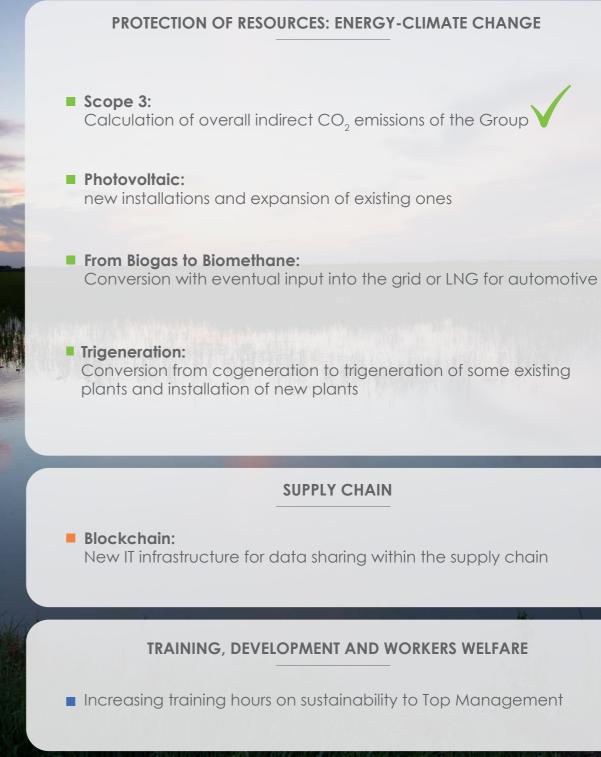
#### GOVERNANCE, ETHICS, INTEGRITY IN BUSINESS AND ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE

- Process, product and R&D innovation
- Ethics, business integrity and anti-corruption
- Economic performance and value creation
- Animal welfare

#### SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Consumer protection and responsible labelling

# Sustainability Objectives Planned for 2022-2026



X

# 3. Governance



### 3.1

# Corporate governance and organisational model

#### **COMPANY CORPORATE STRUCTURE**

INALCA S.p.A., with headquarters in Castelvetro di Modena, is wholly controlled by Cremonini S.p.A. following the repurchase, which took place at the end of 2022, of the minority stake corresponding to 28.4% which had been owned since 2014, by IQ Made in Italy Investment Company S.p.A. (IQMIIIC), vehicle company held jointly by Cassa Depositi e Prestiti and the sovereign wealth fund of Qatar.

The Corporate Governance Model adopted by the INALCA Company foresees the presence of a Board of Directors, a Board of Statutory Auditors, a Supervisory Body, Compliance and Internal Audit offices.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board of Directors, chaired by Serafino Cremonini, has the power to define the strategic guidelines, ordinary and extraordinary management.

POSITION	MEMBER	EXECUTIVE / NON-EXECUTIVE	OTHER RELEVANT POSITIONS
President	Serafino Cremonini	Executive	President of Assocarni (May 2023)
CEO	Paolo Boni	Executive	x
Counselor	Luigi Scordamaglia	Non-executive	Managing Director of the Italian Supply Chain
Counselor	Luigi Cremonini	Executive	х
Counselor	Riccardo Zani	Executive	x

The Board of Directors in office as at 12/31/2022, was appointed on 10/21/2021 and will remain in office for 3 financial years until the approval of the financial statements as at 12/31/2024. The Chairman of the BoD, as an executive member, exercises the powers to direct and regulate with full responsibility the activities of the commercial management. It should be noted that none of the members of the Board of Directors has the characteristics of independence. With regard to the criteria used for the appointment and selection of the members of the highest governing body, since there is no specific procedure, the competence regarding the activity and the sector in which the INALCA Group operates is taken into consideration.

#### **BOARD OF STATUTORY AUDITORS**

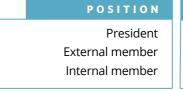
The Board of Statutory Auditors is the body responsible for supervising compliance with the law and the Statute, respect for the principles of correct administration and, in particular, the adequacy of the internal control system, the organisational and administrative structure and accounting adopted by the Company, as well as on its correct functioning.

 PASITION	MEMBER
President	Alberto Baraldi
Statuary Auditor	Mario Lugli
Statuary Auditor	Eugenio Orienti
Alternate Auditor	Luca Rossini
Alternate Auditor	Francesca Orienti

The Board of Statutory Auditors was appointed on 21/10/2022 and will remain in office for 2 years until the shareholders' meeting for the approval of the financial statements as at 31/12/2023.

#### SUPERVISORY BODY

The Supervisory Body (SB) has the task of supervising the functioning and effective application of the Organisation, Management and Control Model of Legislative Decree 231/2021 adopted by the company. The INALCA SB is a collegial body.



#### **AUDITING FIRM**

The Auditing Firm is the external body, appointed by the Assembly, which is entrusted with the statutory audit of the accounts. INALCA has appointed Price Waterhouse Coopers (PwC) S.p.A to audit the financial statements and consolidated balance sheet.

#### **COMPLIANCE OFFICE**

The Compliance Office aims to add value to INALCA and its subsidiaries, strengthening Corporate Governance, through an independent assessment of internal controls flanked by recommendations and advice on what appropriate improvements to be undertaken in order to reduce risks in the processes of the companies themselves. With regard to the mitigation and prevention of any conflicts of interest concerning the highest governance body, the Compliance Department is responsible for distributing a self-declaration form of any cases that may lead to conflicts of interest. To date there are no members of the BoD belonging to other BoDs of competitors. The power of control is currently held by Cremonini S.p.A., of which INALCA is a sub-holding, together with the associated companies Chef Express and MARR.

#### SUSTAINABILITY GOVERNANCE

With a view to Sustainability Governance, the BoD delegates the responsibility for managing the organisation's impacts, as identified through the materiality analysis, to the Sustainable Development Department. The Sustainable Development Department informs, through the Management Review - Quality, Environmental Review, Health and Safety Review and the Sustainability Report, the Board of Directors regarding the trend and reporting of the aforementioned impacts. In addition, the BoD is an integral and constituent part of the process of updating the material issues of the Organisation and related impacts, actively participating in the updating activities of the aforementioned.



MEMBER	
Marcello Elia	
Raffaello Ascensionato C	arnà
Giovanni Mario Lugaresi	Sorlini

3.2

# Company policies and Codes of conduct

#### **ETHICAL CODE**

In addition to respecting the laws and regulations in force in all the countries in which it operates, INAL-CA intends to observe high ethical standards in the daily conduct of its work. These standards, and their inspiring principles, are collected in the Code of Ethics (hereinafter the "Code").

The Code is an integrative tool of the rules of conduct dictated by the legislator: simple compliance with the law, although a fundamental condition, is often not sufficient for INALCA, which requires all company decisions and the behaviour of its personnel be based on ethical rules, even in cases where they should not be codified by law.

The Code expresses the commitments and ethical responsibilities assumed by those who, in various capacities, collaborate in the achievement of INAL-CA's objectives, and includes: shareholders, employees, collaborators, external consultants, suppliers, customers and other subjects. Subjects who, as a whole, are defined with the term stakeholder, as bearers of interests linked to the company's activities. Each person who works in INALCA, as well as in the entities controlled by it, to which the application of the Code extends, is required to always act in compliance with the provisions contained in the Code. The value and importance of the Code are strengthened by the provision of a specific liability of entities, as a result of the commission of crimes and administrative offenses relevant for the purposes of Legislative Decree 231/2001. INALCA is responsible for divulging the Code of Ethics to all new employees, suppliers and customers, external consultants and other subjects. In 2022 there were no ascertained cases of discrimination, corruption and legal actions against the Group with reference to anti-competitive practices and/or violations of regulations on antitrust and monopolistic practices.

#### CODE OF ANTI-CORRUPTION BUSINESS CONDUCT

One of the key factors of INALCA's reputation is the ability to conduct its business with loyalty, correctness, transparency, honesty and integrity, in compliance with laws, regulations, international standards and guidelines, both in Italy and internationally, which apply to the Group's business. The Code of Commercial Conduct is adopted in order to provide a systematic reference framework for the rules and procedures on Anti-corruption, which the Group has designed and implemented over time. The Code of Commercial Conduct is inspired by the principles of conduct set out in the Code of Ethics and aims to provide all INALCA Personnel with the rules to follow to ensure compliance with the Anti-Corruption Laws.



#### ORGANISATION, MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL MODEL 231/2001

The Organisational Model drawn up by the Compliance Office pursuant to Legislative Decree 231/2001 is a system of principles, rules, procedures and controls that the Company, on the basis of an assessment of the existing risks, adopts to prevent the perpetrate of the offenses listed in the aforementioned. The Company has adopted a structured procedural system to which the reference Offices and all INALCA Personnel must comply. The application of the Model provides for training activities, internal and external auditing and allows free and anonymous reporting of any non-compliance or negligence in its correct application. The Supervisory Body, together with the Compliance Office, evaluates the reports and any corrective actions. In 2022, no significant cases of non-compliance with laws and regulations or sanctions for cases of non-compliance with laws and regulations were recorded.

#### INALCA HAS COMPANY POLICIES AND CODES OF CONDUCT IN THE FOLLOWING SECTORS:



- Ethical code
- Code of Business Conduct
- Adoption of the principles of the "Modern slavery Act"
- Adoption of EU Reg. 679/2016 (GDPR-Privacy)

### 

- Video surveillance
- Fraud prevention
- Management of audits and unannounced controls



- External Social Media Policy Management
- Internal Social Media Policy Management
- Internal Social Media Policy for employees/ contacts, department managers involved in the opening and management of Web Sites and Social Media

#### WHISTLEBLOWING

- In order to allow all INALCA stakeholders to report behaviours that are not in line with the Code of Ethics, the Anti-Corruption Commercial Code of Conduct, the Organisational, Management and Control Model 231/2001, a Whistleblowing system (reporting procedure) has been introduced which consists of dedicated communication channels.
- The methods and operating instructions on the use of the reporting channels are set out in a specific Whistleblowing policy which regulates the methods of managing reports, ensuring the anonymity and confidentiality of the identity of the reporting party and of the information in each phase relating to management of the report.



- Quality-Environment-Safety-Social Responsibility Policy
- Sustainable procurement and protection of the Amazon rainforest
- Good hygiene, health, safety and environmental practices of all the plants
- Quality policy of INALCA laboratory for food safety

- Good Breeding Practices
- Animal welfare during transport
- Animal wellbeing in the slaughterhouses
- Conscious use of drug
- Control of animal wellbeing from breeding to slaughter
- Good health and hygiene practics for coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2) prevention

## 3.3 Risk management activities

INALCA has developed systems for analysis, evaluation and mitigation of main risks interconnected to its corporate activities within every geografical area where the Group. Such risks are periodically verified by the company.

ТҮРЕ О	FRISK		MEASURES
	RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH INTEREST RATES	MEDIUM	To cope with this risk, INALCA has stipulated hedging "derivative contracts" that cover part of the medium/long-term debt. These contracts provide for the ex- change of the differential between the variable rate and one or more fixed rates relating to the pre-established reference rate aligned with the financial amortisa- tion plan; alternatively, these contracts set a maximum limit on the variable rate. The Mark to Market value of each transaction is constantly updated and account- ed for as part of the Group's Net Financial Position.
CORPORATE	CURRENCY EXCHANGE RISKS	LOW	The risk is mainly present in the Angolan market, whose currency has under- gone heavy and continuous fluctuations, passing from a phase of progressive loss of value until mid-2021, to a subsequent phase of revaluation, thanks to the improvement of domestic market conditions and to external factors (increase in the price of oil), until September 2022, when it again began to show signs of weakness, without however returning to the lows of 2021. The risk is connected to the difficulty of quickly transferring the money to the Parent Company which represents the sole supplier of the Angolan subsidiary. Hedging of the cash sur- plus is impossible without investments in securities linked to the performance of stronger currencies (usually the US dollar), the risk in inventories can be recov- ered through sales price adjustments. The exchange rate risk in Russia relating to supplies in currencies other than the local currency is managed through for- ward exchange contracts. All financial credit lines are in local currency (Ruble) and therefore not subject to exchange rate risk.
	RISK ARISING FROM THE BREACH OR DETERIORATION OF THE CREDIT QUALITY OF CUSTOMERS	LOW	Credit risk is first of all managed through the analysis of customer reliability also carried out through external sources of information, as well as constant monitor- ing of the economic and financial situation of the main customers. The Group has also set up processes for the continuous monitoring and control of credit and the prompt start of recovery actions. In particular in Italy and in the EU market, but if required also for non-EU coun- tries with specific requests, insurance policies are stipulated to cover the credit and factoring operations without recourse are also carried out. The credit risk is also mitigated by the fact that commercial relationships mainly concern well- known and reliable customers, in particular the main retail chains, which repre- sent a significant share of the exposure. In cases where risks are identified on specific customers and/or international countries in which the Group operates with very short payment terms, in addi- tion to credit control, the Administration and Finance Department with the Com- mercial Department has set up a structure dedicated to the management of any customer complaints, allowing faster feedback for faster dispute resolutions.

TYPE O	FRISK		
	RISK ASSOCIATED WITH THE POTENTIAL INSUFFICIENCY OF FINANCIAL RESOURC- ES TO COVER THE BONDS CONTAINED IN PRE-ESTAB- LISHED AGREEMENTS AND RELATED DEADLINES	LOW	The risk is manage el of liquidity, basi um-long term loar the Group's treasu multi-year planning Medium/long-term specific financial a debt, equity, financial dicators are period the Group.
CORPORATE	CREDIT ISSUED WITH UNFAVORABLE BENEFITS	LOW	The component of evolution of these tainability Report. cision-making proc supply chain, as we cess, leading to en and communicatio ny: internal advant management of b into better visibilit tors. In addition, th production process financing and invest ity, such as "green investments throu as ESG ratings and
	EARTHQUAKES STRUCTURAL RISKS DUE TO EARTHQUAKES	LOW	After the earthqua monitored for seis highlighted.
NATURAL	EPIDEMICS (EG. COVID-19) RISK RELATED TO LACK OF STAFF	LOW	The company has workers on all pr spread of any heal to redistribute pro
-NA <sup>-</sup>	CLIMATE CHANGE RISK RELATED TO THE GOAL OF LIMITING THE INCREASE IN GLOBAL TEMPERATURE	MEDIUM	The increase in the treme climatic phe damage the Group redefinition of bus compliance and the pany has implement the use of resource energy sources into innovation processon repositioning in ext

#### MEASURES

ged by optimising financial resources to obtain an adequate levused on a combination of short-term lines of credit and medians. Constant monitoring of current and expected liquidity by sury function which carries out a check based on the budget and ng.

m loans are linked to the maintenance within certain limits of and economic performance indicators, based on Ebitda, net ncial burden, etc. as defined by the specific contracts. These inpolically monitored in order to maintain the financial stability of

f loans benchmarked to ESG ratios is currently very limited. The parameters is in any case monitored through ESG Rating / Sus-The Sustainability Report is an effective tool to improve the deocess of organisations and, in turn, reduce risk along the entire vell as being useful in reducing waste produced within the pronormous costs savings. The choice to adopt this management on tool produces a double series of advantages for the compantages, which are reflected in a better organisation and internal business processes, and external advantages, which translate lity, greater reliability and transparency for external interlocuthe use of new methodologies and technologies in the various sses offer companies the opportunity to approach new forms of estment, as well as explore new activities related to sustainabiln finance". The concept of "green finance" includes sustainable ugh various tools, built according to sustainability metrics, such d the various KPIs stated within the Sustainability Report itself.

akes (2012 Modena and 2016 Rieti) the plants were thoroughly ismic risk and further improved in older parts but no risk was

as implemented well-structured procedures for the safety of production sites in order to constantly monitor the potential alth risks. The flexibility of the business model made it possible rocesses in the various production plants.

M The increase in the concentration of greenhouse gases can favour further extreme climatic phenomena (storms, cyclones, hurricanes and floods) which could damage the Group's structures. In addition to this, indirect risks are linked to the redefinition of business models, the obsolescence of corporate assets, regulatory compliance and the sudden acceleration of technological innovation. The company has implemented improvement plans, with a view to greater efficiency in the use of resources and the consequent cost savings; the conversion of fossil energy sources into clean technologies; the economic return generated by the innovation process of the product and services offered; access to new markets or repositioning in existing markets.

TYPE OF RISK			MEASURES		
	INSTITUTIONAL CRISIS	LOW	INALCA's business is mainly carried out in countries with a solid political structure and there are strong relationships with the government, institutions and local Associations in the main markets. A limited part of the activity is carried out in developing or emerging markets but the low concentration of this activity, also widespread in several countries, limits the overall risk.		
	STRIKES RISK RELATED TO LACK OF STAFF	LOW	Company policies always envisage maintaining an adequate stock of finished products in the event that there is a need to cover temporary production block- ages. Furthermore, the company management and the personnel departments have always maintained good relations with the trade unions.		
SOCIAL	BUSINESS CONTINUITY IMAGE DAMAGE	MEDIUM	The organisation is committed to establishing and maintaining constant coll oration with trade union organisations and internal employee representation on the basis of principles of fairness and transparency, within the framework the legislative provisions and those contained in the National Collective Lab Agreement.		
	REPUTATIONAL DAMAGE BY TERRITORIAL COMMITTEES ADVERSE TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE ORGANISATION	LOW	Provide full cooperation to local communities and competent bodies, ensuring complete transparency in information and communication to the outside.		
	RISK OF PROCUREMENT OF RESOURCES LINKED TO GEOPOLITICAL INSTABILITY	MEDIUM	Research alternative supply channels for energy resources. Search for alternative raw materials (e.g., sunflower oil).		

FAILURE TO COMPLY<br/>WITH CONTRACTUAL<br/>CONSTRAINTS:<br/>REPUTATIONAL DAMAGE /<br/>ECONOMIC DAMAGEMEDIUMReliability of quality and food safety management systems, production planning<br/>and product stock management. Macroeconomic scenario analyses regarding<br/>the supply of animals, meat and subsidiary products of particular importance.INTERRUPTION OF<br/>BUSINESS CONTINUITY<br/>LOSS OF MARKET SHAREMEDIUMReliability of quality and food safety management. Macroeconomic scenario analyses regarding<br/>the supply of animals, meat and subsidiary products of particular importance.

ТҮРЕ С	OF RISK		
<b>COMPETITIVITY</b>	INTERRUPTION OF BUSINESS CONTINUITY REPUTATIONAL DAMAGE FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH AUTHORISATIONS / REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS FOOD FRAUD RISK, RELATING TO SOPHISTICATION OF VOLUNTARY PRODUCT COUNTERFEITING	LOW	The organisation of supply of the requ The organisation of uled annually. The organisation o (so-called under st Assessment and p through the compa
COMPI	INTERRUPTION OF BUSINESS CONTINUITY ECONOMIC REVALUATION HEALTH AND SAFETY. REPUTATIONAL DAMAGE	MEDIUM	The organisation of lection of mandato Decree 81/08. In correctly manage during activities.
N PRIVACY	RISK RELATED TO SECURITY BREACH, EQUIPMENT / SOFTWARE FAILURE	MEDIUM	Risk assessment a sultants dedicated Specific training or Strengthening of a Sending test phish Server backup cap
MPACTS ON PRIVAC	RISK RELATED TO THE COR- RECT DRAFTING OF A SINGLE HEALTH PROTOCOL	MEDIUM	Organisation of al Italian territory to vacy aspects.
0	FOOD DEFENCE: RISK RELATING TO VOLUNTARY SABOTAGE OF PLANTS AND FINISHED PRODUCTS	MEDIUM	The organisation h plication of the sha a grouping of hom
INFORMATION AN	FOOD DEFENCE: RISK RELATING TO VOLUNTARY SABOTAGE OF PLANTS AND FINISHED PRODUCTS	LOW	Food Defence Pg- procedures.

n carries out continuous checks on the actual and appropriate quested products.

carries out checks on Suppliers through periodic audits sched-

operates by scheduling arrivals ensuring that a critical threshold stock) is not exceeded.

I prevention of direct and indirect risk related to food fraud pany procedure of Food Fraud Pg-50.

n carries out checks on contracts through periodic audits. Colatory documentation in accordance with Article 26 of Legislative Involvement of the executing companies, stimulating them to e risks, organising periodic meetings to identify potential risks

t and mitigation through company procedure and external coned to IT security.

on Cyber Security.

f anti-intrusion information systems.

shing emails to test the system.

apacity enhancement with differentiation of backup types.

all Specialist Doctors (after consulting them) operating on the costandardise the health protocol as far as possible, also for pri-

n has implemented a task/risk correlation matrix to make the apshared protocol intuitive to each Specialist Doctor, thanks also to progeneous tasks.

g-45. The plants have dedicated risk analysis and management

TYPE OF RISK			MEASURES		
	HEALTH RISKS RELATED TO NON-COMPLIANCE WITH FOOD SAFETY REGULATIONS	MEDIUM	INALCA plants comply with voluntary food safety standards such as IFS - Inter- national Food Standard. The company actively participates in platforms and in- stitutions related to food safety in order to prevent emerging problems in food safety. Animal welfare and the prudent use of antibiotics are considered the main emerging problems. INALCA has established a strong relationship with NGOs, ac- tive in the issue of animal welfare, aligning its policy with those of its stakeholders. INALCA has an internal laboratory, ISO 17025 accredited for most of the micro- biological analyses performed on finished products, semi-finished products and by-products.		
PHYSICAL	RISKS RELATED TO INCORRECT LABELLING AND ADVERTISING OF THE FINISHED PRODUCT	LOW	INALCA adopts the precautionary principle in product labelling and advertising. Each label undergoes an internal authorisation process. All advertising campaigns are covered by legal control or verification by an inde- pendent third party.		
	SAFETY RISK AT WORK	HIGH	Application and management of a specific SGS certified according to ISO 45001.		

ETHICAL	RISK OF SANCTIONS AND CONVICTIONS, CONSEQUENT FINANCIAL LOSS AND IMAGE DAMAGE FOR NON-COMPLIANCE WITH THE LAW	MEDIUM	To prevent these risks, a system of procedures, a code of ethics, a code of com- mercial conduct, internal audits and internal surveillance (compliance and in- ternal audit office) and independent third parties (board of statutory auditors, auditors and ODV) are in place. There are also anonymous complaints and whis- tleblowing mechanisms.		
	RISK ARISING FROM CRIMES COVERED IN THE CATALOGUE OF Legislative Decree 231/2001	MEDIUM	Presence of dedicated company staff, external control through SB, dedicated pro- cedures and organisational model pursuant to ex Legislative Decree 231/2001.		



### 3.4 Fiscal transparency

The Board of Directors of INALCA, in full agreement with its shareholders, and in particular with the parent company Cremonini S.p.A, has defined the guidelines for the management of fiscal matters for the entire Group, through adequate policies, organisational structures and communicational tools so that management is uniform among all the companies concerned, inspired by the logic of correct and timely determination and settlement of due taxes, implementing correct risk management.

The Governing Bodies of the Group companies are required to implement this fiscal strategy, thus assuming the responsibility of ensuring its application within the respective entities, together with the specific task of disseminating the underlying culture and values.

Therefore, all the concerned companies pursue the objective of ensuring uniform fiscal management, which is inspired by the following logic:

- correct and timely determination and settlement of due taxes by law and execution of the related obligations;
- containment of tax risk, understood as the risk of incurring the violation of tax laws or the abuse of the principles and purposes of the tax system.

#### **PRINCIPLES OF THE FISCAL STRATEGY**

Values

The principles of the fiscal strategy are an integral part of the objectives that the Group intends to pursue, they inspire company operations in the management of the tax variable and require the adoption of suitable processes that can guarantee their effectiveness and application.

> The Group, in line with its sustainability strategy, acts according to the values of honesty and integrity in the management of fiscal activities, being aware that the revenue deriving from taxes is one of the main sources of contribution to economic development and social policy of the countries in which it operates.

In order to satisfy the interests of all stakeholders, the Group pursues a conduct orient-Legality and ed towards compliance with the tax laws applicable in the countries in which it operates transparency and to interpret them in such a fashion as to responsibly manage tax risk. The Group's Board of Directors ensures the application of such comportment, thereby assuming the role and responsibility of guiding the dissemination of a corporate culture based on the values of honesty and integrity and the principle of legality.

The Group considers taxes as a business activity cost, which as such must be managed, **Shareholder** in compliance with the principle of legality, with the aim of safeguarding corporate asvalue sets and pursuing the primary interest of creating value for shareholders in the medium to long term.

#### **GUIDELINES FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE FISCAL STRATEGY**

To ensure the concrete implementation of the general principles outlined above, the Group's fiscal strategy is set out in the following guidelines;

correct application of tax legislation;

• adoption of the principle of legality through the timely application of the tax legislation of the countries in which the Group is present, to ensure that the spirit and purpose, that the law or legal system provides for interpreting the subject, being are observed.

#### INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS

Intercompany transactions are illustrated in the Parent Company's Masterfile which is drawn up annually taking into account: the information provided by the Italian tax authorities and the OECD Guidelines on transfer pricing ("OECD Guidelines"). These transactions take place at normal market prices, considering that all companies operate with permanent establishments in the various countries in which they are based. In consideration of the Group's values of transparency and to avoid risks in the dynamics of intercompany transactions, the companies based in the Italian territory, which meet the legal requirements, adhere to the Italian tax consolidation of the parent company Cremonini.

#### FULL COLLABORATION WITH TAX AUTHORITIES

The Group guarantees transparency and fairness in relations with the tax authorities, even in the event of audits relating to both Group companies and third parties. The Group adheres to the provisions on Transfer Pricing Documentation, in accordance with the indications of the OECD Transfer Pricing Guidelines (so-called three-tiered approach, divided into Master File, Local File, Country-by-Country Report).

#### ORGANISATION

The Parent Company's fiscal department, coordinated by the Tax Manager, guarantees: • in agreement with the CFOs of the subsidiaries, an adequate sizing of the necessary skills (internal to the organisation and making use of qualified external professionals), able to perform, in addition to the role of overseeing compliance, that of a decision analysis centre included in the governance and business;

#### **RISK ANALYSIS**

The fiscal risk is controlled according to two legislative measures: the law L. 262/2005 and the Legislative Decree 231/2001. As part of the approach to tax compliance, the main types of risk have been identified (compliance, financial reporting, operational, external) to which an assessment is attributed for each of the sensitive functions and processes. The risk matrix is constantly updated through periodic monitoring with the ordinary audit processes related to the voluntary audit of the financial statements.

#### **REPORTS OF VIOLATIONS**

For INALCA, tax compliance is considered as one of the fundamental aspects of an ethical and responsible management of the Company. In this sense, the violations that can be communicated through the Company's internal channels also include those of fiscal significance. The Code of Ethics, adopted by the Group, represents the instrument of "Ethical supervision" with which the Group operates and in which context the fiscal strategy is also fully registered. The provisions relating to violations of the Code of Ethics are suitable for ensuring the effectiveness of the provisions contained therein and must be understood as extended to the provisions of the fiscal strategy.

• ensure uniformity in the management of taxation with prudential criteria, making use of the collaboration of consultants.

SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

# **4.** Environment



**ENVIRONMENT** 

# 4.1 **INALCA's commitment**

Fight against climate change and poverty, responsible production and consumption models, clean and accessible energy, conscious use of natural resources are just some of the 17 objectives defined by the UN in the 2030 Agenda for sustainable development, based on the integration and correct balance between three different dimensions: environmental, economic and social.

Achieving them represents a challenge that unites states, institutions, companies, firms and individuals. INALCA has been pursuing its commitment to the environment for almost 30 years, thanks to a company policy that provides for self-production of energy, development of renewable sources, recycling and reuse of materials. The next goal will be to generate biome-

thane to power means of transport and agricultural machinery, renouncing fossil fuels. One of the best possible examples of circular economy, considered among the most effective solutions for the protection of the planet, comes from the Italian beef supply chain, in which no component constitutes a mere waste. Every part of the bovine, not just the meat, is in fact used, making it possible to create leathers for the world of fashion, (furniture and automotive, etc.), pet food, fertilisers and biomedical products, just to name the main examples. For this to be possible it is necessary that companies, such as IN-ALCA, are equipped with modern and efficient systems, with a strong integration of industrial processes, particular attention paid to energy saving and the use of renewable sources.



**22, 120** Photovoltaic panels on 17 plants



55



### 4.2

# Cogeneration, photovoltaic and self-generation of energy

Thanks to a self-production energy process that began in the mid-90s, today INALCA independently generates of the needs of its plants, characterised by the production of energy renewable sources (photovoltaic panels, anaerobic digestion and endotermic combustion).

This result was achieved through various systems located in the production plants and farms of INALCA:

- methane cogeneration systems (powered by natural gas)
- renewable source cogeneration systems (powered by biogas and animal fats)
- anaerobic digestion/biogas plants (food from purification sludge and manure)
- anaerobic digestion from slaughter by-products
- solar panels

Cogeneration systems represent for INALCA the main tool for improving its energy performance. To date INALCA has 6 natural gas-powered cogeneration engines located in 4 of its main Italian plants (Castelvetro di Modena, Ospedaletto Lodigiano, Rieti and Busseto) for a total methane cogeneration power of 14.1 MW. To these are added 2 cogeneration **plants** which include the co-participation, together with the Mantova Tea Group, of a large plant fuelled by animal fats with a power of **4.8 MW** as well as another **5 biogas plants** of the Group fuelled by purification sludge and manure for additional 3.83 **MW**. The cogeneration technology is combined with another virtuous technology consisting of anaerobic digestion present both in industrial plants and in breeding farms. In industrial plants, this technology allows the recovery of waste and slaughtering byproducts with the production of biogas (such as the 1 MW Ospedaletto Lodigiano plant and the 0.53 MW Pegognaga plant) which allows otherwise nonexploitable biomass to be sent for energy recovery - these are organic waste such as sewage sludge and non-edible animal by-products, such as manure deriving from slaughtering and transporting animals which contribute significantly to the production of electricity and heat, in addition to the associated reduction in the consumption of fossil fuels in the same establishments. On breeding farms, the production of green energy is based on the use of manure and waste from agricultural processes, also contributing in this case to the reduction of fossil fuel consumption (some examples are the plants located in Spilamberto di Modena at Corticella S.r.l. with a power of 0.3 MW, and the two plants located at the agricultural company La Torre with a total power of 2 MW).

Anaerobic digestion systems produce biogas which can be used for the production of heat, electricity and, in the future, bio-methane. Residual digestate is a fertiliser capable of enriching agricultural soil with organic matter and reducing the use of chemical fertilisers. The Group's next challenge is represented by bio-methane: an advanced fuel obtained from the refining of biogas capable of powering agricultural machinery and road fleets for transporting meat, or to be distributed via direct injection into the network. In fact, the adaptation and modification of the current biogas plants is underway in order to convert them into bio-methane and start production with a view to 2022-2026. Finally, INALCA has developed green energy through photovoltaic panels, specifically thanks to the initiation of the systems present at the sites of Ospedaletto Lodigiano (INALCA) with 1.3 MW and Gazoldo degli Ippoliti (Italia Alimentari) with 0.63 MW. During 2022, 7 photovoltaic plants were initiated, respectively in Castelnuovo Rangone (MO) - Fiorani & C. S.p.A., Gazoldo (MN) - Italia Alimentari S.p.A., Rieti (RI) - INALCA S.p.A., Stienta (RO) - INALCA S.p.A., Flumeri (AV) - Realbeef S.r.l., Nonantola (MO) - SARA, Spilamberto (MO) - Tecno-Star Due S.r.l. (MO). INALCA has built solar panels on its production plants and farms for a total of **11 photovoltaic systems**, so as to contribute significantly to the production of energy from renewable sources. Starting from 2023, 6 new photovoltaic plants and the expansion of 4 already existing ones are planned, for a total of a further 8.27 MW, which will be added to the 5.53 MW already active.





Stienta plant (RO) Castelvetro plant (MO)\* Pegognaga plant (MN) Rieti plant (RI) Flumeri plant (AV) Capo d'Orlando plant (ME) Sara S.r.I. (MO) La Torre farm Isola della Scala (VR)\*

\* An extension's plant is previewed from 2023

#### **INALCA'S SELF-GENERATION SYSTEM OF ELECTRICITY FROM RENEWABLE SOURCES ARE SHOWN BELOW:**

	ENERGY PRODUCTI	ON FROM RE	NEWABL	ESOURCES	
PLANT LOCATION	COMPANY NAME	PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY	MW POWER	PRODUCTION 2022 (MWH)	ENERGY SOURCE
Ospedaletto Lodigiano (LO)	INALCA S.p.A.	Anaerobic digestion	1.00	5351	Slaughterhouse waste
Pegognaga (MN)	INALCA S.p.A.	Anaerobic digestion	0.53	3635	Slaughterhouse waste / Food waste
Spilamberto (MO)	Soc. Agr. Corticella S.r.l.	Anaerobic digestion	0.30	2219	Livestock slurry
Isola Della Scala (VR)	AGRICOLA LA TORRE	Anaerobic digestion	1.00	8658	Livestock slurry
Isola Della Scala (VR)	CA' BIANCA 30%	Anaerobic digestion	1.00	2579	Livestock slurry
Pegognaga (MN)	UNITEA S.r.l.	Endothermic combustion	4.80	17591	Cast fat
Capo d'Orlando (ME)	INALCA S.p.A.	Photovoltaic	0.13	159	Solar energy
Piacenza (PC)	Fiorani & C.	Photovoltaic	0.52	469	Solar energy
Ospedaletto Lodigiano (LO)	INALCA S.p.A.	Photovoltaic	1.30	1349	Solar energy
Rieti (RI)	INALCA S.p.A.	Photovoltaic	0.40	480	Solar energy
Stienta (RO)	INALCA S.p.A.	Photovoltaic	0.05	60	Solar energy
Gazoldo (MN)	ITALIA ALIMENTARI S.p.A	- Photovoltaic	0.63	601	Solar energy
Flumeri (AV)	REALBEEF S.r.l.	Photovoltaic	0.19	215	Solar energy
Spilamberto (MO)	TECNO-STAR DUE	Photovoltaic	0.07	92	Solar energy
Nonantola (MO)	SARA S.r.l.	Photovoltaic	0.95	772	Solar energy
Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)	Fiorani & C.	Photovoltaic	0.30	360	Solar energy
Isola Della Scala (VR)	AGRICOLA LA TORRE	Photovoltaic	0.99	956	Solar energy
Isola Della Scala (VR)	AGRICOLA LA TORRE	Photovoltaic	0.99	from 2023	Solar energy
Castelfranco Emilia (MO)	Soc. Agr. Corticella S.r.l.	Photovoltaic	0.84	from 2023	Solar energy
Spilamberto (MO)	Soc. Agr. Corticella S.r.l.	Photovoltaic	0.99	from 2023	Solar energy
Busseto (PR)	ITALIA ALIMENTARI S.pa	a Photovoltaic	0.95	from 2023	Solar energy
Piacenza (PC)	Fiorani & C.	Photovoltaic	0.50	from 2023	Solar energy
Gazoldo (MN)	ITALIA ALIMENTARI S.p.a	. Photovoltaic	0.60	from 2023	Solar energy
Ospedaletto Lodigiano (LO)	INALCA S.p.A.	Photovoltaic	1.30	from 2023	Solar energy
Castelvetro di Modena (MO)	INALCA S.p.A.	Photovoltaic	1.00	from 2023	Solar energy
Pegognaga (MN)	INALCA S.p.A.	Photovoltaic	0.60	from 2023	Solar energy
Castelnuovo Rangone (MO)	CASTELFRIGO LV	Photovoltaic	0.50	from 2023	Solar energy

- INALCA expects the completion of the energy transition towards biomethane of the group's agricultural biogas plants by 2026;
- Strengthening of production of solar energy.





#### ENVIRONMENT

### 4.3

# Regeneration of waste and food by-products

All INALCA production processes are based on the principles of circular economy. This strategy includes the investment in a new food system, within the Castelvetro di Modena plant, for fats cast and bone processing, i.e., by-products deriving from the slaughtering and processing of meat, which previously had other uses than food and sent to disposal and destruction. The new plant went into operation during 2021, and allows the raw material (fat and bones) to be enhanced both as by-products for the feed industry and pet food, and for food use (for the production of greaves, ingredients and flavours), as well as pharmaceutical (collagen for medicinal capsules).

The plant consists of two independent lines, intended for cooking and shredding fats and bones. Specifically, from the processing of fats we obtain greaves (crunchies

of fat typical of the peasant food tradition), tallow (product suitable for feed and pet food), and a component that can be used for food use (aromas, ingredients, etc.).

From the processing of the bones, dried and ground, a flour suitable for feed is obtained, as well as a useful base for the production of collagen to be used in the pharmaceutical industryfor the production of protective capsules for medicines.

The plant is highly efficient: it has an hourly processing capacity of **4 tons of fat and 6.4 tons of bones**, and a production capacity of **4.1 tons/h of tallow**, **2.6 tons/h of flour**, and **0.6 tons/h of greaves**.





#### **ENVIRONMENT**

### 4.4

# Reducing the carbon footprint

The development of a correct corporate strategy in the matter of decarbonisation cannot be separated from the implementation of consistent emission measurement systems recognised in the international context in order to set up adequate corporate strategies; there is an increasing need to carry out a quantitative calculation of the carbon footprint emitted at company level. Along with the LCA methodology, there are other ways to monitor one's environmental impact, such as the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Standard (GHG Protocol). GHG Protocol was born in the late 1990s as an international standard for reporting greenhouse gases, specifically developed by the World Resources Institute (WRI) in response to the evolution of international policies on climate change. The standard represents a reporting system that provides calculation tools, as well as other methodologies for measuring and quantifying greenhouse gas emissions. To measure its Carbon Footprint, the INALCA Group has collected for the year 2022 the data necessary to estimate greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. To measure its Carbon Footprint, the INALCA Group has collected for the year

2021, all the data necessary to estimate greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions.

These are calculated using the IPCC (Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change) methodology and are all indicated in terms of tons of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent, by applying the coefficients of the Global Warming Potential (GWP) of each compound considered over a 100-year horizon. The result is expressed through three indicators: Scope 1, which includes respectively all the direct emissions of the Group, such as those deriving from the use of fuels for the production of energy, for company vehicles, for the production process and emissions deriving from farm animals owned by the farm; Scope 2, representative indicator of indirect emissions resulting from the use of purchased electricity and by their nature not directly produced within company boundaries. Since last year INALCA has also decided to introduce the Scope **3** indicator, which includes emissions which, although connected to the characteristic business activity, are not controlled directly by the Group but are produced in the INALCA value chain, both upstream and downstream.



From this year INALCA has decided to also introduce involved in compost activities (SARA S.r.l.) and the **Scope 3** indicator, which includes all emissions energy generation from cast fat (UNITEA S.p.A.). which, although connected to the core and business As foreseen by the GHG Protocol Corporate Value activity, are not controlled directly by the Group Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard but are produced in the INALCA value chain both guidelines, Scope 3 is further divided up to 15 different upstream and downstream. sub-categories, from which it is possible to select the For all three Scopes, the emissions were divided into most important ones in the value chain.

four macro groups, including farms, slaughtering/

processing centres, logistics platforms and "other", which includes the two companies of the Group

#### **RELATING TO THE CATEGORIES OF REPORTED IMPACTS**, SCOPE 3 OF INALCA IS DIVIDED INTO:

REFERENCE BOUNDARIES	CATEGORY
	Purchased goods and
	services (category 1)*
	Materials
	Fuel and energy related activities not included in Scope 1 and 2 (category 3) <sup>-</sup>
	'Fuels (net of the combustion process)
UPSTREAM SCOPE 3 EMISSIONS	Upstream transportation and distribution (category 4)* *Inbound transport (raw materials)
	Waste generated in operations (category 5)* *Waste + wastewater
DOWNSTREAM SCOPE 3 EMISSIONS	Downstream transportation and distribution (category 9)* *Outbound transport (waste)

In 2021 INALCA launched an in-depth study of emissions at some of the Group's production plants in order to carry out the first data collection on climate change, deforestation, water security and the supply chain through the CDP (Carbon Disclosure Project) platform which was published for the first time in Scope 3 in 2022. Following this first mapping exercise of its emissions, INALCA has officially signed the SBTi (Science Based Target initiative) commitment for the establishment of a near-term target. For more information, visit https://sciencebasedtargets.org/companies-takingaction.

\*Tier 1 suppliers are companies with which the company has a purchase order for goods or services (for example, materials, parts, components, etc.).

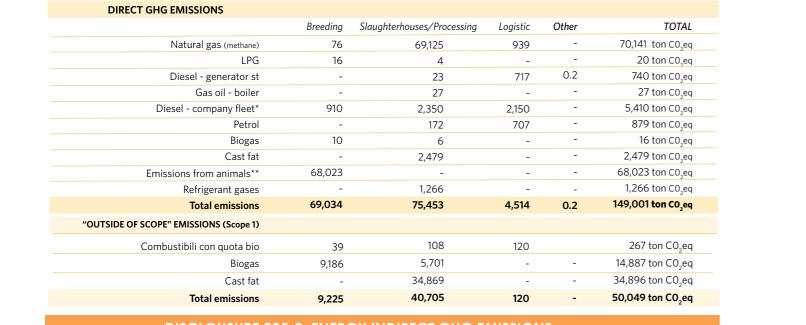
INALCA decided to quantify its emissions of categories reported within the chart below.

#### CATEGORY DESCRIPTION Emissions related to the extraction, production and transport of goods and services purchased or acquired by the Group. Some examples are slaughtered animals that do not come from the farms owned by the Group, the packaging used, chemicals and sanitisers. Emissions related to the extraction, production and transport of fuels and energy purchased or acquired by the Group, net of that under consideration in Scope 1 and 2. For example, emissions downstream of the energy purchased and any losses related to the transport/distribution of the same. Emissions resulting from the transport and distribution of products purchased in the reference year, between the Group's Tier 1\* suppliers and its operations on vehicles not owned or managed by the same. In addition, emissions deriving from inbound logistics (e.g., items delivered to slaughterhouses) and outbound logistics are included, such as transport and distribution by third parties between the Group's structures. Emissions deriving from the disposal and treatment of waste by third parties generated in operations owned or controlled by the Group. This category includes emissions from the disposal of both generated waste and waste water.

Emissions relating to the transport and distribution of products sold outside the "gate" in vehicles and facilities not owned or controlled by the Group.



#### **ENVIRONMENT**



DISCLOSURE 305-1: DIRECT GHG EMISSIONS (SCOPE 1)

# DISCLOUSURE 305-2: ENERGY INDIRECT GHG EMISSIONS (SCOPE 2)

INDIRECT GHG EMISSIONS					
	Breeding	Slaughterhouses/Processing	Logistic	Other	TOTAL
Consumed electricity (market - based)	323	54,595	7,808	1,469	64,194 ton CO <sub>2</sub> eq
Consumed electricity (location - based)	209	35,286	5,046	949	41,490 ton C0 <sub>2</sub> eq

## DISCLOSURE 305-3: OTHER INDIRECT GHG EMISSIONS (SCOPE 3)

INDIRECT GHG EMISSIONS					
	Breeding	Slaughterhouses/Processing	Logistic	Other	TOTAL
Materials	2,944,229	263,220	18.606	576	3,226,631 ton C0,eq
Fuels (net of the combustion process)	1,738	40,165	3,885	596	46,384 ton C0 <sub>2</sub> eq
Inbound transport (raw materials)	4,117	-	15,829	-	19,947 ton CO <sub>2</sub> eq
Waste	3	3,774	49	69	3,894 ton CO <sub>2</sub> eq
Outbound transport (waste)	1	399	10,975	17	11,391 ton C0 <sub>2</sub> eq
Scope 3 - TOTAL	2,950,087	307,558	49,345	1,258	3,308,247 ton CO <sub>2</sub> eq

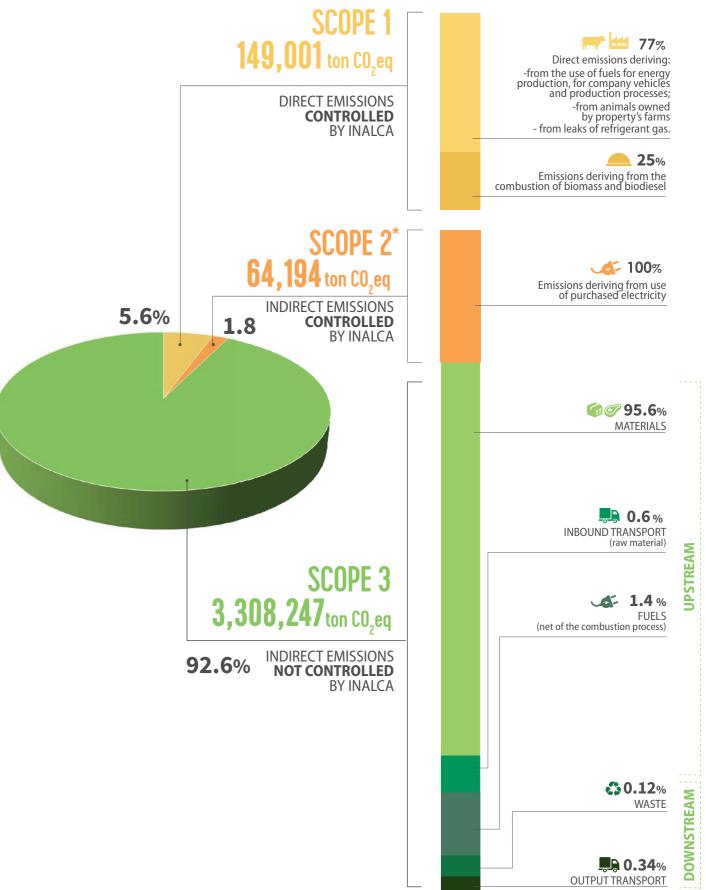
DISCLOSURE 305-4: INTENSITY OF GREENHOUSE GAS (GHG) EMISSIONS												
	Scope 1 + Scope 2 emissions <sup>1</sup>	Scope 3 emissions	Products placed on the market <sup>2</sup>	By-products (Cat. 1-2-3) <sup>2</sup>	Scope 1 and 2 emissions / Products placed on the market	Scope 1 and 2 emissions / By-products (Cat. 1-2-3)	Scope 3 emissions / Products placed on the market	Scope 3 emissions / By-products (Cat. 1-2-3)				
	tonCO <sub>2</sub> eq	tonCO <sub>2</sub> eq	ton	ton	tonCO <sub>2</sub> eq/ton	tonCO2eq/ton	tonCO <sub>2</sub> eq/ton	tonCO <sub>2</sub> eq/ton				
 2022	213,195	3,308,247	549,307	109,670	0.39	1.94	6.02	30.17				
2021	161,279	3,164,046	501,025	118,492	0.32	1.36	6.32	26.70				

DISCLOSURE 302-3: ENERGY INTENSITY										
	Total energy consumptio <sup>3</sup>	Total energy consumption from renew- able sources <sup>3</sup>	Products placed on the market <sup>2</sup>	By-products (Cat. 1-2-3) <sup>2</sup>	Total energy consumption / Products placed on the market	Total energy consumption / By-products (Cat. 1-2-3)	Scope 3 emissions / Products placed on the market	Scope 3 emissions / By-products (Cat. 1-2-3)		
	GJ	GJ	ton	ton	tonCO <sub>2</sub> eq/ton	tonCO <sub>2</sub> eq/ton	tonCO <sub>2</sub> eq/ton	tonCO2eq/ton		
2022	2,663,311	777,518	549,307	109,670	4.85	24.28	1.42	7.09		
2021	2,342,104	517,455	501,025	118,492	4.67	19.77	1.03	4.37		

\*\* Greenhouse gases of biogenic origin (and, as such, outside of scope) include: CO, emissions (from the combustion process or from the biodegradation of biomass), biogenic CH, emissions (attributable, for example, to methane from enteric fermentation), CO<sub>2</sub> absorption by biological processes (CO<sub>2</sub> uptake). The calculation methodology currently adopted does not allow the three components to be quantified separately. The methodology will be refined in the coming year in order to include biogenic CH, in the item "Inside of scope" emissions and isolate the other two components, to be counted as "Outside of scope". <sup>(1)</sup> With regard to Scope 2, the emissions according to the Market Based approach were taken as a reference.

(2) This calculation includes the activities of INALCA (Ospedaletto Lodigiano, Castelvetro di Modena, Rieti, Pegognaga, Reggio Emilia), FIORANI (Piacenza, Castelnuovo Rangone, Solignano), ITALIA ALIMENTARI (Gazoldo, Busseto, Postalesio), REALBEEF, PARMA SLAUGHTERHOUSE and CASTELFRIGO.

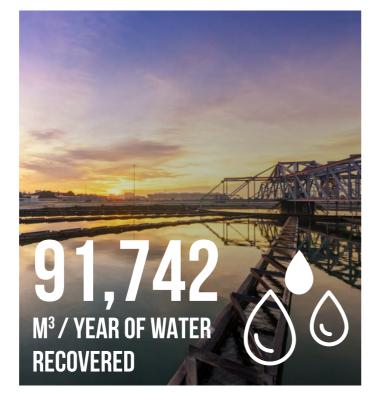
(3) The total energy consumption and the relative portion deriving from renewable sources are consistent with what is reported in table GRI 302-1 in the Annex section of this Report.



# **DIRECT AND INDIRECT GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS (GHG)**

# 4.5 Water recovery and reuse

INALCA, aware of the value of water resources, has been pursuing improvement objectives for some time, both in terms of reducing consumption and increasing recovery and reuse. In accordance with the provisions of the Ministerial Decree 185/2003, within which the reference framework for the reuse of recovered water is established, however, it is not permitted, to date, usage of the same for uses that would involve contact with food. For its production sites INALCA largely uses water resources from groundwater, which offer greater guarantees in terms of quality. Over 90% of water supplies are also managed directly by INALCA, both for the phase of withdrawal from the groundwater, and for the distribution, use and purification phases. The water cycle, completely managed by INALCA, ensures "waste-free" management of the water resource as the distribution network is particularly manned and controlled. Furthermore, water discharges have a chemical-physical composition





Source: Mekonnen, M.M., Hoekstra, A.Y. The Green, Blue and Grey Water Footprint of Farm Animals and Animal Products Value of Water Research Report Series no.48, UNESCO-IHE, Delft, the Netherlands, 2010e. \*Atzori A.S., Canalis C., Dias Francesconi A.H., Pulina G., 2016. A preliminary study on a new approach to estimate water resources allocation: the net water footprint applied to animal products. Agric. and Agricult. Sci. Procedia, 8, pp. 50-57. that makes them easily purified, given a balanced relationship between the so-called chemical oxygen demand (COD) and the biological oxygen demand (BOD).

## **GREEN, BLUE AND GREY WATER**

The scarcity of resources is one of the main challenges that humanity is now facing.

But among all the assets that will increasingly be at the centre of problems related to their scarcity, and also fears of conflicts to precure them, water certainly stands out. Basic element for life on this planet, it is also used in every production process, including that of meat, generally accused of exploitation in excessive measures. Although the use of water to produce meat is certainly important and actually higher than that necessary to produce other foods, it is fundamental to make some clarifications. The methodology used to measure the indicator was developed by the Water Footprint Network, a reference non-profit organisation that operates internationally to standardise the calculation and use of this impact indicator.

However, the Water Footprint of a product is given by the sum of three components which correspond to a different impact on the environment:

1. green water: volume of rainwater evapo-transpirated from the soil and cultivated plants;

2. blue water: volume of water from surface courses or underground strata, used along the production

## FOCUS BIODIVERSITY

In 2022, an analysis was carried out on the positioning of all INALCA Group offices with respect to protected natural areas or areas with a high biodiversity value. This analysis allows the organisation to reduce possible environmental impacts, ensuring correct management of any direct and indirect effects on biodiversity caused by its activities.

production sites are located in an external position and not directly adjacent to sites and/or protected areas, or areas with a high biodiversity value. The headquarters of INALCA S.p.A. in the municipality of Ospedaletto Lodigiano (LO), which deals with bovine slaughter, is located about 7 km from the SCI-SPA IT 2090001 -

chain but which is not returned to the sampling basin (includes both irrigation and process water);

3. grey water: volume of water possibly polluted during production and measured as the volume of water theoretically required to dilute the pollutants to bring the water back to availability.

These indicators show an overall water footprint value of approximately 15,400 l/kg, of which 94% is green, 3% is blue and only 3% is grey. This value refers to one kilogram of meat produced globally, averaging the values relating to the different farming systems (pasture, industrial, mixed) in the different regions of the world. The data is obtained, therefore, by comparing extremely different production systems and climatic regions: in fact, it goes from over 26,000 litres per kg from grazing cattle in India to 3,000 litres in the Argentine or US industrial systems.

This great variability in the overall value also corresponds to a high variability in the composition: while in the case of grazing animals 99% of the water is green, when the system is of the industrial type this value can drop to less than 90%. As for Italy, the data indicate an average value of 11,500 litres of water per kg of meat produced, of which 87% green, 5% blue and 8% grey.

Therefore, if we exclude green water in Italy, approximately 1,495 litres of water are needed to produce 1 kg of beef, which in the most efficient systems can even reach 790 litres per kg.\*

Monticchie Regional Reserve site, in an external position and not adjacent to that site. With regard to the headquarters of ITALIA ALIMENTARI S.p.A. in the municipality of Postalesio (SO), which mainly deals with the production of bresaola, is located about 6 km from the site of the Piramidi di Postalesio Nature Reserve\*, in an external position and not adjacent to that location. Finally, the CORTICELLA farm located in Galvana, The analysis carried out showed that respectively 3 in the province of Castelfranco Emilia (MO) is located 10 km from the SICZPS IT 4050016 site - Abbazia di Monteveglio Regional Park (BO), in an external position and not adjacent to that area.

> For further details on this analysis, please refer to the "Annex" chapter of this Sustainability Report.

<sup>\*</sup>It is specified that for this Nature Reserve it was not possible to identify any identification cod

# Packaging and subsidiary materials: reduction, recovery and recycling

INALCA uses various types of packaging: the main ones are made of plastic, paper, cardboard for the packaging of fresh and frozen meats, tinplate and aluminium are used instead for canned meats; the goal is to use the least amount of plastic by type of packaging, to promote, where technology allows, recyclable mono-material packaging, to encourage the replacement of disposable secondary packaging with reusable packaging. During 2022, in continuity with the previous reporting periods, particular attention was paid to the increasingly extensive use of mono-material packaging, actions aimed at reducing thicknesses and implementing the use of materials with a high recycled plastic content. Starting from January 2022, in the Capo d'Orlando plant, the percentage of recycled content inside the trays has been increased, going from 27% to 50%, equivalent to 1 ton of virgin material saved, of which 30% is from post-consumption, which is currently compliant with UNI EN 13430. Starting from January 2022, the range of trays intended for portioned beef and pork with a minimum of 95% post-consumer recycled plastic was also expanded compared to the previous 80%, for a total of 33 tons of virgin PET1 saved at the Reggio Emilia plant. Starting from 2023, another line of development on all INALCA plants will be the validation of a new mono-material vacuum bag LDPE 04 which will replace the current one and which will save 10% of plastic, equivalent to 14 tons, thanks to its lesser thickness

Packaging production is a complex technology and the partnership with the supplier is a fundamental requirement for the pursuit of improvement results. For this purpose, INALCA adopts a criterion for the selection of packaging suppliers based on 3 principles:

- Technical competence;
- Ability to provide assistance and technological innovation;
- Consolidated experience with large industrial groups.

Italia Alimentari, has been pursuing a strategy in recent years aimed at the responsible and conscious use of packaging material. The first project, which started in 2018, involved reducing the thicknesses and weights of plastic packaging with a saving of 45,000 kg in 2020, to which are added a further 17,500 kg thanks to optimisation and efficiency operations in the packaging of internal semi-finished products.

These are for the most part trays for sliced salami, packaged in PET-PE, a safe material for the preservation of the food product, to which the company has combined the PET-1 mono-material in 2020, promoting, in both cases, the presence of a percentage of recycled compound which is respectively up to 70% in PET-PE and from 45 to 65% in PET-1. Furthermore, Italia Alimentari has carried out a feasibility study to involve alternative materials to plastic in the packaging; in particular, the development of paper trays, with FSC and Aticelca B certified material.

In the development of all packaging projects, up to the technology of the packaging systems, suppliers are fundamental partners, selected through qualification and evaluation using the same criteria adopted by INALCA.

# **86**% OF RECYCLED PAPER FOR PACKAGING

# **13,635 =** TONS SAVED

\* It should be noted that the above KPIs refer to the 36 companies of the INALCA Group included in the scope of consolidation of the environmental data, the list of which is indicated on pages 10-11 of this document. Considering only the 6 plants in Castelvetro di Modena (MO), Ospedaletto Lodigiano (LO), Reggio Emilia (RE), Pegognaga (MN), Rieti and Capo D'Orlando (ME) that correspond to the consolidation perimeter of the environmental data of Sustainability Reports prior to 2019, the data for the year 2021 are equal to **90.2%** as regards the percentage of **recycled paper** used in the production processes and **39.9%** in reference to **recycled plastic**.

# **36**% **2,858** OF RECYCLED PLASTIC = TONS SAVED

# Reduction, recovery and recycling of waste

The combination of biogas and composting treatments allows INALCA the complete and integrated management of its waste: from the production of the waste up to its complete reuse and regeneration into products for sustainable agriculture. Starting in 2021, and finalising in the second half of 2022, INALCA and Herambiente (Hera Group) have signed a partnership for the establishment of a NewCo ("BIORG"), with the aim of producing biomethane, a 100% renewable fuel (FORSU) , and compost from the separate collection of organic waste and agri-food waste, all thanks to a major investment in a site owned by Herambiente in Spilamberto (MO), using the best available technologies to which the already existing and functioning composting plant of Sara S.r.l. has been associated.

Transforming the final waste from beef processing into new organic fertilisers, in an exemplary circular economy cycle. This is the challenge of the NP Sustainable Fertiliser Project in the context of Smart Agrifood and the European Green Deal, which has involved companies and universities with the support of the EIT FOOD community body, whose first phase of research has just ended.

INALCA, in partnership with a leading company in the fertiliser sector, has been able to develop new agronomic solutions, also thanks to the collaboration with various university research institutions. INALCA, in the field of corporate social responsibility, has for many years developed anaerobic digestion plants aimed at the treatment of waste deriving from meat processing. The dried digestate, dehydrated organic material that can be used as raw material for the production of organic fertilisers, for a quantity of about 4,000 tons per year. The project has made it possible to scientifically verify the processes of realisation and

transformation of the digestate into new fertilisers, containing nitrogen (N) and phosphorus (P) in organic form, studying the effects on the soil and the agronomic performances on plants of agricultural interest. Thanks to the project, developed over the two-year period from 2021-2022, the potential valorisation of this raw material was verified by creating organo-mineral fertilisers of great interest for the market. In fact, the project led to the creation of three fertiliser prototypes - two totally organic and one organic-material - both in powder and pellet formulations, with interesting agronomic results. The industrial model of symbiosis, which integrates a producer in the food sector and a company producing fertilisers, can be replicated within the Community and constitutes a concrete example of transition towards ever more advanced forms of circular economy, while increasing the sustainability of the whole beef supply chain.



# **IS DIVERTED FROM** DISPOSAL



SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

# **5.** Social

































# Group's people

The overall personnel context is essentially stable in employment: 6,488<sup>(1)</sup> employees of which 4,263 in the INALCA Italy Group and affiliates and 2,225 in international branches. In 2022 the Group increased its number of staff due to the acquisition of new pork processing plants in Italy.

The following graphs show the indicators adopted:

- Breakdown of personnel by professional classification;
- Breakdown of personnel by gender;
- New employees and their breakdown by age.

Where present, the INALCA Group applies national sector employment contracts for the sector to which the individual company belongs. Collective sector agreements also contain precise references to the health and safety aspects of workers. Collective bargaining is also applied to workers operating under an outsourcing regime.

INALCA'S GROUP PERSONNEL 2022 <sup>(2)</sup>	
Breakdown by type and category	
EXECUTIVES	131
MANAGERS	182
EMPLOYEES	1,304
INTERMEDIATES	152
WORKERS	4,683
OTHER CATEGORIES <sup>3</sup>	35
TRAVELLERS	1
TOTAL EMPLOYEES	6,488

28, 1,836 WOMEN 4,651 MEN **NEW YOUNG EMPLOYEES** young people under the age **of 30 years** 

FEMALE PRESENCE IN THE STAFF

TOTAL NO. OF EMPLOYEES BY GENDER AND GEOGRAPHICAL AREA AS AT 31st DECEMBER 2022										
	20									
Geographic region	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL							
ITALY	3,285	978	4,263							
EUROPE	311	134	445							
EXTRA-EEC	1,056	724	1,780							
TOTAL EMPLOYEES			6,488							

тот	AL NUMBER OF EI	MPLOYEES BY GENDER	2
AND EXT	RA-EEC GEOGRAPH	IIC AREA AT 31st DECE	MBER
	20	22	
Geographic region	MEN	WOMEN	TOTAL
AFRICA	313	60	373
ASIA	713	647	1,360
AUSTRALIA	26	7	33
AMERICA	4	10	14
TOTAL EMPLOYEES			1,780



# 34.3

% EU + EXTRA EEC **EMPLOYEES OUT OF TOTAL** 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> The data relating to the total number of human resources of the INALCA Group as at 31st December 2022 differs from the figure in the Consolidated Financial Statements as at 31st December 2022, due to differences in the methodology for collecting the data.

<sup>(2)</sup> The representation of the breakdown of personnel by professional classification of INALCA S.p.A. at 31st December 2022 differs from the breakdown present in the Consolidated Financial Statements at 31st December 2022 due to differences in the methodology for collecting the data.

<sup>(3)</sup> Personnel represented within "other categories" are collaborators considered as conventional employees for INALCA, due to the fact that they are equalized from contracts point of view to the rest of the personnel.

# 5.2 Fair work and economic development

Where present, the INALCA Group applies national sector employment contracts for the sector to which the individual company belongs. These cover 100% of employees in Italy and over 19% of those abroad. Collective sector agreements also contain precise references to the health and safety aspects of workers. Collective bargaining is also applied to workers operating under an outsourcing regime. The benefits provided for by national collective bargaining that full-time employees can take advantage of are also disbursed without

distinction to part-time employees or employees with a fixed-term contract.

INALCA wants to contribute to the contrast of all forms of labour exploitation, in the agricultural sector in particular, and to guaranteeing stable employment and access to young people. The training, safety and protection of workers are fundamental pillars for their development in full respect of human rights and equal opportunities. The Group, in the management of employment relationships, wants to guarantee the protection of diversity by trying to prevent any possible discrimination, in full consistency with its Code of Ethics. Regarding the protection of human rights, INALCA places human and worker rights at the basis of its personnel management and recruitment procedures. These issues are communicated to 100% of new employees in all Group branches, through the company Code of Ethics and management and recruitment procedures in the human resources area. INALCA carries out a systematic training activity at all company levels. Training is entrusted to expert teams operating in various business areas.

The topics on which the training activities focus are essentially:

- the insertion of new employees, combining training and education actions;
- health, safety at work and environmental protection;
- processing hygiene and quality principles;
- ethical principles, codes of conduct adopted within the corporate organisational model and human rights.

During 2023, the implementation of an e-learning portal is planned in collaboration with a certified training body, within which there will be the possibility of publishing customised content created ad-hoc by internal staff. Furthermore, an increase in the hours of training on Sustainability provided to INALCA Top Management is expected in 2023.



INALCA carries out a systematic activity in the field of health and safety at work, managing health surveillance and safety of workers also through the maintenance of the ISO 45001 certification standard on all INALCA plants in the Italian area.

## **HEALTH IN THE WORKPLACE**

Health surveillance includes a series of medical examinations aimed at identifying and eliminating hazards and minimising risks at work and in the workplace. Preventive medical examinations are carried out to ascertain the absence of contraindications to the labour for which the worker is intended, in order to assess his suitability for the specific job. Periodic medical examinations resulting from a health protocol are established to regularly check the health of workers and express a judgment of suitability for the specific job. The frequency of these tests is established by the occupational Specialist Doctor on the basis of the risk assessment implemented by the employer. If the Specialist Doctor, following the assessments that emerged, expresses a judgment of partial or temporary or total unfitness of the worker, the employer, with the collaboration of the company prevention and protection service, implements the measures indicated by the Specialist Doctor to assign the worker, where possible, to another job compatible with his state of health. Furthermore, each worker can specifically request a medical examination, if it is considered by the Specialist Doctor to be related to occupational risks or health conditions. Medical examinations and checks are carried out on occasion of job changes and return to work after prolonged periods of absence, to verify suitability for work and the job performed. The employer also addresses the issue of the absence of drug addiction or the use of narcotic or psychotropic substances in workers assigned to tasks that involve particular risks for the



security, safety and health of third parties through preventive and educational actions on these issues. The health and risk records of the worker subjected to health surveillance are kept according to professional secrecy safeguarding and are delivered to the worker at the time of termination of the employment relationship, or when he expressly requests it. With a view to continuous improvement, the INALCA management, through a periodic review, undertakes to update the needs and objectives on the subject of health and safety in the workplace, establishing the commitment and activities of the Top Management and Management in Quality, Environment, Health and Safety systems. The reviews are carried out at least once a year, based on the quarterly reports received from the company management systems in the environmental, quality and health and safety fields. The purpose of these management reviews is to verify whether the management systems are and continue to be appropriate, adequate and effective and whether the results obtained are effective and consistent with the pre-established Quality, Environment, Health and Safety policy and objectives. INALCA promotes employee access to forms of supplementary medical assistance with respect to the services provided by the national health system in the Group's Italian establishments. These supplementary services also include services not inherent to activities related to the workplace, in order to promote the health of workers and family members, where possible.

SOCIAL

# 5.3

# **INALCA** and trade Associations and Organisations

INALCA is an active member of the main international meat producers' organisations. Trade Associations represent a fundamental element for the acquisition of technical knowledge and standards regarding the international markets in which the company operates. The complex economic and health regulation of the meat markets, the continuous evolution of sector regulations and the specific peculiarities of each country, in fact require interfacing structures with local institutions, capable of addressing specific problems of producers in compliance with the roles and the institutional dialectic. The purpose of these Associations is therefore to strengthen and develop organic public-private relations and to establish a transparent and effective system of exchange between economic operators and institutions.

ASSOCARNI

ASSOCARNI, the National Association of Meat and Livestock Industry and Commerce, is the main trade association, belonging to the Confindustria circuit.

## https://www.assocarni.it



Through Assocarni, INALCA is part of the International Meat Secretariat (IMS), which represents the meat and livestock sector globally and of the related European Association Clitravi

https://www.meat-ims.org



CENTROMARCA, the Italian Brand Industry Association, promotes the culture and values of the Brand in the market and in society. The association is a member of Confindustria and AIM (Association des Industries de Marque), the European association that brings together the brand industry associations present in Europe.

# https://centromarca.it

ASSICA, the Industrial Association of Meat and Cured Meats, is the national trade organisation that, within Confindustria, represents the production companies of cured meats (processed pork and beef products) and pork slaughtering.

(A) https://www.assica.it

FEDERALIMENTARE

ASSOCIAZIONE INDUSTRIALI delle Carni e dei Salumi

FEDERALIMENTARE represents, protects and promotes the Food and Beverage Industry in Italy, the second manufacturing sector in the country. Federalimentare is committed alongside the institutions in promoting a food model based on safety and quality requirements, guiding entrepreneurial skills to seize the best business opportunities in Italy and abroad by promoting Made in Italy food excellence.

#### https://www.federalimentare.it



FILIERA ITALIA is an alliance to protect and represent the true distinctiveness and excellence of Italian agri-food production. The two priority objectives of the Association are the fight against Italian sounding and the defence and promotion of the Mediterranean Diet.

(A) https://www.filieraitalia.it







#### SOCIAL

# 5.4 **INALCA** and local communities

INALCA's economic activity in a given area is fully integrated with the social dimension of the community, starting with the direct contribution in terms of employment and payment of local taxes.

Social responsibility also necessitates the direct support of institutions or initiatives of a social nature, in the logic of the objectives SDG 4 (Quality education), 10 (Reducing inequalities) and 11 (Sustainable cities and communities): the main initiatives implemented during 2022 are summarised here.



RONALD MC DONALD FOUNDATION - The Ronald McDonald Children's Foundation is an international non-profit organisation founded in 1974, to offer hospitality and assistance to children and their families during their stay in hospital. INALCA has been supporting the Foundation's activities for several years, through participation in tournaments and charity auctions. Also in 2022, Mc Donald's through the Ronald McDonald Children's Foundation, with the collaboration of Banco Alimentare, franchisees and suppliers, including INALCA, with the "Always ready to donate" project, donated 170,000 hot meals to structures that offer hospitality to people and families in difficulty.

## *https://www.fondazioneronald.org/it-it*



ANT - ANT Foundation is the largest non-profit organisation in Italy for free home social-healthcare assistance to cancer patients. INALCA has supported the association for more than 20 years and during 2022, it contributed to the "Basket of excellence" project to support free specialist homecare activities for cancer patients, cancer prevention and accompanying services in the area. Furthermore, thanks to an important contribution, it has allowed ANT to launch a Telemedicine pilot project to support homecare for cancer patients.

https://ant.it



UNIMORE - Inalca periodically collaborates with the University of Modena and Reggio Emilia and in 2022, it contributed to the financing of a fixed-term researcher position to be assigned by competition in the competitive sector/ disciplinary scientific sector MED/11 of the Surgical, Medical, Dental Department and Morphological Sciences with an interest in Transplantology, Oncology and Regenerative Medicine at the University of Modena and Reggio Emilia.

( https://www.unimore.it/



Banco Alimentare

Fondazione Italia per il dono - AIMS - FItalian Foundation for gifts philanthropic organisation is a non-profit structure capable of offering philanthropic services at national and international level to all those subjects who want to give organicity and coherence to their donations. INALCA, through a donation to the Foundation, has decided to support the AIMS Fund (Italian Academy of Medical Specialists) for the practical training of new medical specialists. https://www.perildono.it/

Banco Alimentare Emilia-Romagna - The Banco Alimentare Foundation is an Italian ONLUS that deals with the collection of foodstuffs and the recovery of food surpluses from agricultural and industrial production and their redistribution to charitable structures scattered throughout the territory that carry out assistance activities towards the most destitute. INALCA has been collaborating for years with Banco Alimentare throughout the Italian territory.



Portobello - Emporio Sociale di Modena - Since 2017, the Porta Aperta Association has coordinated the activities of the Emporio Sociale Portobello, a community project that involves numerous local Associations, the Municipality of Modena and various local and national companies. It is a special supermarket, where families in temporary economic difficulty can shop, selected by the social services of the Municipality of Modena, using a budget of points associated with a tax code. INALCA contributed various product donations during the year.



**7**(+)

# and ragù sauce.

Pubblica Assistenza Vignola - In 2020, during the Covid-19 Pandemic, the company donated a special ambulance equipped with advanced tools for the transport of infected patients to the ONLUS. The vehicle is highly bio-contained, i.e., equipped with a negative and positive pressure "capsule bed" for the protection of both patients and operators. At the time of the donation, it was the only ambulance equipped with these characteristics in the entire province of Modena and also in 2021, it continued its important activity throughout the territory.

# ex<sub>o</sub>dus

Fondazione Exodus Onlus - Exodus was born in 1984, in a park on the outskirts of Milan, Parco Lambro. Today it is present in Italy and in the world with about forty realities. Their action branches out into areas and sectors ranging from the historic reception in structures, to the recovery of social disadvantaged linked mainly to substance abuse, to the Cooperatives that support children at the end of the program in their work activities. INALCA made a significant donation of food packages to support their initiatives.

#### https://www.bancoalimentare.it/sedi-locali/emilia-romagna

## https://www.portobellomodena.it

Eko Emporio Solidale - Vignola - Eko is the solidarity emporium of the Unione Terre di Castelli where people in socio-economic difficulty can shop, choosing basic necessities from the shelves. INALCA contributed with a significant supply of canned meat products

## https://eko.terredicastelli.mo.it

#### *https://www.pavignola.org*

https://www.exodus.it



ASEOP - The Paediatric Haematology Oncology Support Association (ASEOP) is a voluntary association founded in Modena in 1988, on the initiative of a group of parents of children with oncohaematological pathologies. ASEOP was born with the aim of providing assistance to children who are facing cancer and leukaemia, supporting and helping the family both during and after the period of hospitalisation. INALCA contributed to the creation of the Osteria della Solidarietà (Solidarity tavern), during the Provincial Unification Festival of Modena, through a donation of meat.

https://aseop.it



Parrocchia Don Bosco di Modena - The Don Bosco Parish through the parish priest and the volunteer work of the parishioners, works every day with charitable activities in favour of people in difficulty. To contribute to these initiatives, INALCA has made a significant donation of food parcels.

ttps://www.parrocchiasangiovannibosco.it



Caritas Modena - In Modena, Caritas Italy, the pastoral body of the CEI, works every day to promote an authentic dimension of citizenship in favour the down and out and fragile, through support, care and, above all, the construction of strong bonds that know how to enhance the resources of each individual. INALCA contributed with a significant supply of canned meat products and ragù sauce.

https://www.caritas.mo.it



CUERAMA

Nema - The National Emergency Management Agency is Nigeria's national agency that deals with the management of disasters within the country. Founded in 1999, it addresses problems related to calamities and poverty through the creation of concrete aid structures. INALCA contributed with a significant supply of canned meat, which the agency distributed to people in need.



Cuerama - The Cuerama foundation is located in Aldeia Cuerama, a town 353 km southeast of Luanda, Angola. Cuerama works to enhance local knowledge, creating the basic structures to stimulate human rights, integral development and the quality of life of people and communities in conditions of extreme poverty, through the promotion of education, health and mechanisms of income generation and entrepreneurship at all stages of life. INALCA contributed to the project making a significant donation of food packages.



https://nema.gov.ng





Fundação Cu

00 Tu, Indiranela Carvalho e 28 outras pessoas 1 comentário • 2 partilhas

**UKRAINE WAR EMERGENCY** 

Italian Red Cross – The Association of the Italian Red Cross, a voluntary organisation, has as its purpose health and social assistance both in times of peace and of conflict. A high-profile association, it is placed under the high patronage of the President of the Republic. The CRI played a significant role during the emergency caused by the war in Ukraine, organising the timely delivery of aid to the affected populations. INALCA has joined through a significant supply of canned meat and ragù products.

## https://cri.it

HO PE

Hope Onlus Associazione - Hope Onlus is a non-profit, secular and independent organisation that helps children and communities in difficulty in Italy and worldwide by carrying out humanitarian aid and sustainable development interventions to protect health and education. In 2022, many initiatives focused on sending aid to the populations affected by the war in Ukraine, to which INALCA joined through a significant supply of canned meat and ragù products.

https://www.hopeonlus.org/



Fatebenefratelli Order - Since 1572, the Fatebenefratelli Order of Saint John of God has dedicated itself to assisting those who suffer: every day it brings the culture of Hospitality to the world, being the voice of those who have no voice. INALCA has contributed to the Order's initiatives in support of the populations affected by the war in Ukraine, through a significant supply of canned meat and ragù products.

https://www.fatebenefratelli.it



Malve Association of Ukraine – The association deals with the supply of humanitarian aid to the civilian population of Ukraine and assistance to Ukrainian immigrants in Italy, especially refugees. INALCA has joined the initiatives of the association, through a significant supply of canned meat and ragù products.

https://lemalve.org/italiano



Sisters of Santa Dorothea - Vicenza – The Sisters of Saint Dorothea, daughters of Sacred Hearts are a female religious institute of pontifical right. During the Ukrainian emergency, through this Institute, INALCA made a significant donation of canned meat and ragù products.

https://sdvi.org



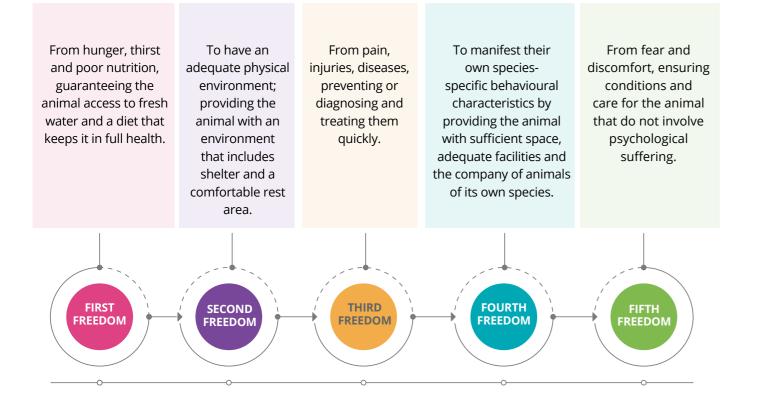
# Health and well-being "one health"

## **ANIMAL WELLBEING**

The control and improvement of animal welfare conditions on farms is an element of growing sensitivity and attention on the part of consumers and stakeholders.

INALCA has developed a series of principles, values and operational rules aimed at controlling and measuring the conditions of animal welfare in its farms where the guiding principle and basic criterion of inspiration is represented by the 5 Freedoms. The main criteria established so far to ascertain the welfare of an animal are:

- Absence of hunger
- Absence of thirst
- Possibility of accessing a comfortable rest area, with a suitable ambient temperature and possibility of movement
- Absence of trauma, injury or pain resulting from incorrect management practices
- Expression of the typical behaviour of the species, good relationship with humans, absence of negative emotions.



Based on these general principles of inspiration, INALCA has developed its own techniques in the field of animal welfare using a group of veterinarians engaged in the updating, development and control along the entire supply chain: breeding, transport and slaughter.

It is a set of procedures and indicators that constitutes a complete system of management and evaluation of animal welfare, documented and accessible, which is shared with farmers through the website and activities in the field of training and auditing, in coordination with agricultural Associations.

## *https://www.inalca.it/en/animal-welfare/*

To these are added further indicators defined as "objective", which are used to judge how the breeding environment is suitable for ensuring full compliance with the animal's welfare conditions: for this purpose, the main structural, technological and managerial parameters are taken into consideration that characterise the breeding. In fact, the study of animal welfare does not aim only to evaluate behaviour in relation to a more or less hospitable environment, but above all to understand the way in which animals interpret and live the environment in which they are raised, with objective criteria and evaluating each of the various factors that

For the assessment of animal welfare in breeding INALCA adopts the official standard promoted by the Ministry of Health and developed by the National Reference Centre for Animal Welfare (CReNBA) based at the Experimental Livestock Institute of Lombardy and Emilia Romagna, Brescia section.

## https://www.classyfarm.it/

INALCA has prepared, together with the University of Milan and the CRPA Research Studies Foundation of Reggio Emilia, additional systems for assessing animal welfare in the beef and pork sector:

As envisaged in the previous Report, a blockchain system was launched in 2022 aimed at tracing the use of the drug on farms for the supply chains dedicated to steers, heifer and pork.

can positively or negatively affect animal welfare (benefits and dangers). The concept of well-being is the result of a good interaction between animal and environment, of respect for the 5 freedoms; it is therefore the result of positive, fulfilling and satisfying experiences capable of producing positive and effective responses of adaptation in the animal. Animal welfare is also communicated to the consumer through the voluntary system provided for by Regulation (EC) no. 1760/2000 relating to the labelling of beef and beef-based products, which ensures transparency, technical consistency and independent control. For the assessment of animal welfare in breeding INALCA adopts the official standard promoted by the Ministry of Health and developed by the National Reference Centre for Animal Welfare (CReNBA) based at the Experimental Livestock Institute of Lombardy and Emilia Romagna, Brescia section. On this basis, INALCA in 2020, published its own "Manual of the Good Breeder" for the assessment of animal welfare in the meat sector, adopted by its entire supply chain and now also translated into English.





Insights on the manual of the good breeder

## **RESPONSIBLE USE OF ANTIBIOTICS IN FARMS**

Antibiotics are essential drugs for the health of humans and animals, and their correct use is a basis of therapy and therefore also of the well-being of farm animals. Antimicrobial resistance (AMR) is a natural biological phenomenon of adaptation of some microorganisms, which, following genetic mutations or acquisition of resistance genes from other microorganisms, become capable of surviving and growing in the presence of an antimicrobial agent. The phenomenon of antibiotic resistance has reached worrying levels due to the uncontrolled use of antibiotics in humans, pets and production animals; it poses a threat to health, both for humans and for the animals themselves.

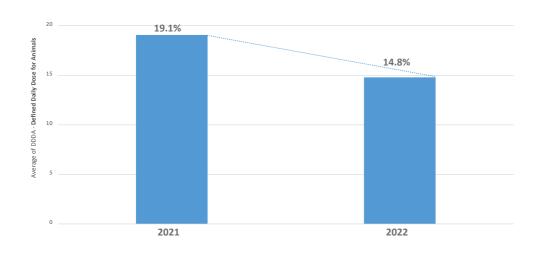
In order to combat the phenomenon, INALCA has identified some guidelines that it considers applicable at all levels and in every geographical area in which it operates, first of all the commitment to spreading correct drug use practices. INALCA also promotes the adoption of agricultural practices aimed at reducing the use of antibiotics in quantitative terms, with particular reference to the categories defined as critical in human medicine by the WHO (World Health Organisation).

Regarding the criteria for use, INALCA requires:

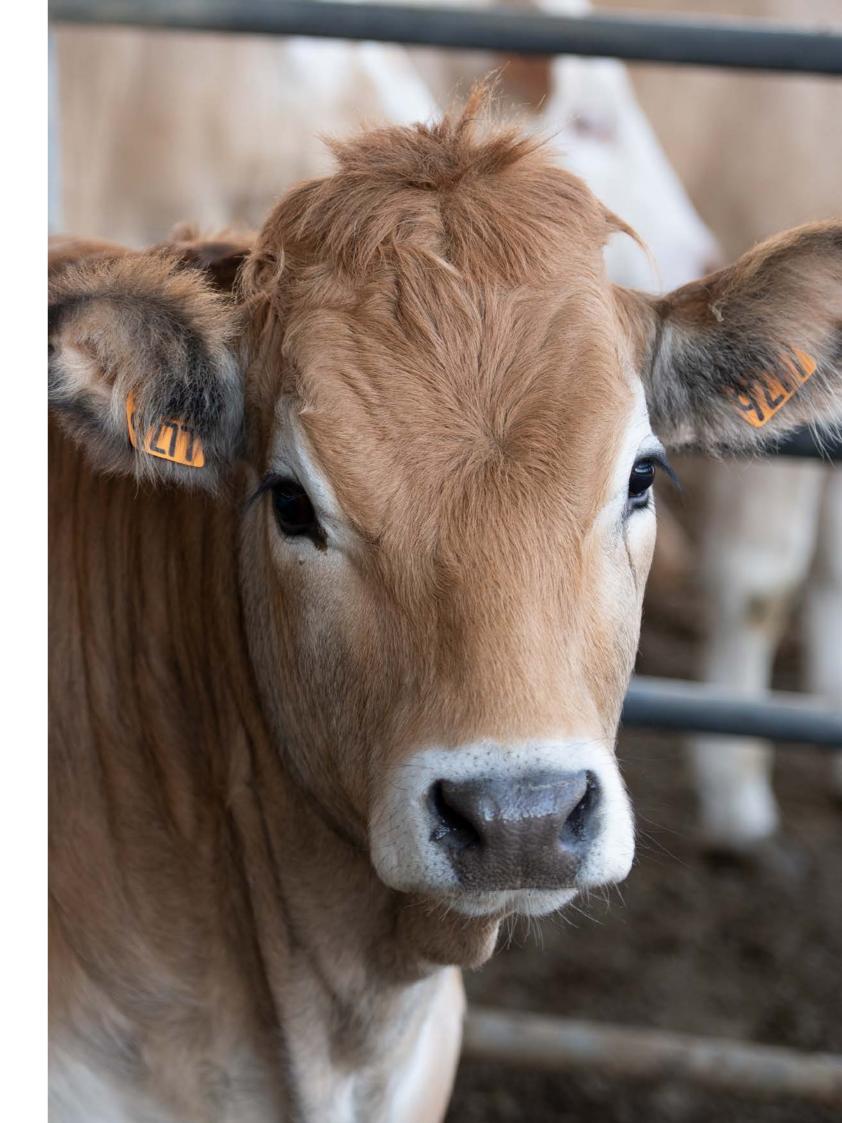
- That the antibiotic and the chosen drug are used exclusively according to the specific indications provided by the pharmaceutical company;
- It is purchased only following a veterinary prescription;
- It is used in the quantities and times expressly indicated in the package leaflet.

Different methods of use can only be indicated by the company veterinarian. In addition to technical rules and controls, INALCA promotes processes for the transfer of scientific knowledge in farms, cases of excellence and concrete evidence of model farms that have launched successful paths in this field. To this end, INALCA considers it important to collaborate with institutions engaged in the search for alternative animal care solutions to antibiotics. Based on the experience acquired, INALCA has:

- Created production chains in which the absence of the use of antibiotics is guaranteed from weaning to the last stages of fattening. It is the result of a long process of implementing good practices in the use of drugs, the professional growth of company management and the maintaining of high conditions of well-being and biosecurity within the breeding farms;
- The new professional figure of the Company Veterinarian was promoted in supplier farms as a tool to increase the level of health and safety of the farms;
- Reduced the use of antibiotics in its supply chain by 22%;
- Developed the data collection system on the use of antibiotics in its own supply chain;
- Promoted the use of vaccination protocols in breeding prescribed by the veterinarian.



\* Data relating to the Defined Daily Dose for Animals of the 5 consolidated breeding farms.



# 5.6 Focus on breeding farms

## **BREEDING FARMS: AN EXAMPLE OF CIRCULAR ECONOMY**

INALCA's challenge is focused on adopting sustainable agricultural practices capable of increasing production while reducing the by the use of innovative technologies, such environmental impact and the pressure on natural resources. The promotion of new models of livestock production with a high intensity of scientific and technological knowledge represents the main path to respond to this environmental performance of forage production challenge, based therefore on the model through this solution applied in two companies of integrated supply chain development, together with the use of the best scientific and and Marchesina in Rosate (Milan). technological knowledge in the agricultural field. In this context, INALCA has carried out together with Corteva Agriscience and the University of (soil, digestates) as well as the digitisation of Milan, a pilot project with the aim of improving agronomic information referring to agricultural the environmental performance of the forage production phase, intended for feeding beef cattle. Actions were mainly taken to optimise the use of fertilisers, especially nitrogenous ones, which represent an important source of reduction in the use of synthetic fertilisers, the greenhouse gas emissions into the atmosphere. Improving the efficiency of nitrogen fertilisation CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from forage production. is possible through the adoption of agronomic strategies oriented towards the valorisation

of livestock manure or digestates produced by livestock farms. Companies that are supported as nitrogen stabilisers. In this field Corteva Agriscience has created "Instinct", a nitrification inhibitor, and has entered into a partnership with INALCA, with the aim of improving the of the group: Corticella a Spilamberto (Modena)

Corteva has also activated advanced agronomic services for the mapping of production inputs production (cultivation operations, yields and production quality). The "Instinct" nitrification inhibitor, by stabilising the nitrogen distributed with company digestates, has allowed the improvement of crop yields and the reduction of



#### SUSTAINABLE BREEDING FARM PROJECT

A further effort in this direction is constituted by the "Sustainable Breeding" project of which INALCA is sponsor: it was born in 2017, from the collaboration between Inalca, McDonald's Italia, Coldiretti and AIA - Italian Breeders Association - who shared the vision and planning of a path of sustainability within the Italian beef supply chain. The project was inspired by the sustainability principles of ERBS - European Roundtable for Beef Sustainability - a multi-stakeholder platform focused on improving the sustainability of beef in Europe that has set itself the following objectives:

## **ENVIRONMENT**

Reduction of greenhouse gas emissions;

#### **VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCTS**

Reduction in the consumption of antimicrobial drugs;



**HEALTH AND WELL-BEING OF ANIMALS** Improvement of welfare conditions on the farm:

## FARM MANAGEMENT

 ${\rm Improvement}\, of the technical \, and \, managerial \, skills$ of agricultural entrepreneurs. The Italian working group has a software dedicated to data collection on the farm to evaluate company performance and define activities and improvement objectives in each area of intervention. The project obtained a representative sample of 800 farms on which the data collection activity was started. The project created for dairy cow farms is being evaluated for application to the INALCA supply chains relating to beef and heifer calves.



#### SOCIAL

# 5.7

# Restocking Southern Italy's bovine heritage

To counteract the abandonment of rural areas in Southern Italy, **INALCA together with Coldiretti has** launched a project to relaunch animal husbandry that involves farmers in the regions of Calabria, Sicily and Sardinia. A model that can also be replicated abroad, in particular in the territories located in Russia and Africa where INALCA is already present.

The project has as its objective the repopulation of bovine herds in the grazing areas of the south, that are territories traditionally suited to this production, but subject to a substantial production decline in recent years. The breeding criteria adopted by INALCA for the production of beef provide for a first phase of grazing and a second in protected farms. From birth up to about 10-12 months, the animal lives at pasture in an extensive breeding context, then it is transferred to barns where it is fed with a more nutritious and energetic diet. To support this animal husbandry model, INALCA promotes the cow-calf line in the farms participating in the project.

A type of breeding where the calf is born on the same farm that will carry out the first stages of breeding. In this way the farmer not only manages the grazing animals, but also augments his herd, adapting increasingly to the breeding area and with quality characteristics in line with consumer expectations. Genetic improvement criteria that allow maximum remuneration for the breeder. It is not a negligible

aspect, developing the cow-calf line is in fact the starting point for bringing the farm back to its rural dimension, adapting the breeding methods and the herds to the specific characteristics of the territory. It means increasing the biodiversity of the various bovine breeds and improving the integration between humans, animals and the environment. Ultimately it means ennobling beef from a mere food product, to a cultural expression of a territory.

An integrated supply chain model that allows technology transfer activities for the application of sustainable production techniques, precision agriculture and animal husbandry. A boost to innovation supported by INALCA's participation in research bodies and technological platforms that are active and competent in the field of agro-industrial sustainability.

Agricultural systems must in fact have efficient infrastructures capable of enhancing livestock production to allow the farmer the best conditions for accessing the market. The project systematises primary production and subsequent processing to allow small producers to access the most rewarding segments of the market. To this end, INALCA's effort also focuses on the construction of new production and distribution infrastructures in all the regions in which it operates.





# **INALCA'S COMMITMENT**

- and sustainable industrialisation:
- with greater efficiency in the use of resources and greater adoption of clean and environmentally friendly technologies and industrial processes;
- Strengthening scientific research by 2025, promoting technological and innovation capacities, especially in developing countries;
- Adapt breeding farms to sustainability and biosecurity criteria;
- Improve the impact and consumption of production plants thanks to a more efficient use of resources;
- Strengthen the partnership with research and innovation bodies by 2025, in all areas where INALCA operates.

Building a resilient infrastructure and promoting innovation and well as fair, responsible

Upgrade infrastructure and modernise industries by 2025 to make them sustainable,

The cow-calf line

SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

# 6. Brands and Products





# 6.1 The Brands of the Group



In.al.ca (Industria Alimentare Carni) was founded in Castelvetro di Modena in 1963 by Luigi Cremonini. It became the first meat industry in Italy and is today recognised as the undisputed leader and one of the main international players.

INALCA has created a unique business model based on the integrated meat supply chain which is also a virtuous reference for sustainability. The INALCA brand is recognised among sector operators worldwide as being synonymous with excellence and innovation.

# MONTANA

The historic Montana brand was born in Lissone in 1953, as the canned meat brand of the Bianchi company. It became famous thanks to the first television advertising intermissions (1966-76) that launched the iconic testimonial of the brand: the Gringo. In 1991 it was purchased by the Cremonini Group which relaunched the brand not only in canned meat but also in fresh and frozen products. Today Montana products are distinguished by the integrated Italian supply chain that guarantees 100% meat from Italian farms, simple and balanced recipes, attention to the needs of all consumer groups (allergen-free, gluten-free). Frozen Natural Hamburgers and Classic Canned Meat are the first in Italy to obtain the Environmental Product Declaration (EPD).

# FIORANI

Fiorani was founded in 2004, as a third-party meat processing centre, but immediately developed its own line of high-quality fixed weight products, starting from the company's core business product, sausages. Today it is a processing centre amongst the first players in Italy and since 2018, it has launched its own brand Fiorani which immediately stands out for product innovation, processes, packaging and assortment proposals of the highest value recognised by the large-scale distribution and consumers.

# Manzotin

Manzotin was founded in Como, in 1951, by the ICIS company and means "canned beef". In 1960 it appeared on TV with the first advertising commercials. The 1962 commercial with the TV personality Corrado is famous. In 2003, the company was acquired by the Bolton Group and in 2013, it was sold to Generale Conserve and in 2016, to INALCA. The brand recently celebrated its 60th birthday and continues to be appreciated for the taste of its jellied meat and tripe in sauce.



The Mamma Tina line brings together the food and beverage products of the Italian tradition with the best quality - price ratio for professional operators in the food service of international markets worldwide, marketed by Inalca Food & Beverage, an INALCA company specialised in the distribution of Made in Italy products at international level.



SALUMIFICI

CORTE BUONA

The Ibis brand was born in 1962, when in Busseto, in the centre of the Parma countryside, a small plant was established originally dedicated to the production of pancetta, then of salami and mortadella. In the 90s, Ibis produced the first mortadella "autographed" slice by slice with a heart shape: the prestigious "Mortadella Cuor di Paese", which still remains today one of the most recognised and appreciated cured meat products. In 2002, it became part of the Cremonini Group and is today among the first producers of cured and sliced meats in Italy. Alongside the world of traditional delicatessen, the brand has embraced the broader out-of-home market, which today translates into a vast offer: cured meat, snacks and bacon.

The Salumificio Corte Buona brand was born in the early 90s, in Gazoldo degli Ippoliti, in the province of Mantua, and quickly entered the Cremonini Group. In the early years a product was created that would become a symbolic, also the protagonist of a famous TV commercial: the cooked ham "Il Supermorbido", a high-quality cooked ham among the most appreciated by consumers. The production expands in the following years to cover the whole panorama of traditional Italian delicatessen. Since the beginning of 2000, Corte Buona has become the reference brand for international markets.



producer of canned meat in Italy and one of the leading companies in Europe. Production takes place in the Castelvetro di Modena and Rieti plants. sauce), pate, goulash, tripe.

Born in 2004, the Spanino brand is now a recognised brand with a wide range of sandwiches for the Ho.Re.Ca channel and by a broad range of products and a shelf life of 45 days. The continuous technological and product innovation, the careful selection of raw materials and the certified production process has led Spanino to establish itself as one of the most important on the market and become the official supplier of the most important Italian water and amusement parks.

- INALCA, with a production capacity of over 200 million cans per year, is the leading
- INALCA is specialised in the production of meat preserves in different formats and products: meat in jelly, meat with broth, corned beef, ragù (in classic and Bolognese
- The brands with which INALCA exports all over the world (EU, Africa, Eastern Europe, Middle East, Central and South America) are Bill Beef, Texana, Beef Patè, Montex.



# Responsible communication to consumers and customers

INALCA, leader in Italy and global player in the production of beef, is well aware of the responsibilities that this role implies towards the customers and consumers who choose its products every day.

A constant commitment to guaranteeing maximum safety, quality and healthiness, thanks also to the systematic adoption in its production plants of voluntary certifications in the field of food safety, in line with the best international industry standards; safety also means full traceability and retracking of raw materials, in addition to the management of systematic checks at all production levels and laboratory analyses carried out on the entire supply chain. Not only safety, but also strong attention to the consumer which consists in knowing how to interpret, face and anticipate the socio-economic-cultural changes of the world in which INALCA operates. It means knowing how to respond to the new consumption needs that require simple and natural ingredients, a balanced nutritional intake, transparency of the information provided on the label and in advertising communication, websites and social platforms, practicality and service of packaging, sustainability and a fair price. Aspects necessary to make the product fair and accessible to large groups of consumers, in line with the global goal for sustainable development SDG 2 "Zero Hunger". Obtain products with selected ingredients, coming from controlled supply chains, balanced from a nutritional point of view, with a "short" list of ingredients on the label; foods that can satisfy the different needs of the consumer, providing all the information necessary for a correct choice on the shelf and thus favouring decisions for an informed diet, on the one hand varied and balanced as suggested by the principles of the Mediterranean Diet, on the other sustainable for their health and for the environment, this is INALCA's commitment. All this is made possible through INALCA's integrated supply chain model

which allows the company to control, and where possible improve, its performances at all levels of the supply chain, applying the best techniques available in livestock production and animal welfare, reuse of waste and by-products according to the principles of the circular economy, control and reduction of energy consumption, monitoring of atmospheric emissions, use of recycled and recyclable packaging and packaging materials. The company's commitment is therefore to reformulate recipes of existing products or develop new ones in line with related needs, for example, the elimination or reduction of additives, such as preservatives and flavour enhancers (reduced salt content), promoting those of natural origin and eliminating allergen-carrying ingredients (glutenfree). Recipes attentive to a balanced or decreased fat content (with a reduced rate of fat), favouring raw materials from a controlled Italian supply chain (100% meat from Italian farms and organic production). In addition to the nutritional claims, which enrich the mandatory legal information, the labelling of the products distributed by INALCA contains detailed nutritional tables per portion. All this translates into a transparent communication and marketing policy, to allow consumers to understand easily the nutritional contents and ingredients of the products, in order to make the best choice from the shelf. In this sense, we inform you that during 2022 there were no cases of non-compliance in terms of information and labelling of products and services. Finally, conscious of the growing importance that environmental issues have assumed currently, the company is constantly working to improve and monitor the main environmental impacts of its processes and products, thanks also to product life cycle analyses (LCA) carried out on its own supply chain, a constant commitment to innovation, to make the beef production chain ever more sustainable



# Products from Italian supply chains



# MONTANA

What distinguishes Montana meat is the all-Italian production chain: from breeding farms to processing plants. The bovine of the supply chain are raised in full respect of animal welfare, following the principles of the 5 freedoms formulated by the FAWC (Farm Animal Welfare Council). The internal document "Manual of the Good Breeder" is available.





In the course of 2021, the INALCA Pork Welfare Chain (Filiera Benessere Suino - FBA) was developed, a vertically integrated chain from birth to the finished product. The supply chain of pigs born and reared in Italy is based on the principles of animal welfare according to the Classyfarm standard, on structural and behavioural biosecurity guarantees and is now present on the Fiorani product line and on the Ibis branded cheek cuts.

# **BIO** Products





Fiorani is certified as an organic operator, and produces a BIO range of anatomical cuts, ground, portioned and elaborated from agricultural and organic farms. The process is certified by the CCPB control body and complies with EC Reg. 834/2007.

# PDO and PGI products



# Products with Environmental Declaration





In the heart of the Po Valley, in Busseto di Parma, there is the Ibis plant where the processing of traditional Italian delicatessen products can vaunt the Protected Designation of Origin (PDO) and the Protected Geographic Indication (PGI) certifications. The PDO range include Culatello di Zibello and Salame Cacciatore, while the PGI range include Mortadella di Bologna, Coppa di Parma, Salame Felino and Bresaola della Valtellina.

# MONTANA



The Frozen Natural Hamburgers and the Meat in Jelly Classic Line Montana have obtained the environmental product declaration EPD: an innovative, independent and internationally recognised system that allows the evaluation of all the characteristics, performances and environmental impacts of the product and to communicate them in an objective, comparable and verifiable way. The Statement uses the Life Cycle Assessment following the standards of the ISO 14040 series and makes it possible to analyse and quantify energy and natural resources used in production and distribution processes,  $CO_2$  emissions into the atmosphere, the quantity of packaging and waste deriving from the production cycle.

# Gluten-free products







Italia Alimentari was the first company in Italy to launch gluten-free sandwiches: the peculiarity consists in a soft and tasty bread but prepared with totally glutenfree flours and ingredients. The products have the AIC (Italian Celiac Association) barred corn ear on the pack.

The traditional Emilian Ibis Coppa made with a careful selection of the best pork coppa, inserted into natural and gluten-free gut casings.

# AMBURGE EDEANT



All Fiorani products are gluten-free, in particular the Fiorani and Benessere Fiorani lines have the AIC barred corn ear logo, in plants where the entire transformation process excludes any possible contamination of the meat.





The Montana canned meat line that includes Beef in jelly (classic line and gold line), Chicken in jelly, Ragù alla Bolognese, Jambonet are gluten-free. All products are registered in the AIC handbook.

# Products with a reduced salt content









The Ibis Light Slices are cured meat cuts made with a reduced percentage of fat and a low sodium content in the variants: cooked ham, raw ham, roast chicken and turkey.



Ibis Natura Buona cooked ham is a high-quality cooked ham, obtained from the selection of the best European pork legs. It contains only antioxidants and preservatives of plant origin, and is low in sodium (compared to INRAN nutritional data, updated to 2010, in collaboration with the Experimental Station for the Food Preserving Industry - SSICA)..

# MONTANA

The Bovine Meat in jelly Linea Oro line has a reduced rate of salt compared to the average Montana canned meat.

# Products without glutamate



# MONTANA

The Classic line of beef in jelly is glutamate-free, enriched by the natural flavour of the broth resulting from the cooking of the meat itself. To preserve its taste and natural properties.

# Lactose-free or milk-derived products





The Ibis Culatta di Busseto is a prestigious cured meat produced exclusively in the municipalities of Busseto and Soragna, still made with the artisanal method of a maturation of 14 months.



# Quality, food safety and responsible communication

Food safety is the fundamental pre-requisite on which each phase of the INALCA production and distribution process rests. In this respect, the company's long presence on strictly regulated markets, such as the European Union, Russian Federation, USA, Canada and Japan and the adoption of the main voluntary food safety standards, have allowed INALCA to develop the most modern and advanced hygiene and risk prevention techniques in the food sector and an integrated management system that covers all the Group's production plants. The system as a whole is therefore based on the identification, within each manufacturing process, of the critical control points and provides for the actions necessary for the elimination or reduction to an acceptable level of the significant hazards for food safety, according to the HACCP model (Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points). Below are the INALCA's principles of food safety adopted at all levels of the supply chain:

## **Principle 1 - CENTRALITY**

An optimal level of food safety is considered as a prerequisite for all company production and is assessed with the risk analysis methodologies.

## **Principle 2 - DEMONSTRABILITY**

All business activities and processes that can affect food safety must be managed, monitored and documented, according to a defined hierarchy of references: laws and regulations, international technical standards, specific requirements of entities using the company's products.

### Principle 3 - GOVERNANCE

The specific positions and the governance system of food security are clearly identified.

# Principle 4 - TRANSPARENCY

The information regarding food safety must be clear, understandable and accessible by customers, consumers and supervisory authorities.

#### Principle 5 - CONTROLS

In the criteria of control the company uses internal auditing activities, external audits of client companies and, where present, certification audits according to voluntary technical standards and independent international bodies. The control and accuracy of the information managed in the company's product identification and traceability system is a fundamental element in support of every action taken for quality, food safety and communication to the consumer.INALCA's production activities are planned in such a way as to ensure the continuity of processes and the supply of products that comply with the specified requirements. The production processes are kept under control by means of documents which identify the operations, controls, equipment and actions to be taken in the event of non-compliance for each production phase. The products detected as non-compliant during the processing activities are clearly identified and managed according to a specific procedure, in order to avoid their involuntary use within the production process and implement specific corrective actions in order to restore process conformity. INALCA, through specific plant/department documents, ensures that any outputs that do not comply with the requirements are identified and corrected, thus preventing their use or involuntary delivery.

In the event of any erroneous placing on the market of products and services, the dedicated Operation

**1** 253.000 laboratory analyses in 2022

Instruction ("Withdrawal procedure - Product recall") is applied which describes the methods in which INALCA DEVELOPMENT ensures a rapid and complete withdrawal or recall of The management system implemented by INALCA the products for which a request has been made, both for the protection of quality, safety and sustainable by the company itself, and by Customers or Competent development complies with the main international Authorities in the face of a danger to the health of the voluntary standards on the subject: a common consumer. Similarly, to food safety, also in the field of language adopted on an international scale to pursue labelling and communication to the consumer, INALCA the best production, environmental and worker adopts controls carried out by independent third protection standards, communication to consumers parties aimed at verifying the truthfulness, transparency and stakeholders. Rules and procedures verified by and accessibility of information regarding the products independent controls, confirming the effectiveness placed on the market. In 2021 INALCA launched a project of the actions implemented by INALCA in these to consolidate internally the culture of food safety (CFS), fields. The adoption of certified systems verified by as required by the main GFSI certification schemes by third parties ensures truthfulness and transparency the new version of the Codex Alimentarius. CFS is based in the choices regarding product claims and, more on the set of behaviours and values that the company generally, the information provided to the consumer and all employees must adopt to produce safe food. in promotional and advertising communication. During 2022, there was only one case of health alert. INALCA adopts the following management systems Following identification of the product in question, it in the fields of quality, safety and sustainable was ordered to be withdrawn from the market without development. any repercussions on public health.

ISO 17025 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE COMPETENCE OF TEST LABORATORIES

PRIVATE STANDARDS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF FOOD SAFETY ELABORATED BY MARKET LEADING COMPANIES

ISO 9001 - QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

VOLUNTARY PRODUCT CLAIMS CERTIFICATIONS - (MEAT FROM ITALIAN FARMING, PDO, PGI)

ISO 22005 - TRACEABILITY SYSTEM IN THE FOOD SUPPLY CHAIN

ORGANIC PRODUCTION CERTIFICATION

# ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSIBILITY

ISO 14001- ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION IN THE PROCESSES

**EPD - ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION** 

ISO 45001 - ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION IN THE PROCESSES

LD 231/2001 - ADMINISTRATIVE LIABILITY OF COMPANIES

**PRIVATE CODES OF CONDUCT -** ADOPTED IN THE SUPPLY CHAIN

# ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

**GRI STANDARD GUIDELINES** 

# MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS FOR SUSTAINABLE

# **SAFETY AND PRODUCT LIABILITY**

IFS FOOD STANDARD - INTERNATIONAL FEATURED STANDARD

# SOCIAL RESPONSABILITY

INALCA directly controls 5 owned breeding farms, of discoveries and regulatory updates. which 1 of the La Torre agricultural company and 4 of the Corticella agricultural company, which also owns livestock farms for a total of 200,000 head per year. Inalca also owns a stake in the share capital of another 4 farms. The cattle in the supply chain are raised in full respect of animal welfare, following the principles of the 5 freedoms formulated by the FAWC (Farm Animal Welfare Council). Farmers adopt a conscious use of veterinary drugs as well as high biosafety standards, in order to reduce the phenomenon of antibiotic resistance, according to the "One Health" approach. All breeders also have the "Manual of Good Breeding Practices" at their disposal, which is periodically reviewed in the light of new scientific

In order to be able to correctly communicate these activities to the consumer, INALCA holds the Optional Labelling Regulations for beef IT 001 ET recognised by the M.I.P.A.A.F. Currently, 437 farmers join the Inalca supply chain who share its principles, values and objectives.

These include respect for animal welfare, which is assessed by professional veterinary surgeons through the national Classyfarm evaluation system (developed by the National Reference Centre for Animal Welfare).

In 2022, 449 control checks were also carried out by specialised technicians and 1,392 laboratory analyses at all levels of the supply chain (from farm feed to the finished product placed on the market).



# 6.5 Integrated pork supply chain

During the year 2021, the INALCA Pork Welfare Chain (Filiera Benessere Animale - FBA) was developed, a vertically integrated supply chain from birth to the finished product, which includes 12 breeding farms all located in Emilia Romagna for a total of about 100,000 pigs per year.

The supply chain of pigs born and reared in Italy is based on the principles of animal welfare according to the Classyfarm standard, on structural and behavioural biosecurity guarantees, on the responsible use of the drug and in December 2021 obtained certification from the third party AQD. (Agri-food Quality Department). INALCA, which does not actuate pig slaughtering activities,



ANT STREET

annually carries out analytical and self-control inspection checks on the breeding farms, during the transport phases of the animals and at the 2 external gualified **and certified** slaughterhouses according to the animal welfare standards set by the North American Meat Association. As for the bovine supply chain, participation in a certified wellness supply chain also allows breeders to receive a specific reward, as well as guaranteeing product market penetration capable of enhancing the principles of the supply chain, as demonstrated by the specific product line with the FIORANI brand. For all product and supply chain certifications, please refer to chapters 6.2 and 7.3.

# Fiorani a virtuous path from the supply chain to the consumer

Fiorani & C., is a company specialising in the processing of beef and pork with a strong presence in large-scale distribution, organised distribution and discount stores in Italy. The brand is synonymous with high quality, product innovation and attention to sustainability. The company, founded in Piacenza and managed by the family of the same name for four generations, is 51% controlled by INALCA (Cremonini Group), and manages 3 plants in Emilia-Romagna producing a complete range of portioned and ready-made beef products and pork. The philosophy of the Piacenza company is to combine the experience and knowledge of the meat sector with the constant search for product innovation, packaging and production processes. The products developed aim to provide high quality, fresh and tasty meat, packaged in practical packaging in line with the new dietary needs: easy-to-cook recipes with packages designed to maintain the freshness of the product for several days and promote respect for the environment, such as packaging in "skin", able to guarantee a longer shelf-life, with a high level of service.

In 2021, Fiorani, with the support of INALCA, started the project of an FBA certified pork supply chain (Filiera Benessere Animale - FBA) with the aim of enhancing Italian pork production through a certified system of

controls that guarantees well-being at all stages of the supply chain, animal feed sustainability and safety, responsible use of veterinary drugs (absent in the last 120 days of breeding) and the highest biosecurity standards. Considering that today consumers are increasingly sensitive to sustainability, Fiorani has also created a logo dedicated to the new FBA certified supply chain to help buyers make more informed choices. Starting from the second half of 2021, Fiorani launched an important plan for the reduction of packaging materials which involved saving paper and plastic in "skin" packaging, reducing the size and weight of the cardboard used, with savings equal to 27,000 kg of paper and 12,140 kg of plastic. The paper used for the packaging of its "skin" products is FSC and ATICELCA certified. Remaining on the subject of sustainable packaging, Fiorani has also reduced the size of its secondary packaging, saving 19% of paper for each individual package; this new packaging has FSC certification and are made with 100% recycled material. It has also started a process to promote the use of returnable pallets, in order to ensure greater sustainability and reuse of resources. Finally, the company in 2021, favoured the use of mono-material trays in PET-1 with a minimum percentage of recycled compound of 70%.





**100% RECYCLED MATERIAL** 100% recycled eco-sustainable packaging

# Secondary packaging: FSC certification of all tray packaging and

# Consumption models: INALCA's commitment towards responsible communication

Worldwide, the demand for products of animal origin, according to FAO estimates, is growing: in particular in developing countries where food consumption is increasing, while it has stabilised in industrialized countries.

The share of animal products, vegetable oils and sugars present in the diet of developing countries today represents 29% of total calories, 20% more than thirty years ago. And this share is expected to be 35% by 2030. In perspective, the question of a balanced and sustainable diet for health and the environment arises globally. Also bearing in mind the variability of dietary regimes at a global level, a rebalancing of quotas to achieve balanced nutritional targets for the entire world population could contribute to greater global efficiency in the food system. Another relevant issue with respect to food balances in the world is the reduction of food waste. It is estimated that at least one third of the food produced is wasted from the field to the

table, even if the meat supply chains are among the most virtuous.

One of the areas of greatest waste in the Western world is domestic consumption, which accounts for nearly 50% of all wasted food. In developing countries, food waste occurs mainly in the processing phase (40%).

In the case of meat, the greatest losses occur in the production phase, especially in sub-Saharan Africa due to poor animal health. Limiting waste, considering regional priorities, would improve efficiency and sustainability. It is also important to underline the existence of virtuous situations, such as Italy, where the percentage of waste of meat and fish is only 5%, compared to 24% of fresh foods, 16% of long-life ones and 13% of fruit and vegetables (from the research of the Polytechnic of Milan "Feeding the hungry", in Garrone P. and others, Guerini & Associates, Milan 2012).

INALCA promotes the balanced consumption of all foods, in line with the nutritional indications provided by the main research bodies and following the principles of the Mediterranean diet. The "Sustainable Meat" Association, owned by Assocarni, to which INALCA is associated, in 2018, published the fourth report "Carni e Salumi: le nuove frontiere della sostenibilità" (Ed. Franco Angeli) http://carnisostenibili.it/documenti/

It is a complete and updated document that summarises the state of scientific knowledge impacts on the environment. and information on the 5 fundamental themes The publication also highlighted how the real per of meat sustainability in the Italian context: capita consumption of meat in Italy is substantially safety, nutrition, environment, economy, food almost in line with the portions indicated by waste. The report aims to constitute a clear and INRAN (now CREA), according to the most recent documented basis for discussion and comparison consumption data. As a result of all the above of meat producers, without pre-established or assumptions, the Environmental Hourglass was intransigent truths. In fact, various organisations born, which graphically shows how eating meat in and stakeholders with different motivations a balanced way is sustainable for health and the participate in the debate on the subject of meat: environment.

# GUARANTEE SUSTAINABLE MODELS OF PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION

By 2030, extend the sustainable production model along the supply chain also in Africa and Poland by enhancing and locally applying precision agriculture and animal husbandry techniques for an efficient use of natural resources. Encourage companies in the INALCA supply chain to adopt sustainable practices. By 2030, strengthen responsible communication in the food sector so that people worldwide have relevant information and awareness on sustainable development and balanced food models.



animal welfare and environmental associations as well as the media, which base their criticisms on data and information from different contexts, often from countries overseas and which are not always adaptable to the Italian context.

"Carni e Salumi: le nuove frontiere della sostenibilità" (Ed. Franco Angeli) highlighted how a balanced consumption of meat also constitutes a fundamental contribution to the protection of people's health and does not cause significant

# 6.8 Partnership for research and innovation

Production development is closely linked to organic collaborations with universities, research bodies and technological platforms, the most important of which are:





*SAI - Sustainable Agriculture Initiative Platform* - is the main initiative of the food & beverage industry, which promotes the development of a sustainable agriculture around the world. During 2016, INALCA implemented a pilot project for the analysis of sustainability in Italian bovine farms based on the SAI Platform standard called "Farmer Self-Assessment" (FSA). The Farmer Self-Assessment was conceived for the European context and is expected to be adapted it to the Italian context. The pilot project, called "Sustainable Breeding", is managed in Italy together with Coldiretti and AQD – Agri-food Quality Department - in the context of the new European ERBS platform.

https://www.saiplatform.org/activities/workinggroups/beef/beef-fsa-pilot



*CLAN - Cluster Nazionale Agrifood* - is a multistakeholder community that operates at Italian level to defend and increase the competitiveness of the national agri-food chain in all its components, through the stimulation of innovation, the enhancement of scientific and technological research activities, collaboration between research bodies, companies, institutions and public administration. In this context, INALCA contributed to defining the national research agenda, for the part of sustainability in the agrifood sector. https://www.clusteragrifood.it/it/ Ceit Food

https://grsbeef.org/

*EIT FOOD* -INALCA, together with the University of Bologna and other companies in the region, has launched the participatory project on the EIT Food platform of the European Union. A research and innovation community with the aim of accelerating the transformation of the food sector towards more sustainable production through the aggregation of companies and research institutions. https://www.eitfood.eu/

GRSB - The Global Roundtable for Sustainable Beef -

is a global multi-stakeholder platform developed to

advance continuous sustainability improvements

across the bovine value chain, through stakeholder

leadership, science, engagement and collaboration.

In addition to defining sustainability principles and

practices in the bovine sector, GRSB plays a role

in promoting and coordinating the main regional

platforms, namely the European, Canadian,

US, Brazilian and Australian platforms. In this

context, INALCA participates in and promotes the

improvement of sustainability in the bovine sector

on a global, as well as a European scale.



Carni Sostenibili - In 2012 a group of operators in the livestock sector, which includes the three main trade Associations Assocarni, Assica and Unaitalia, founded Sustainable Meats, (Carni Sostenibili) an Association created with the aim of supporting scientific studies which, in a logic of pre-competitive transparency, have in addition to the publication of the scientific document "Carni e salumi: le nuove frontiere della sostenibilità", (ed. Franco Angeli) launched the "Carni Sostenibili" project and, therefore, the web portal. The site aims to treat in a transversal way all the topics related to the world of meat: an unprecedented project, in Italy, which with a training approach, wants to contribute to balanced information on health, nutrition and sustainability.

https://www.carnisostenibili.it/



# enel x

**Enel X** - The Enel group company dedicated to the development of products and technological solutions related to energy and decarbonisation, is becoming a key stakeholder for Inalca in this transition, positioning itself as an accelerator of circularity by providing sustainable solutions to companies for research and innovation. A Circular Economy Report was produced in 2021, a tool that measures in detail the current level of circularity of the company and proposes a roadmap of innovative solutions to be able to increase it, with consequent savings in environmental, energy and economic terms.

https://www.enelx.com/it/it

# 7 Value Distribution and Sustainable Supply Chain





# 7.1 **Economic performance**

BREAKDOWN OF F	REVENUES BY G	EOGRAPHICA	AREA
(in thousands of Euro)	31.12.2020 %	31.12.2021 %	31.12.2022 %
ITALY	1,411,604 66%	1,411,604 66%	1,766,292 62%
EUROPEAN UNION	218,505 10%	218,505 10%	396,596 14%
RUSSIA - AND THE EUROASIAN REPUBLICS (+ KAZAKHISTAN)	226,600 10%	226,600 10%	311,500 11%
AFRICA	115,600 5.4%	115,600 5.4%	148,400 5.2%
EU EXTRA OTHER REGION	151,312 7%	151,312 7%	196,105 6.9%
TOTAL	2,123,621 100%	2,123,621 100%	2,818,893 100%

## **ECONOMIC RESULTS 2022**

In 2022, the consolidated value of production amounted to 2,857 million Euro against the 2,370 million Euro reported in the previous year, and therefore recorded an increase of 16.2%.

Although the period in guestion continues to be, albeit partially, influenced by the inflationary effects on production factors which, above all in the second half of the year heavily influenced the result, the Group continues to pursue its growth objectives with a forward-looking and expansive policy which has led them to control over sixty companies that aim daily to achieve leadership in each country in which they operate. The significant increase in turnover is mainly attributable to the Italian Meat segment, characterised by an increase in volumes but above all by an increase in sales prices necessary to offset the significant

increase that occurred starting from the second half of the year in the cost of all the factors of production, particularly in the cost of bovine and energy products. To be observed there is also a worsening in absolute value of the net financial position, also in consideration of the fact that the company burdened upon itself the costs associated with the financing of a greater net working capital, deriving from the increase in activity, without offloading these on other producers in the value chain, such as breeders, already affected by the increase in raw material. Concerning the financial assistance, received from the Italian Public Administration, INALCA has transposed 13,430 million euros.

VALUE DISTRIBUTION AND

SUSTAINABLE SUPPLY CHAIN

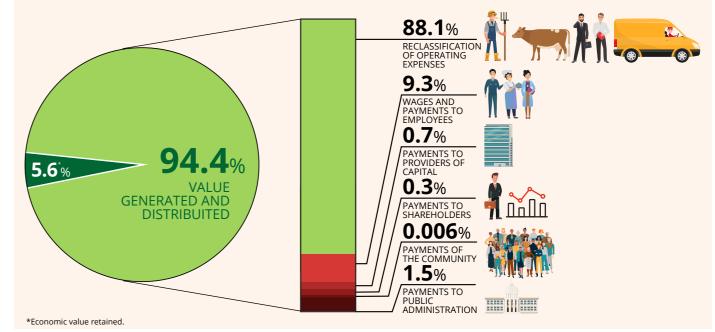
62% in Italy 38% EU and Extra-EU

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT									
(in thousands of Euro)	YEAR 2021	% INCIDENCE	YEAR 2022	% INCIDENCE					
TOTAL REVENUES	2,394,912	100%	2,856,955	100%					
EBITDA	175,697	7.34%	223,852	7.84%					
EBIT	104,450	4.36%	141,837	4.96%					
NET PROFIT PERFORMANCE OF THE GROUP	57,769	2.41%	82,258	2.88%					
CAPEX	106,086		115,677						
NET FINANCIAL POSITION	(528,195)		(651,682)						
NET GROUP EQUITY	508,930		467,478						
NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	6,193		6,437						

# ECONOMIC VALUE GENERATED AND DISTRIBUTED

The generated and distributed value (EVG & D) graph, the economic value directly generated represents the first basic indicator of the value by the INALCA Group in 2022 is equal to 94.4%. that the company has created for its stakeholders. The meat supply chain is therefore among those In the beef sector, due to the low added value of that transfer the most value to the outside, production processes, the high incidence of raw as the incidence of agricultural raw materials is particularly high. In the financial year\*, the materials and personnel in the company's income statement, the value transferred externally is value generated by the INALCA Group remained particularly significant. In other words, INALCA's at the levels of the previous year and the value business activity is considered to have a high rate distributed to breeders, staff, suppliers, public of economic sustainability, as the value distributed administration and the financial world remained externally is particularly high. As shown in the stable.

# **ECONOMIC VALUE DIRECTLY GENERATED AND DISTRIBUTED 2022**



# 7.2 Sustainable supply chain

The supply chain of INALCA S.p.A. is wide and articulated, varying according to the type of product and geographical area of production. The subscription by Inalca's suppliers of the code of ethics and the code of commercial conduct are essential for the start of the supplier relationship. They are the guiding tools for monitoring suppliers with regard to respect for human rights, the environment and labour laws. In compliance with the global standards of management systems, a risk assessment is carried out for each supplier that qualifies according to its ability to meet business needs; the evaluation criteria are identified by INALCA for each class to which the supplier belongs and shared with the relevant purchasing department.

Suppliers are subjected to an initial qualification through different types of questionnaires (in compliance with the provisions of the Group supplier qualification procedure) or platforms or cloud platforms, based on the class to which they belong. Subsequently, all suppliers are subjected to periodic monitoring to express the critical issues according to their product/service and the related operating results. For some classes of suppliers INALCA has implemented specific requests for monitoring and evaluating ethical performance.

Since 2019, INALCA has joined the Sedex system (Sedex Information Exchange), an Association based in the United Kingdom and spread globally that provides companies with an online platform for responsible procurement with the aim of creating ethical chains along the entire supply chain and thus improve the transparency of the activities carried out by the companies that decide to join it. Currently INALCA has registered its three main production plants on the Italian territory on the platform (Castelvetro, Rieti and Ospedaletto).

The main areas evaluated by Sedex for a company to have a positive impact on workers are:

- Gender equality and equal opportunities;
- Child Labour and Forced Labour;
- Sustainable working conditions and livelihoods;
- Trade union relations and worker representation.

In addition, INALCA subjects its main production plants both in Italy and abroad to social ethical audits. These audits conducted by independent third-party companies are based on principles in line with the values adopted by INALCA itself in its code of ethics and include requirements in the areas of human rights, environmental management and business management.



120

## **SUPPLIERS OF BOVINE ANIMALS**

Italy has always been characterised by bovine breeding carried out mainly in the barn.

In fact, our country does not have large pastures, but in the Po Valley, it has one of the most fertile lands in the world, capable of producing food with high nutritional value. In fact, over 60% of the Italian bovine herd is concentrated in this region and it is the area where INALCA's main production plants are located. The bovine farms that converge in the INALCA chain come mainly from this fertile land, and are basically of two types: dairy bovine farms (cows) and beef cattle farms (calves, heifer, calves). Dairy bovine breeding develops entirely in the barn and INALCA from this supply chain can count on over 18,000 Italian breeding farms. To pursue its own supply chain policies, INALCA makes use of the contribution of the agricultural organisations that directly represent this large and fragmented channel. The expression of these agreements is the "Sustainable farms" project: developed in partnership with Coldiretti, which represents the main tool for the production integration between the milk supply chain (to which these farms refer directly) and that of meat. In beef cattle farms, the animal is raised on pasture until weaning and then in the barn. From this supply chain INALCA can count on about 500 controlled breeding farms, including owned farms in agistment or by



121

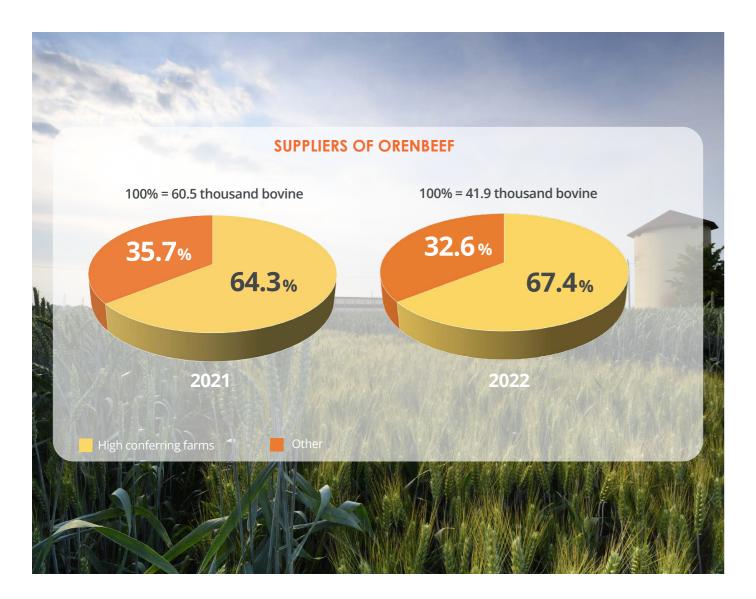
third parties, all subjected to direct controls by INALCA for aspects concerning good agricultural practices, animal welfare, the prudent use of veterinary drugs, livestock nutrition and the qualitative characteristics of reared bovine. The control and technical assistance activities on the farm are carried out by INALCA by a dedicated group of veterinarians and experts in the sector. For INALCA this supply chain represents a direct supply chain without intermediaries, which covers, on average, 30% of its needs.

## **RUSSIAN FEDERATION**

In the Russian Federation, important breeding activities have been launched in the context of an integrated and sustainable local supply chain.

The supply of bovine takes place exclusively through local suppliers; the Orenbeef plant makes use of 18 livestock farms in agistment that delivered more than 6,800 head during the year. In addition to those in agistment, the selection of other breeding farms in the supply chain continued in 2022, in order to ensure clients and consumers constant products in terms of quality and quantity. The graph on the following page shows the percentage breakdown of high-conferring herds (number of annual head conferred in the year > 1,000) compared to the total.

INTEG	INTEGRATED PRODUCTION OF ANIMALS IN THE INALCA 2022 SUPPLY CHAIN										
CATEGORY	TOTAL SLAUGHTERING ITALY		PRODUCTION FROM INALCA SUPPLY CHAIN								
		AZ. AGRICOLA CORTICELLA S.r.I.	BONIFICHE FERRARESI s.p.A.	LA TORRE SOC.COOP	PARMA SERV.	MARCHESINA	CREMOVIT	%			
CALVES	134,855	19,870	7,133	6,547	4,342	6,099	0	32.62%			
HEIFERS	92,381	14,192	-	5,612	8,390	1,239	768	32.70%			
WHITE MEAT CALVES	160,655	-	-	-	-	-	62,893	39.10%			
DAIRY CATTLES	265,883	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			



### SUPPLIERS OF MEAT

INALCA is a global operator in the food sector and its meat suppliers are also selected in every continent and country suited to exporting this product. Our meat suppliers have various geographical origins and supply products with different qualitative characteristics depending on the type of animals and farming systems used. Different categories of producers can be identified: for the production of meat intended for industrial processing, such as canned meat produced in Italy, INALCA, in addition to its own slaughtering facilities, also makes use of other small local plants, in order to enhance the national bovine supply chain used in a typical Italian product, such as jellied meat. For the production of frozen hamburgers and cuts of meat intended for domestic and international markets, INALCA uses, in addition to the raw material from Italian breeding farms produced directly in its own national plants, also meat obtained from other Italian and community suppliers. Over time, solid and consolidated relationships have been built up with these suppliers which have allowed a progressive integration and alignment of the voluntary certification systems for food quality and safety in line with INALCA's assessment and gualification systems. For the fine cuts of meat destined for the Ho.Re.Ca channel, INALCA imports meat from various non-EU **countries;** they are products obtained from animals of Anglo-Saxon genetics, such as the well-known Angus and Hereford breeds, which are imported fresh. These are high quality cuts aimed mainly at specialised catering, the classic example of which is

represented by the USA T-Bone steak, produced in the

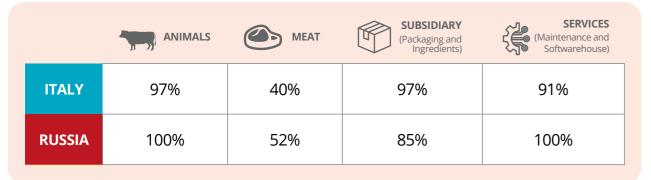


most important American plants concentrated in the state of Nebraska belonging to the so-called "Corn Belt" region (region of the United States rich in maize mainly intended for livestock). To these are added the famous Argentine, Australian and Uruguayan meats with both Grass-Fed lines ("grass fed" literally is the farming system that allows bovine to remain at pasture for their entire life cycle) and Grain-Fed ("grain fed"). In this case, INALCA carries out an exclusive distribution activity. The control of this type of supplier focuses not only on food safety aspects, but also on a broader procurement system aimed at defining the qualitative parameters and ethical-social commitments, from breeding in feedlots, to processing and labelling methods at the suppliers' plants, to checks in the final sale phase. In addition to control, INALCA's activities support overseas suppliers in aligning quality standards with the specific regulatory requirements of the countries of destination of the products. As regards the pork sector, in Italy the Group favours national suppliers of fresh meat compliant with the PDO, PGI (Protected Designation of Origin - Protected Geographical Indication) requirements necessary for the production of high-quality cured meats intended mainly for the Italian market. In the case of other products of pork origin destined for European or non-European commercial circuits, such as bacon, national and EU-sourced meats are used instead. Also, for the pork sector, INALCA plans investments in dedicated plants for greater industrial efficiency and production integration in the supply chain.

## **PROPORTION OF EXPENDITURE TOWARDS LOCAL SUPPLIERS\***

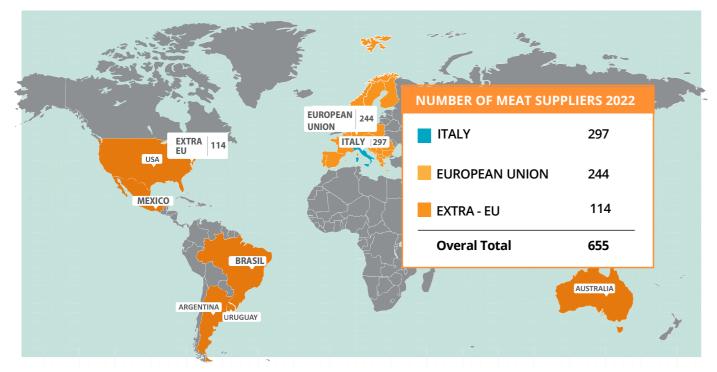
INALCA's supply chain includes large globalised producers as well as small local ones. A network of companies that allows the support of the Group's industrial activities, the development of projects with a strong territorial value, as well as the management of large globalised flows of highquality meat distribution for the Ho.Re.Ca, Food Service. For industrial production in the Russian Federation there is a complete integrated supply chain that includes breeding farms, production and logistic structures. INALCA's commitment to increasing the value of local supply chains is evident from the high percentage of local procurement of the main production sites.

## **PROPORTION OF EXPENDITURE TOWARDS LOCAL SUPPLIERS**



Percentage of the procurement budget used on local suppliers having their registered office in the national territory in which each individual business unit operates.

## **INALCA MEAT PROCUREMENT BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA 2022**



\* The organization's geographic definition of "local": purchased in the same country of use. Definition used for "significant locations of operations": where the majority of production activity is located (Italy and Russia). The supplier categories considered are "Animals", "Meats", "Subsidiary" and "Services".

## SUPPLIERS OF PACKAGING MATERIALS

INALCA uses various types of packaging: the main ones are in **plastic material**, **paper** and cardboard intended for the packaging of fresh and frozen meat, **tinplate and aluminium** are used instead for canned meat. In this sector, in Italy, the Group avails of about 90 suppliers.

The selection criterion of packaging suppliers is based on 3 principles:

- Technical competence;
- Ability to provide assistance and technological innovation;
- Consolidated experience with large industrial groups.

In order to start supplying, packaging suppliers must register on the new INALCA portal and submit the





technical data and information necessary for the validation process of the supplier itself and of each single category of materials that it delivers to each Group plant. These are fundamental aspects that are carefully evaluated by INALCA.

In fact, packaging is an integral part of the product and is responsible for its protection. Small defects in plastic or metal materials can in fact reduce the level of product's protection, so it is essential that the packaging is systematically checked, both during receipt and use. The correct packaging process always involves a combination with a dedicated technology; therefore, the verification of the suitability and integrity of the materials is not enough, the control must extend to the technologies and packaging systems that must adapt perfectly to the packaging purchased.

## **SUPPLIERS OF INGREDIENTS**

INALCA uses various types of ingredients in addition to meat. To this end, in Italy, it avails of over 100 suppliers of food ingredients such as, for example, flavourings, vegetables, cereal flours. In this case, in addition to the selection of ingredients from local suppliers, easily recognisable by the consumer, the selection criterion is based on the company's skills, the food safety management system, the absence of allergens, the presence of **certified standards** and the technical characteristics of the substances used. The ability of these suppliers to provide support in corporate innovation projects constitutes a further element of choice and evaluation. All the suppliers of ingredients are systematically subjected to preliminary qualification, those of particular importance also to periodic inspections by INALCA's technicians; all suppliers are also subjected to continuous monitoring of the products carried out at each delivery. In order to improve the collection of information, suppliers of food ingredients must

also use the dedicated INALCA portal, shared between the purchasing office and the quality office, where all the information necessary for qualification and evaluation of suppliers must be uploaded. The company policy on the selection of suppliers of subsidiary material has a clear focus on Italian procurement. In fact, INALCA prefers local suppliers, located in the territories adjacent to its **production plants.** This has allowed the company to have an increasingly integrated supply chain over the years as well as a consolidated loyalty and historicity of its suppliers. Almost 51% of ancillary material suppliers are localisedtra between Emilia Romagna and Lombardy, regions where the two main and historic plants of the Group are located. The territorial proximity of INALCA and its suppliers allows the sharing of best practices and facilitates technological innovation paths for continuous industrial and supply chain improvement.





# Attachments

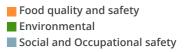


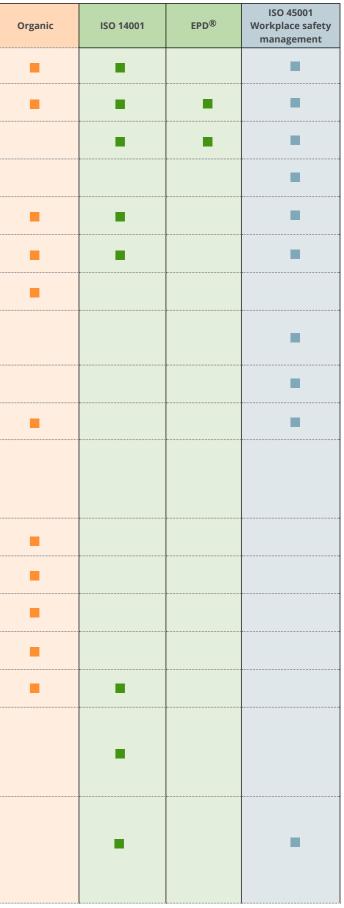
## ATTACHMENTS

# ATTACHMENTS: CERTIFICATIONS

		PLANT LOCATION	IFS	BRC	ISO / IEC 17025	FSSC 22000	ISO 22005	Private Standards
		Ospedaletto Lodigiano (LO)					-	
		Castelvetro di Modena (MO)						
		Rieti						
	INALCA S.p.A:	Capo d'Orlando (ME)						
	INALC	Reggio Emilia						
		Pegognaga (MN)						
		Rossano Calabro (CS)						
	۶ C.	Castelvetro di Modena (MO) (Solignano Nuovo)						
ΙΤΑLΥ	Fiorani &	Castelnuovo di Rangone (MO)						
	Ē	Piacenza						
	Realbeef	Flumeri (AV)	-				-	-
		Postalesio (SO)						
	ıtari	Gazoldo degli Ippoliti (MN)						
	ltalia Alimentari	Busseto (PR)					-	
	Italia	Mandatoriccio (CS)						
		Castelnuovo di Rangone (MO)						
IA	MARR	Odintsovo						
RUSSIA	Orenburg							

		PLANT LOCATION	UNI EN ISO 9001	Voluntary certifications	
		Ospedaletto Lodigiano (LO)			
		Castelvetro di Modena (MO)			
	Α.	Rieti			
	INALCA S.p.A	Capo d'Orlando (ME)			
	INA	Reggio Emilia			
		Pegognaga (MN)			
		Rossano Calabro (CS)			
~	ß, C.	Castelvetro di Modena (MO) (Solignano Nuovo)			
ІТАLY	Fiorani & C.	Castelnuovo di Rangone (MO)			
		Piacenza			
	Realbeef	Flumeri (AV)			
		Postalesio (SO)			
	ntari	Gazoldo degli Ippoliti (MN)			
	ltalia Alime	Busseto (PR)			
	Italia	Mandatoriccio (CS)			
		Castelnuovo di Rangone (MO)			
SIA	Odintsovo				
RUSSIA	Orenbeef LLC	Orenburg			





# ATTACHMENTS:

# HUMAN RESOURCES

DISCLOSURE 2-7: Employees

Total number of employees, by employment type, gender and location, as at December 31							
	2022						
Employment type <sup>1</sup>	Men	Women	Total				
ITALY			4,263				
Permanent contract	2,885	865	3,750				
Temporary contract	400	113	513				
EUROPE			445				
Permanent contract	82	47	129				
Temporary contract	229	87	316				
AFRICA			373				
Permanent contract	231	57	288				
Temporary contract	82	3	85				
ASIA			1,360				
Permanent contract	610	609	1,219				
Temporary contract	103	38	141				
AUSTRALIA			33				
Permanent contract	23	6	29				
Temporary contract	3	1	4				
AMERICA			14				
Permanent contract	4	10	14				
Temporary contract	0	0	0				
GROUP TOTAL	4,652	1,836	6,488				
Permanent contract	3,835	1,594	5,429				
Temporary contract	817	242	1,059				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Geographical areas where the main offices are located and where the data was collected.

		2022		
Employment type	Men	Women	Total	
TALY				
full-time	3,197	843	4,040	
Part-time	63	134	197	
Ion-guaranteed hours	25	1	26	
UROPA				
Full-time	275	121	396	
Part-time	36	13	49	
Non-guaranteed hours	0	0	0	
AFRICA				
Full-time	305	60	365	
Part-time	0	0	0	
Non-guaranteed hours	8	0	8	
ASIA				
ull-time	680	632	1,312	
Part-time	32	15	47	
Ion-guaranteed hours	1	0	1	
USTRALIA				
ull-time	26	7	33	
art-time	0	0	0	
lon-guaranteed hours	0	0	0	
MERICA				
- full-time	4	10	14	
Part-time	0	0	0	
lon-guaranteed hours	0	0	0	
SROUP TOTAL	4,652	1,836	6,488	
Full time	4,487	1,673	6,160	
Part time	131	162	293	
Non-guaranteed hours	34	1	35	

#### ATTACHMENTS

# Disclosure 2-8: Workers who are not employees

Total number of workers who are not employees, by employment contract, gender and location, as at December 31					
External workers	2022				
External workers	Total				
ITALY					
Interns and Trainees	22				
Agency workers	471				
EUROPE					
Interns and Trainees	0				
Agency workers					
AFRICA					
Interns and Trainees	0				
Agency workers					
ASIA					
Interns and Trainees	0				
Agency workers					
AUSTRALIA					
Interns and Trainees	0				
Agency workers					
AMERICA					
Interns and Trainees	0				
Agency workers					
GROUP TOTAL	493				
Interns and Trainees	22				
Agency workers	471				

## DISCLOSURE 2-30: Collective Bargaining Agreements<sup>2</sup>

	UdM	2022	
		Italy	Other countries
Employees covered by collective bargaining as at 31st December.	Ν	4,263	478
Total percentage	%	100%	21%

<sup>2</sup> Percentages are based on the total number of employees as of December 31, 2022, not including the countries where the legislation does not allow for collective bargaining. Regarding foreign countries, only the regions of "Europe" and "Australia" have been considered.

DISCLOSURE 401-1: New employee hires and employee turnover<sup>3</sup>

		ITALY			
		NEW EMPLOYEE	HIRES		
Number of employees			2022		
Number of employees	<30	30-50	>50	Total	Percentage
Men	211	310	151	672	10%
Women	35	127	55	217	3%
Total	246	437	206	889	14%
Percentage	4%	7%	3%	14%	
		EMPLOYEE TURI	NOVER		
			2022		
Number of employees	<30	30-50	>50	Total	Percentage
Men	140	248	203	591	9%
Women	15	111	79	205	3%
Total	155	359	282	796	12%
Percentage	2%	6%	4%	12%	

		EUROPA			
		NEW EMPLOYEE	HIRES		
2022					
Number of employees	<30	30-50	>50	Total	Percentage
Men	47	80	20	147	2%
Women	10	43	4	57	1%
Total	57	123	24	204	3%
Percentage	1%	2%	0.4%	3%	
		EMPLOYEE TUR	NOVER	1	
Number of an alarma			2022		
Number of employees	<30	30-50	>50	Total	Percentage
Men	18	25	4	47	0.7%
Women	3	9	0	12	0.2%
Total	21	34	4	59	0.9%
Percentage	0.3%	0.5%	0.1%	0.9%	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The turnover rate is calculated as the ratio between the total number of resources left (total, by gender and by age group) in 2022 and the total number of employees as at 31/12/2022. In the number of resources left, transfers of resources in the various Regions are not included.

## ATTACHMENTS

		AFRICA			
		NEW EMPLOYEE	HIRES		
2022					
Number of employees	<30	30-50	>50	Total	Percentage
Men	11	27	5	43	0.7%
Women	2	2	0	4	0.1%
Total	13	29	5	47	0.7%
Percentage	0.2%	0.4%	0.1%	0.7%	
		EMPLOYEE TUR	NOVER		
			2022		
Number of employees	<30	30-50	>50	Total	Percentage
Men	0	5	3	8	0.1%
Women	0	2	1	3	0,0%
Total	0	7	4	11	0.2%
Percentage	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	

		AUSTRALI	Α		
		NEW EMPLOYE	E HIRES		
Number of employees			2022		
Number of employees	<30	30-50	>50	Total	Percentage
Men	6	10	2	18	0.3%
Women	2	1	0	3	0.05%
Total	8	11	2	21	0.3%
Percentage	0.1%	0.2%	0.03%	0.3%	
		EMPLOYEE TUR	NOVER		
Number of employees			2022		
Number of employees	<30	30-50	>50	Total	Percentage
Men	1	8	1	10	0.2%
Women	0	1	0	1	0.02%
Total	1	9	1	11	0.2%
Percentage	0.02%	0.1%	0.02%	0.2%	

			ASIA		
		NEW EMI	PLOYEE HIRES		
2022					
Number of employees	<30	30-50	>50	Total	Percentage
Men	44	144	18	206	3%
Women	53	184	20	257	4%
Total	97	328	38	463	7%
Percentage	1%	5%	1%	7%	
		EMPLOYI	EE TURNOVER	·	
Number of employees			2022		
Number of employees	<30	30-50	>50	Total	Percentage
Men	23	84	12	119	2%
Women	58	155	19	232	4%
Total	81	239	31	351	5%
Percentage	1%	4%	0%	5%	

		AMERI	CA		
		NEW EMPLOY	/EE HIRES		
2022					
Number of employees	<30	30-50	>50	Total	Percentage
Men	0	0	0	0	0
Women	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
		EMPLOYEE TU	JRNOVER		
Number Constants			2022		
Number of employees	<30	30-50	>50	Total	Percentage
Men	0	0	0	0	0%
Women	0	0	0	0	0%
Total	0	0	0	0	0%
Percentage	0%	0%	0%	0%	

GROUP TOTAL					
	NEW EMPLOYEE HIRES				
Number of employees			2022		
Number of employees	<30	30-50	>50	Total	Percentage
Men	319	571	196	1086	17%
Women	102	357	79	538	8%
Total	421	928	275	1624	25%
Percentage	6%	14%	4%	25%	
		EMPLOYEE TURN	OVER		
Number of employees			2022		
Number of employees	<30	30-50	>50	Totale	Percentuale
Men	182	370	223	775	12.4%
Women	76	278	99	453	7.3%
Total	258	648	322	1,228	19.7%
Percentage	6.1%	15.4%	7.6%		

Employees (n) by employee category and by gender as at December 31st					
		2022			
Number	Uomini	Donne	Total		
Executives	100	31	131		
Managers	139	43	182		
Employees	762	542	1,304		
Intermediates	85	67	152		
Workers	3,531	1,152	4,683		
External collaborators	34	1	35		
Travellers	1	0	1		
Total	4,652	1,836	6,488		

DISCLOSURE 405-1: Diversity of governance bodies and employees Composition of INALCA S.p.A.'s Board of Directors, by gender and age range as at December 31.

Composition of the Board of Directors by gender						
	2022       Men     Women     Total					
Board members	5 0 5					

Composition of the Board of Directors by age group					
Board members	0	2	3	5	

Employees (%) by employee category and by gender as at December 31st					
	2022				
Number	Uomini	Donne	Total		
Executives	2%	0%	2%		
Managers	2%	1%	3%		
Employees	12%	8%	20%		
Intermediates	1%	1%	2%		
Workers	54%	18%	72%		
External collaborators	1%	0%	1%		
Travellers	0%	0%	0%		
Total	72%	28%	100%		

# ATTACHMENTS: HEALTH AND SAFETY

DISCLOSURE 403-9: Work-related injuries<sup>4</sup>

Employees (n) by employee category and by age group as at December 31st					
		2022			
Number	<30	30-50	>50	Total	
Executives	2	67	62	131	
Managers	5	112	65	182	
Employees	164	887	253	1304	
Intermediates	19	104	29	152	
Workers	728	2497	1458	4683	
External collaborators	0	7	28	35	
Travellers	0	0	1	1	
Total	918	3.674	1.896	6.488	

Employees (%) by employee category and by age group as at December 31st						
		2022				
Number	<30	30-50	>50	Total		
Executives	0%	1%	1%	2%		
Managers	0%	2%	1%	3%		
Employees	3%	14%	4%	20%		
Intermediates	0%	2%	0%	2%		
Workers	11%	38%	22%	72%		
External collaborators	0%	0%	0%	1%		
Travellers	0%	0%	0%	0%		
Total	14%	57%	29%	100%		

GROUP EMPLOYEES					
Work-related injuries					
Injuries	2022				
Number of fatalities due to work-related injury	0				
Number of high-consequence work-related injuries (excluding fatalities) <sup>5</sup>	2				
Number of recordable work-related injuries	335				
Work-r	elated injuries				
Type of work-related injuries	2022				
Superficial injuries, open wounds and burns	151				
Sprains, dislocations, fractures and strains	184				
Amputations	0				
Other	0				
Number	of hours worked				
Total number of hours worked	11,092,917				
In	jury rate <sup>6</sup>				
Rate of fatalities due to work-related injury	0				
Rate of high-consequence work-related injuries (excluding death)	0.18				
Rate of recordable work-related injuries	30.2				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The data relating to Health and Safety do not include non-employees who work at the Group's sites and/or under the control of the Group, in consideration of their significance and the availability of such data over which the Group does not exercise direct control. <sup>3</sup>Injuries at work that have led to damage from which the employee cannot recover, does not recover or it is unrealistic to foresee that he will fully recover and return to the state of health prior the accident within 6 months. The two serious accidents in 2022, refer to a slip resulting in a rib fracture and a slip resulting in the crushing of the left hand. <sup>4</sup> The injury rate was calculated as the ratio between the total number of injuries and the total number of hours worked, using a multiplication factor of 1,000,000. The data includes injuries occurred on the home-work com mute only in the event that the transport was managed by the organization.

# ATTACHMENTS:

**ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS** DISCLOSURE 301-1: Materials used by weight or volume

	Materials used by weight or volume						
	Total weight of materials used						
	Renewable materia	als	u.m.	2022			
	Dairy cattle	Number of slaughtered animals	n	240,606			
	Daily cattle	Dead weight	t	66,548			
	Calf	Number of slaughtered animals	n	158,464			
	Call	Dead weight	t	23,685			
	Young bull	Number of slaughtered animals	n	132,366			
		Dead weight	t	53,646			
	Bull	Number of slaughtered animals	n	5,305			
	DUII	Dead weight	t	2,093			
	Adult bovine	Number of slaughtered animals	n	87,987			
		Dead weight	t	23,272			
	Ox	Number of slaughtered animals	n	175			
		Dead weight	t	66			
	Heifer	Number of slaughtered animals	n	101,878			
		Dead weight	t	28,857			
Slaughtered	Buffaloes	Number of slaughtered animals	n	1,277			
animals		Dead weight	t	430			
	Cart pulling animal	Number of slaughtered animals	n	1,007			
	(Biraccio)	Dead weight	t	57			
	Lleav	Number of slaughtered animals	n	12,324			
	Hoax	Dead weight	t	3,410			
	7 Voung hull	Number of slaughtered animals	n	8,960			
	Z Young bull	Dead weight	t	1,867			
	Castrated	Number of slaughtered animals	n	6,275			
	Castrated	Dead weight	t	1,582			
	Pork	Number of slaughtered animals	n	0			
		Dead weight	t	0			
	TOTAL Number of s	laughtered animals	Number of slaughtered animals	756,624			
	TOTAL dead weight		Dead weight	205,513			

		Materials used by weigh				
	Total weight of material used					
	Renewable material	S	u.m.	2022		
	Dairy cattle	Number of animals on the farm	n	0		
		Live weight	t	0		
	Calf	Number of animals on the farm	n	2,416		
		Live weight	t	127		
	Young bull	Number of animals on the farm	n	13,640		
		Live weight	t	4,939		
	Bull	Number of animals on the farm	n	0		
		Live weight	t	0		
	Adult bovine	Number of animals on the farm	n	0		
		Live weight	t	0		
	Ox	Number of animals on the farm	n	0		
		Live weight	t	0		
	Heifer	Number of animals on the farm	n	6,724		
Farmed		Live weight	t	2,148		
animals		Number of animals on the farm	n	0		
		Live weight	t	0		
	Cart pulling animal	Number of animals on the farm	n	0		
	(Biraccio)	Live weight	t	0		
	Hoax	Number of animals on the farm	n	0		
		Live weight	t	0		
	Z Young bull	Number of animals on the farm	n	0		
		Live weight	t	0		
	Castrated	Number of animals on the farm	n	0		
		Live weight	t	0		
	Pork	Number of animals on the farm	n	0		
		Live weight	t	0		
	TOTAL number of far	med animals	n	22,780		
	TOTAL live weight		t	7,215		
<b>D</b>	Fresh on the bone		t	119,738		
Purchased meat	Fresh without the bon	e	t	73,796		
	Frozen		t	80,204		
Feed	Feed		t	82,578		
OTAL purcha	sed meat and feed		t	356,317		
Packaging	Wood		t	3,334		
rackagilig	Paper / Cardboard		t	15,915		
OTAL packag	ing		t	19,248		

# DISCLOSURE 302-1: Energy consumption within the organization

	Materials used by weight or volume				
	Non-renewable materials	u.m.	2022		
	Plastic	t	7,841		
Packaging	Reusable plastic boxes	t	43		
	Steel	t	10,145		
	Aluminum	t	842		
TOTAL packa	TOTAL packaging		18,871		
Ingredients and additives	Ingredients and additives	t	8,206		
	Products for sanitation	t	533		
	Chemicals in general	t	2,036		
Chemicals	Chemicals for wastewater	t	2,399		
	Oils and lubricants	t	94		
	Other	t	4		
TOTAL Ingred Chemicals	lients, additives and	t	13,271		

Energy consumption within the organization					
		2022			
Energy type	Unit of measurement	Total	Total GJ		
Non-renewable fuels	-	-	1,486,731		
Natural gas (methane)	Smc	34,732,823	1,381,099		
LPG	L	13,285	347		
Diesel generator set	L	268,142	10,239		
Gas oil for boiler	L	10,600	405		
Diesel - Company fleet	L	2,113,300	80,695		
Petrol	L	407,114	13,945		
Renewable fuels			757,605		
Biogas	m <sup>3</sup>	10,645,407	269,059		
Cast fat	kg	13,168,335	488,545		
Electricity purchased		140,421,852	505,519		
from renewable sources	kWh	0	0.00		
from non-renewable sources	kWh	140,421,852	505,519		
Electricity self-produced and sold to the grid		29,571,360	106,457		
Total Electricity self-produced		124,919,630	449,711		
from renewable sources (TOTAL)	kWh	45,714,555	164,572		
from photovoltaic panel	kWh	5,531,607	19,914		
from biogas	kWh	22,592,108	81,332		
from fat casting	kWh	17,590,840	63,327		
from non-renewable source	kWh	79,205,075	285,138		
Total energy consumption		/	2,663,311		
Renewable energy		/	777,518		
% Renewable energy of the total	%	1	29%		

### DISCLOSURE 304 -1: Operational sites owned, leased managed in, or adjacent to, protected areas and areas of high biodiversity value outside protected areas

Operational sites owned adjacent to protected areas and areas of high biodiversity value outside protected areas							
	Geographic area	Location of the site in relation to the protected area or area with high biodiversity value (km)	Surface area (ha)	Value of Biodiversity	Categorisation of protected status		
<b>INALCA S.p.A.</b> Ospedaletto Lodigiano headquarters (LO)	Lombardy	7,1	238	Monticchie Regional Reserve (Somaglia, LO)	ZPS IT2090001		
<b>ITALIA ALIMENTARI S.p.A.</b> Postalesio headquarters (SO)	Lombardy	6,4	6	Postalesio Pyramids Nature Reserve (Postalesio, SO)			
SOCIETÀ AGRICOLA CORTICEL- LA S.r.I. Galvana headquarters (MO)	Emilia Romagna	10	882	Abbazia di Monteveglio Regional Reserve (BO)	ZPS IT2090001		

### DISCLOSURE 305-1: Direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions

Direct (scope 1) GHG emissions <sup>7</sup> - 2022							
	Unit of measurement	Breeding	Slaughterhouses / processing	Logistic	Other	TOTAL	
Natural gas	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	76	69,125	939	-	70,141	
LPG	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	16	4	-	-	20	
Diesel generator set	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	-	23	717	0	740	
Gas oil for boiler	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	-	27	-	-	27	
Diesel - Company fleet <sup>8</sup>	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	910	2,350	2,150	-	5,410	
Gasoline	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	-	172	707	-	879	
Biogas	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	10	6	-	-	16	
Cast Fat	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	-	2,479	-	-	2,479	
Emissions from animals	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	68,023	-	-	-	68,023	
Refrigerant gases	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	-	1,266	-	-	1,266	
Total emissions Scope 1	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	69,034	75,453	4,514	0	149,001	

#### OUTSIDE OF SCOPE Emissions (Scope 1)<sup>10</sup> - 2022 Unit of Slaughterhouses / Breeding Logistic Other TOTAL measurement processing Fuels with bio quota tCO2eq 39 108 120 -267 Biogas tCO,eq 9,186 5,701 14,887 --Cast Fat 34,896 tCO,eq -34,896 --Total emissions outside of scope 9,225 tCO,eq 40,705 120 50,049 -

<sup>7</sup> The enteric emissions which fall within the Scope 1 direct emissions have been calculated using the GRSB tool (developed by Blonk consultant on the basis of the document "IPCC 2019 Refinement to the IPCC 2006 Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories")

<sup>8</sup>For farms, this is diesel used by tractors.

9Enteric fermentation process + manure management.

<sup>10</sup>To ensure completeness of reporting, CO2 emissions deriving from the combustion process of biogas and from grease pouring , which do not fall within the reporting perimeter of Scope 1, Scope 2, Scope 3 and which are considered "Emissions outside of scope" (Source of the methodology; DEFRA - UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting) are quantified. For the calculation of the resulting outside-of-scope emissions from the biogas combustion process, equal to 14,887 tons CO2e in 2022, an emission factor for 2022 equal to 1,389 kgCO2e / kWh (Defra 2022) was considered, for the calculation of the outside of scope emissions deriving from fact casting combustion process, equal to 34.896 tons CO2e in 2022, an emission factor for 2022 was considered equal to 0.000004 tCO2e / kg (Ecoinvent 3).

## DISCLOSURE 305-2 : Energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions

Indirect GHG emission from energy consumption <sup>11</sup> (Scope 2) - 2022								
	Unit of measurement	Breeding	Slaughterhouses / processing	Logistic	Other	TOTAL		
Electricity purchased Market based	tCO <sub>2</sub>	323	54.595	7.808	1.469	64.194		
Electricity purchased Location based	tCO <sub>2</sub>	209	35.286	5.046	949	41.490		

### DISCLOSURE 305-3: Other indirect (Scope 3) GHG emissions<sup>12</sup>

Other indirect GHG emission (Scope 3) <sup>13</sup> - 2022							
	Unit of measurement	Breeding	Slaughterhouses / processing	Logistic	Other	TOTAL	
Purchased goods and services	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	2,944,229	263,220	18,606	576	3,226,631	
Fuel and energy related activities not included in Scope 1 and 2	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	1,738	40,165	3,885	596	46,384	
Upstream transportation and distribution	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	4,117	-	15,829	-	19,947	
Waste generated in operations	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	3	3,774	49	69	3,894	
Downstream transporation and distribution	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	1	399	10,975	17	11,391	
Total emissions Scope 3	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq	2,950,087	307,558	49,345	1,258	3,308,247	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The "Location-based" approach involves the use of average emission factors for the specific national energy mix of electricity generation. The "Market-based" approach involves the use of emission factors defined on a con-tractual basis with the electricity supplier. In the absence of specific contractual agreements between the Organization and the electricity supplier (e.g., purchase of guarantees of origin), the emission factor for the national residual mix<sup>4</sup> was used for the "Market-based" approach. Scope 2 emissions are expressed in tons of CO<sub>22</sub> however, the percentage of methane and nitrous oxide has a negligible effect on total greenhouse gas emissions (CO<sub>2</sub>equivalents) as can be deduced from the technical reference literature.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Scope 3 was calculated using the SimaPro v9.3 software and the Ecoinvent v3 and AgriFootprint v5 databases contained therein. In addition, data from the literature were also used, in particular data published in the EPD of Inalca meats. The calculation method used that allows to process the primary and secondary data entered in the software and transform them into Global Warming Potential is the IPCC 2013 GWP 100a method, based on the IPCC Fifth Assessment Report (AR 5 100 year).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> The data shown in the table show both "Inside of scope" emissions and "Outside of scope" emissions (biogenic emissions and CO<sub>2</sub> sequestrations) in an aggregate manner. Relative to Scope 3, the emission factors for the calculation of the category "Purchased goods and services" are based on the Ecoinvent v3, Agrifootprint v5 databases and on data from literature (source: EPD studies on Inalca meat). The emission factors for the calculation of the categories "Fuel and energy related activities not included in Scope 1", "Upstream Transportation and Distribution", "Waste Generated in Operations" and "Downstream Transportation and Distribution" are based on the Ecoinvent v3 database. The method used to calculate the factors is based on IPCC Assessment Report n°5.

A1	ГΤ	Α	С	н	Μ	E	N.	TS	

G	Conversion Factors					
Energy source	Unit of measurement	Value	Source			
Electric/thermal energy	GJ/kWh	0.0036	DEFRA 2022			
Natural gas	GJ/ton	50.08	DEFRA 2022			
Natural gas (density)	kg/m³	0.794	DEFRA 2022			
Gas oil	GJ/ton	45.286	DEFRA 2022			
Gas oil (density)	litri/ton	1184	DEFRA 2022			
Diesel (average biofuel blend)	GJ/ton	45.278	DEFRA 2022			
Diesel (average biofuel blend) (density)	litri/ton	1185.779	DEFRA 2022			
LPG	GJ/ton	49.33	DEFRA 2022			
LPG (density)	litri/ton	1887.69	DEFRA 2022			
Petrol (average biofuel blend)	GJ/ton	45.998	DEFRA 2022			
Petrol (average biofuel blend) (density)	litri/ton	1342.86	DEFRA 2022			
Burning oil	GJ/ton	46.207	DEFRA 2022			
Burning oil (density)	litri/ton	1249	DEFRA 2022			
Biogas	GJ/ton	21.978	DEFRA 2022			
Tallow-derived burning oil	GJ/kg	0.0371	Biograce			
Conv	version factors in kWh					
Type of consumption	Unit of measurement	Value	Source			
Biogas	da GJ a kWh	0.0036	International system			
Con	version factors in kg					
Type of consumption	Unit of measurement	Value	Source			
Biogas	da m³ a kg	1.15	DEFRA 2022			
Conversion factors in L						
Type of consumption	Unit of measurement	Value	Source			
LPG	tCO <sub>2</sub> Lt/kg	1.96				

Type of consumption	Unit of measurement	Value	Source
Gas oil	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq/l	0.00276	Defra 2022
Natural Gas	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq/m <sup>3</sup>	0.00202	Defra 2022
LPG	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq/l	2.939	Defra 2022
Biogas	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq/m <sup>3</sup>	0.00002	Defra 2022
Cast Fat	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq/kg	0.00019	Defra 2022
Gasoline	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq/l	0.00216	Defra 2022
Emis	ssion factors  – Out of scop	e	
Type of consumption	Unit of measurement	Value	Source
Biogenic - Biogas	kgCO <sub>2</sub> eq/m <sup>3</sup>	1.398	Defra 2022
Biogenic - Cast Fat	tCO <sub>2</sub> eq/kg	0.00265	Defra 2022
E	mission factors – Scope 2		
Type of consumption	Unit of measurement	Value	Source
Electric energy - Location based	kgCO <sub>2</sub> /kWh	0.295	ISPRA 2021
Electric energy - Market based	kgCO <sub>2</sub> /kWh	0.457	AIB 2022
TA electric energy of GO	kgCO,eq/kWh	0.003	Ecoinvent 3

tair emissions

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx) and other significantair emissions						
	Unit of measurement	2022				
NOx emissions	kg/year	174,779				
SOx emissions	kg/year	2,096				
Emissions of Persistent Organic Pollutants (POP)	kg/year	0				
Emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)	kg/year	3,125				
Emissions of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP)	kg/year	18				
Particulate Matter (PM) Emissions	kg/year	429				
Other significant emissions (specify)	kg/year	63				
Ammonia	kg/year	7,100				
Hydrogen sulphide	kg/year	2,810				
Acetic acid	kg/year	21,960				
Oil Mists	kg/year	7				
Carbon monoxide (CO) emission	kg/year	114,488				
Hydrofluoric acid	kg/year	3,954				

### DISCLOSURE 303-3: Water withdrawal

Water withdrawal						
	Unit of	2022				
Source	measurement	All areas	Areas with water stress <sup>17</sup>			
Surface water (total)	МІ	0	0			
Fresh water (≤1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	0	0			
Other types of water (> 1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	0	0			
Groundwater (total)	МІ	3,156	257			
Fresh water (≤1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	3,156	257			
Other types of water (> 1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	-	-			
Sea water (total)	МІ	0	0			
Fresh water (≤1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	0	0			
Other types of water (> 1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	0	0			
Water produced (total)	МІ	0	0			
Fresh water (≤1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	0	0			
Other types of water (> 1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	0	0			
Third - party water (total)	МІ	225	28			
Fresh water (≤1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	53	17			
Other types of water (> 1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	173	11			
TOTAL WATER WITHDRAWAL	МІ	3,382	285			

# DISCLOSURE 303-4: Water discharge

Water discharge					
	Unit of	2022			
Destination	measurement	All areas	Areas with water stress <sup>18</sup>		
Surface water (total)	МІ	1,933	126		
Fresh water (≤1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	1,374	126		
Other types of water (> 1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	559	0		
Groundwater (total)	МІ	141	0		
Fresh water (≤1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	141	0		
Other types of water (> 1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	0	0		
Sea water (total)	МІ	203	0		
Fresh water (≤1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	203	0		
Other types of water (> 1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	0	0		
Third-party water (total)	МІ	617	89		
Fresh water (≤1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	617	89		
Other types of water (> 1,000 mg / l of total dissolved solids)	MI	0	0		
TOTAL WATER DISCHARGE	МІ	2,894	215		

18 To identify areas subject to water stress of the Group it was used the Aqueduct Tool developed by the World Resources Institute available online at: https://www.wri.org/aqueduct.

<sup>17</sup> To identify areas subject to water stress of the Group it was used the Aqueduct Tool developed by the World Resources Institute available online at: https://www.wri.org/aqueduct.

## DISCLOSURE 306-3: Waste generated

		Waste generated			
		2022			
Types of hazardous waste (H)		Waste directed to disposal	Waste diverted from disposal		
TOTAL (H)	ton	254	18		
Of which packaging	ton	14	3		
Of which compostable	ton	0	0		
Of which plastic	ton	0	0		
Of which paper	ton	0	0		
Of which wood	ton	0	0		
Of which glass	ton	0	0		
Of which metal	ton	0	0		
Of which derived from food manufacturing	ton	0	0		
Of which derived from anaerobic digestion and wastwater treatment	ton	0	0		
Of which paints and inks	ton	0	0		
Of which from maintenance activities	ton	217	3		
Of which electronics and exhausted batteries	ton	9	0		
Of which chemicals and lab-derived	ton	14	12		
			2022		
Types of non-hazardous waste (NH)		Waste directed to disposal	Waste diverted from disposal		
TOTAL (NH)	ton	73.833	4.514		
Of which packaging	ton	6.078	739		
Of which compostable	ton	62.960	1.443		
Of which plastic	ton	32	0		
Of which paper	ton	3	0		
Of which wood	ton	177	0		
Of which glass	ton	1	0		
Of which metal	ton	315	4		
Of which derived from food manufacturing	ton	2.897	88		

		Waste generated			
Types of non-hazardous waste (NH)		2022			
		Waste directed to disposal	Waste diverted from disposal		
Of which derived from anaerobic digestion and wastwater treatment	ton	1	809		
Of which paints and inks	ton	0	0		
Of which from maintenance activities	ton	1,368	1,431		
Of which electronics and exhausted batteries	ton	0	0		
Of which chemicals and lab-derived	ton	0	0		
TOTAL waste produced		74,086	4,532		

# SUPPLY CHAIN

DISCLOSURE 204-1: Proportion of spending on local suppliers<sup>19</sup>

Spending on local suppliers (in millions of €)							
		2022					
	ITALY	RUSSIA <sup>20</sup>	TOTAL				
Expenditure on local suppliers	1,207	255	1,462				
Total purchases	1,494	330	1,825				
% spent on local suppliers' purchases	81%	77%	80%				

<sup>19</sup> Geographical definition of the "local" organization: purchased in the same country of use.

<sup>20</sup> Definition used for "significant operating locations": where most of the production activity takes place (Italy and Russia). Supplier categories considered: Animals, Meat, Subsidiary, Services. In the ruble-euro conversion, the ex-change factor of 0.01322 as at 31/12/2022 was used.

# IMPACT TABLE

Material Topics	Impacts Generated	Nature of the impact	Current Potential	Where the impact occurs	Group's involvement
Waste management and	Recycling and reuse of production waste and generated waste	Positive	Current	Group	Caused by the Group
Material Topics         Impacts Generated         the impact           Recycling and reuse of production waste and         Positive	Negative	Current	Group	Caused by the Group	
		Positive	Current	impact occurs Group	Caused by the Group
Economic performance	distribution of	Positive	Current	Group	Caused by the Group
	tion of processes and	Positive	Current	Group	Caused by the Group
		Negative	Potential		Caused by the Group and related to the Group through its commercial relationships
Animai Welfare		Negative	Potential		Caused by the Group and related to the Group through its commercial relationships
	Nutrition and well-being through quality products	Positive	Current	Group	Caused by the Group
	Food contamination and reduction of con- sumer safety	Negative	Potential	Group	Caused by the Group
Consumer protection, quality and food safety	Ineffective tmanage- ment of traceability of raw materials and products	Negative	Potential	Group	Caused by the Group
	Reduction of customer and final consumer satisfaction	Negative	Potential	Group	Caused by the Group
	Misleading communi- cations to customers and end users	Negative	Potential	Group	Caused by the Group

Material Topics	Impacts Generated	Nature of the impact	Current Potential	Where the impact occurs	Group's involvement
	Energy consumption	Negative	Current	Grop and electric/ thermal energy suppliers	Caused by the Group
Energy consumption, emissions and climate change	Generation of direct and indirect energy GHG emissions (Scope 1 and 2)	Negative	Current	Group	Caused by the Group and related to the Group through its commercial relationships
Ū	Generation of indirect GHG emissions (Scope 3)	Negative	Current	Related to the Group through its commercial relationships	Caused by the Group and related to the Group through its commercial relationships
	Polluting emissions in the atmosphere	Negative	Current	Group	Caused by the Group
Water resource management	Reduction in the availability and quality of water	Negative	Current	Group	Caused by the Group
	Fair remuneration for employees	Positive	Current	Group's personnel	Caused by the Group
Protection and well-being of employees	Reduced employ- ee satisfaction and well-being	Negative	Potential	Group's personnel	Caused by the Group
	Workplace injuries <sup>21</sup>	Negative	Current	Group	Caused by the Group
Integration in the territory where INALCA operates	Local development and relations with the community	Positive	Current	Group	Caused by the Group
Management of raw materials	Consumption of food raw materials for production	Negative	Current	Group	Caused by the Group
Biodiversity and soil health	Impacts of crops and livestock on ecosys- tems and soil health	Negative	Current	Group	Caused by the Group
Sustainable management of the supply chain	Negative social and environmental impacts related to suppliers	Negative	Current	Related to the Group through its commercial relationships	Caused by the Group and related to the Group through its commercial relationships
Ethics, business integrity and anti-corruption	Unethical business conduct	Negative	Potential	Group	Caused by the Group

<sup>21</sup> The Group is considering to conduct a more in-depth analysis of the significance of its "other workers", in order to evaluate whether to collect data from the employers of agency workers and suppliers who work at the Group's plants, assessing the quality and the accuracy of the data over which does not have any control.

# ATTACHMENTS: GRI CONTENT INDEX

				Omission			
l Standards	Information	Location	REQUIREMENTS OMITTED	REASON	EXPLANATION	GRI Standards	Informat
ENERAL DISCL	OSURES						2-16 Communication o
	2-1 Organisational details	40; 14 - 21					2-17 Collective knowled
	2-2 Entities included in the organisation's sustainability reporting	2					governance
	2-3 Reporting period, frequency and contact point	2; 168					2-18 Evaluation of the the highest gover
	2-4 Restatements of information	There are no data restatements compared to the previous year					
	2-5 External assurance	164 -166					2-19 Remunera
	2-6 Activities, value chain and other business relationships	2; 13; 14 - 21 96 - 97; 120 - 126					2-20 Process to determ
	2-7 Employees	130 - 131					2-21 Annual total cor
GRI 2: General Disclosures 2021	2-8 Workers who are not employees	132				GRI 2: General	2-22 Statement o development
2021	2-9 Governance structure and composition	40				Disclosures 2021	2-23 Policy cor
	2-10 Nomination and selection of the highest governance body	40					2-24 Embedding of pc
	2-11 Chair of the highest governance body	40					2-25 Processes to negative in
	2-12 Role of the highest governance body in overseeing the management of impacts	26 - 28; 41					2-26 Mechanisms fo
	2-13 Delegation of responsibility for managing impacts	24; 41					and raising of a constraint of
	2-14 Role of highest governance body in sustainability reporting	26 - 28; 41					
							2-28 Membership
	2-15 Conflicts of interest	41					2-29 Approach to stake

2-30 Collective bargaining agreements

	Omission			
Location	REQUIREMENTS OMITTED	REASON	EXPLANATION	
40 - 43				
26 - 28; 76;				
INALCA is not a listed company, therefore there is no specific procedure regarding the evaluation of the performance of the highest governing body.				
	GRI 2-19 a. b.		INALCA is not a listed company, therefore the	
	GRI 2-20 a. b.	Confi- dentiality ted fo constraints of pri	information in question is omit- ted for reasons of privacy and protection of the	
	GRI 2-21 a. b. c.		confidentiality of the subjects involved	
1; 24; 36				
42 - 43				
42 - 43				
44 - 48; 106 - 109				
43				
43				
78; 114 - 115				
26 - 28				
132				

		1		Omission	
GRI Standards	Information	Location	REQUIREMENTS OMITTED	REASON	EXPLANATION
Material topics					-
GRI 3: Material topics 2021       3-1 Process to determine material topic         3-2 List of material topics         Waste management and circular economy         GRI 3: Material themes         3-3 Management of material topics	3-1 Process to determine material topics	28			
	3-2 List of material topics	29; 152 - 153			
Waste manageme	ent and circular economy				
	3-3 Management of material topics	30 - 34; 68 - 71			
GRI 306: Waste	306-1 Waste generation and significant waste-related impacts	70			
GRI 306: Waste 2020	306-2 Management of significant waste-related impacts	70			
	306-3 Waste generated	150 - 151			
Training and deve	elopment of workers				
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	30-34; 46; 76;			
	401-1 New employee hires and employee turnover	133 - 136			
GRI 401: Employment 2016	401-2 Benefits provided to full-time employees that are not provided to temporary or part-time employees	76			
GRI 404: Training and Education 2016	404-1 Average hours of training per year per employee	76 data currently not available for the entire reporting perimeter and for the breakdown by gender and professional cat- egory. The Group undertakes to provide complete disclosure for the Sustainability Report relating to the 2023 financial year.			

		Location		Omission	
GRI Standards	GRI Standards Information		REQUIREMENTS OMITTED	REASON	EXPLANATION
Economic perform	nance				
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	30-34; 50-51; 118 - 119			
GRI 201: Economic per- formance 2016	201-1 Direct economic value generated and distributed	118 - 119			
	207-1 Approach to tax	50-51			
GRI 207: Tax 2019	207-2 Tax governance, control and risk management	50-51			
	207-3 Stakeholder engagement and management of concerns related to tax	50-51			
Innovation of prod	cess, product, R&D				1
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	30-34; 106 - 107; 114 - 115			
Animal welfare					
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	30-34; 86 - 88			
Consumer protect	tion, quality and food safety				
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	30-34; 106 - 107			

GRI 416: Customer Health and Safety	416-2 Incidents of non-compliance concerning the health and safety impacts of products and services	107		
GRI 417: Marketing and labelling 2016	417-2 Incidents of non-compliance concerning product and service information and labeling	98		
Energy consumpt	tion, emissions and climate change			
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	30-34; 54-56		

GRI Standards	Information
	302-1 Energy consumption within the organization
GRI 302: Energy 2016	302-3 Energy intensity
	305-1 Direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions
	305-2 Energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions
GRI 305: Emissions 2016	305-4 GHG emissions intensity
	305-3 Other indirect GHG emissions (Scope 3)
	305-7 Nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx) and other relevant air emissions
Water resource m	nanagement
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics
	303-1 Interaction with water as a shared resource
GRI 303: Water and Effluents	303-2 Management of water discharge-relat- ed impacts
2018	303-3 Water withdrawal

303-4 Water discharge

	La satisa		Omission	
	Location	Omission       REQUIREMENTS OMITTED     REASON       Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2"       Image:	REASON	EXPLANATION
	143			
	64			
	144			
	145			
	64			
3)	145			
	147			

	30-34; 66-67		
	66-67		
t-	66-67		
	148		
	149		

				Omission	
GRI Standards	Information	Location	REQUIREMENTS OMITTED	REASON	EXPLANATION
Protection and w	ell-being of workers				
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	30-34; 74-77			
	403-1 Occupational health and safety management system	77; 128-129			
GRI 403: Occupational Health and Safety 2018	403-2 Hazard identification, risk assessment and incident investigation	77			
	403-3 Occupational health services	77			
	403-4 Worker participation, consultation, and communication on occupational health and safety	77			
	403-5 Worker training on occupational health and safety	77			
	403-6 Promotion of worker health	77			
	403-7 Prevention and mitigation of occu- pational health and safety impacts directly linked by business relationships	77			
	403-8 Workers covered by an occupational health and safety management system	79			
	403-9 Work-related injuries	139			
GRI 405: Diversity and equal opportunities 2016	405-1 Diversity of governance bodies and employees	136-138			
pational health and safety impacts directly linked by business relationships77403-8 Workers covered by an occupational health and safety management system79403-9 Work-related injuries139GRI 405: Diversity and equal opportunities 2016405-1 Diversity of governance bodies and employees136-138GRI 406: Non-discrimi- nation 2016406-1 Incidents of discrimination and corrective actions taken42					
GRI 408: Child labour 2016	408-1 Operations and suppliers at significant risk for incidents of child labour	20; 76			

GRI Standards	Information	Location	Omission				
			REQUIREMENTS OMITTED	REASON	EXPLANATION		
GRI 409: Forced or compulsory labour 2016	409-1 Operations and suppliers at significant risk for incidents of forced or compulsory labour	20; 76					
Integration in the	Integration in the territory where INALCA operates						
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	30-34; 80-84					
GRI 413: Local communities	413-2 Operations with significant actual and potential negative impacts on local communities	80 - 84					
Biodiversity and soil health							
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	30-34; 67					
GRI 304: Biodiversity	304-1 Operational sites owned, leased, managed in, or adjacent to, protected areas and areas of high biodiversity value outside protected areas	67; 144					
	304-2 Significant impacts of activities, prod- ucts and services on biodiversity	67; 144					

GRI Standards	Information	Location	Omission					
			REQUIREMENTS OMITTED	REASON	EXPLANATION			
Management of raw materials								
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	30 - 34; 68 - 69						
GRI 301: Materials 2016	301-1 Materials used by weight or volume	140-142						
Sustainable management of the supply chain								
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	30- 34; 120-126;						
GRI 204: Procurement Practices 2016	204 -1 Proportion of spending on local suppliers	151						
GRI 414: Supplier Social Assessment 2016	414-1 New suppliers who that were screened using social criteria	The Group promotes and adopts social and environ- mental criteria in the selec- tion phases of its suppliers through the Code of Ethics and Code of Commercial Conduct. Currently, social and envi- ronmental criteria are not adopted in the evaluation of suppliers, but the Group is carrying out various activities and projects in this regard linked to supplies from sustainable breeding farms, packaging and of food ingredients.						

GRI Standards	Information	Location	Omission		
			REQUIREMENTS OMITTED	REASON	EXPLANATION
GRI 308: Supplier Environmental Assessment 2016	308-1 New suppliers that were screened using environmental criteria	The Group promotes and adopts social and environ- mental criteria in the selec- tion phases of its suppliers through the Code of Ethics and Code of Commercial Conduct. Currently, social and envi- ronmental criteria are not adopted in the evaluation of suppliers, but the Group is carrying out various activities and projects in this regard linked to supplies from sustainable breeding farms, packaging and of food ingredients.			
Ethics, business ir	ntegrity and anti-corruption				
GRI 3: Material topics 2021	3-3 Management of material topics	30-34; 42-48			
GRI 205: Anti-corrup- tion 2016	205-3 Confirmed incidents of corruption and actions taken	42			
GRI 206: Anti-competi- tive Behaviour 2016	206-1 Legal actions for anti-competitive be- haviour, antitrust and monopoly	42			



Deloitte & Touche S.p.A. Piazza Malpighi, 4/2 40123 Bologna Italia

Tel: +39 051 65811 Fax: +39 051 230874 www.deloitte.it

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Inalca S.p.A.

We have carried out a limited assurance engagement on the Sustainability Report of Inalca Group (hereinafter also "Group") as of December 31, 2022.

#### Responsibility of the Directors for the Sustainability Report

The Directors of Inalca S.p.A. are responsible for the preparation of the Sustainability Report in accordance with the "Global Reporting Initiative Sustainability Reporting Standards" established by GRI -Global Reporting Initiative (hereinafter "GRI Standards"), as stated in the paragraph "Methodological Note" of the Sustainability Report.

The Directors are also responsible, for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the Sustainability Report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Directors are also responsible for the definition of the Inalca Group's objectives in relation to the sustainability performance, for the identification of the stakeholders and the significant aspects to report.

#### Auditor's Independence and guality control

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants, which is founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behaviour.

Our auditing firm applies International Standard on Quality Management 1, which requires the firm to design, implement and operate a system of quality management including policies or procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Ancona Bari Bergamo Bologna Brescia Cagliari Firenze Genova Milano Napoli Padova Parma Roma Torino Treviso Udine Verona

Sede Legale: Via Tortona, 25 - 20144 Milano | Capitale Sociale: Euro 10.328.220,00 i.v. Codice Fiscale/Registro delle Imprese di Milano Monza Brianza Lodi n. 03049560166 - R.E.A. n. MI-1720239 | Partita IVA: IT 03049560166

Il nome Deloitte si riferisce a una o più delle seguenti entità: Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, una società inglese a responsabilità limitata ("DTIL"), le member firm aderenti al suo network e In particular consister a una view part una segueno e inter construction de l'unitario unitario a constructione de responsabilità initiata (LUTL), ne member finn addetenti al le entità a seguene l'informativa completa relativa alla descrizione della struttura legale di Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited e delle sue member firm additiva di clienti. Si invita a leggere l'informativa completa relativa alla descrizione della struttura legale di Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited e delle sue member firm all'indirizzo www.deloitte.com/about

# Deloitte.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our conclusion based on the procedures performed about the compliance of the Sustainability Report with the GRI Standards. We conducted our work in accordance with the criteria established in the "International Standard on Assurance Engagements ISAE 3000 (Revised) -Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" (hereinafter "ISAE 3000 Revised"), issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB) for limited assurance engagements.

The standard requires that we plan and perform the engagement to obtain limited assurance whether the Sustainability Report is free from material misstatement.

Therefore, the procedures performed in a limited assurance engagement are less than those performed in a reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with ISAE 3000 Revised ("reasonable assurance engagement"), and, therefore, do not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters and events that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement.

The procedures performed on the Sustainability Report are based on our professional judgement and included inquiries, primarily with Company personnel responsible for the preparation of information included in the Sustainability Report, analysis of documents, recalculations and other procedures aimed to obtain evidence as appropriate.

Specifically we carried out the following procedures:

- 1) analysis of the process relating to the definition of material aspects disclosed in the Sustainability Report, with reference to the methods used for the identification and prioritization of material aspects for stakeholders and to the internal validation of the process results;
- 2) comparison between the economic and financial data and information included in the paragraph "Economic performance" of the Sustainability Report with those included in the Group's Financial Statements:
- 3) understanding of the processes underlying the origination, recording and management of qualitative and quantitative material information included in the Sustainability Report.

In particular, we carried out interviews and discussions with the management of Inalca S.p.A. and with the personnel of Italia Alimentari S.p.A. and Guardamiglio S.r.l. and we carried out limited documentary verifications, in order to gather information about the processes and procedures, which support the collection, aggregation, elaboration and transmittal of non-financial data and information to the department responsible for the preparation of the Sustainability Report.

In addition, for material information, taking into consideration the Group's activities and characteristics:

- at the parent company's and subsidiaries' level:
- interviews and gathered supporting documentation in order to verify its consistency with the available evidence.
- verifications in order to ensure, on a sample basis, the correct aggregation of data;

a) with regards to qualitative information included in the Sustainability Report, we carried out

b) with regards to quantitative information, we carried out both analytical procedures and limited

# Deloitte.

3

- for the following companies and sites, Castelvetro di Modena (MO) site and production plant and Ospedaletto Lodigiano (LO) production plant for Inalca S.p.A., Gazoldo degli Ippoliti (MN) and Busseto (PR) production plants for Italia Alimentari S.p.A. and Piacenza (PC) production plant for Guardamiglio S.r.l., which we selected based on their activities, their contribution to the performance indicators at the consolidated level and their location, we carried out site visits or remote meetings, during which we have met the management and have gathered supporting documentation on a sample basis with reference to the correct application of procedures and calculation methods used for the indicators.

#### Conclusion

Based on the work performed, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Sustainability Report of Inalca Group as of December 31, 2022, is not prepared, in all material aspects, in accordance with the GRI Standards as stated in the paragraph "Methodological Note" of the Sustainability Report.

### DELOITTE & TOUCHE S.p.A.

Signed by Silvia Dallai Partner

Bologna, Italy July 28, 2023

This report has been translated into the English language solely for the convenience of international readers.

### SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2022

INALCA S.p.A. Share capital € 187.017.187 Fully deposited

Tax code 01825020363 VAT number 02562260360

Business register Modena REA 311469 The preparation and editing of the Sustainability Report is curated by:

### Quality, Safety Management and

**Sustainable Development INALCA S.p.A.** *Giovanni Lugaresi Sorlini In collaboration with Clara Maffei and Rebecca Crudele.* 

External Relations Department Cremonini S.p.A.

Claudia Cremonini, Roberta Ferri

## Focus Africa:

Bocconi SDA-Milano Public Management and Policy Department Prof. Francesco Bertolini Dr. Ilaria Bergamaschini

#### **Compliance Office** Barbieri Giovanna

**Graphic design and layout** *Cristina Benatti* 

Photos INALCA S.p.A. corporate archives

Finished July 2023

For contacts and information:

External Relations Office Cremonini S.p.A. Email: **comunicazione@cremonini.com** Tel. **+39 059 754627** 

All rights Reserved





Inalca S.p.A. Via Spilamberto, 30/C 41014 Castelvetro di Modena (MO) T. +39 059 755111 - F. +39 059 755517/9 www.inalca.it

BIOGAS